











ACT V. Scene 2.

Henry. What sayest thou then to my love? Speak, my fair, and fairly, I pray thee.

THE

PLAYS

OF

William Shakespeare,

FROM THE CORRECT EDITION OF

ISAAC REED, Esq.

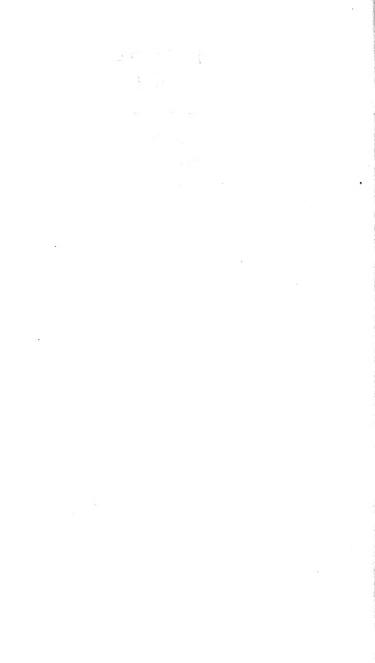
VOL. VII.

KING HENRY V.
KING HENRY VI. PART I.
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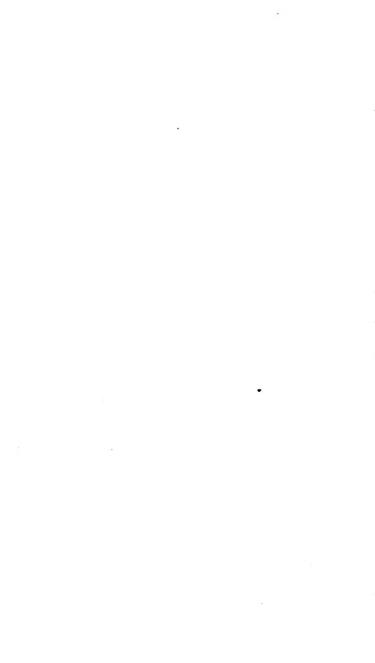
LONDON,

Printed for vernor, hood and sharpe, poultry; and Taylor and hessey, fleet street.

1809.



KING HENRY V.



KING HENRY V.] This play was writ (as appears from a passage in the chorus to the fifth Act) at the time of the Earl of Essex's commanding the forces in Ireland in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, and not till after Henry the Sixth had been played, as may be seen by the conclusion of this play.

POPE.

The transactions comprised in this historical play commence about the latter end of the first, and terminate in the eighth year of this king's reign: when he married Katharine princess of France, and closed up the differences betwist England and that crown.

THEOBALD.

This play, in the quarto edition, 1608, is styled *The Chronicle History of Henry* &c. which seems to have been the title anciently appropriated to all Shakespeare's historical dramas. So, in *The Antipodes*, a comedy, by R. Brome, 1638:

"These lads can act the emperors' lives all over,
"And Shakespeare's Chronicled Historics to boot."

The players likewise, in the folio edition, 1623, rank these pieces under the title of *Histories*.

It is evident that a play on this subject had been performed before the year 1592. Nash, in Pierce Penniless his Supplication to the Devil, dated 1592, says: "—what a glorious thing it is to have Henry the Fift represented on the stage, leading the French king prisoner, and forcing both him and the Dolphin to sweare fealtic."

Perhaps this is the same play as was thus entered in the books of the Stationers' company: "Tho. Strode] May 2, 1594. A booke entituled The famous Victories of Henry the Fift, containing the honorable Battle of Agincourt." There are two more entries of a play of Henry V. viz. between 1596 and 1615, and one August 14th, 1600. I have two copies of it in my possession; one without date, (which seems much the elder of the two,) and another, (apparently printed from it,) dated 1617, though printed by Bernard Alsop, (who was printer of the other edition,) and sold by the same person, and at the same place. Alsop appears to have been a printer before the year 1600, and was afterwards one of the twenty appointed by decree of the Star-chamber to print for this kingdom. I believe, however, this piece to

have been prior to that of Shakespeare, for several reasons. First, because it is highly probable that it is the very "displeasing play" alluded to in the epilogue to The Second Part of King Henry IV.—for Oldcastle died a martyr. Oldcastle is the Falstaff of the piece, which is despicable, and full of ribaldry and impiety from the first scene to the last.—Secondly, because Shakespeare seems to have taken not a few hints from it; for it comprehends, in some measure, the story of the two Parts of Henry IV. as well as of Henry V: and no ignorance, I think, could debase the gold of Shakespeare into such dross; though no chemistry but that of Shakespeare could exalt such base metal into gold. -When the Prince of Wales, in Henry IV, calls Falstaff my old lad of the Castle, it is probably but a sneering allusion to the deserved fate which this performance met with; for there is no proof that our poet was ever obliged to change the name of Oldcastle into that of Falstaff, though there is an absolute certainty that this piece must have been condemned by any audience before whom it was ever represented.—Lastly, because it appears (as Dr. Farmer has observed) from the Jests of the famous comedian, Tarleton, 4to, 1611, that he had been particularly celebrated in the part of the Clown *, in Henry V, and though this character does not exist in our play, we find it in the other, which, for the reasons already enumerated, I suppose to have been prior to this.

This anonymous play of *Henry V*. is neither divided into Acts or scenes, is uncommonly short, and has all the appearance of having been imperfectly taken down during the representation. As much of it appears to have been omitted, we may suppose that the author did not think it convenient for his reputation to publish a more ample copy.

There is, indeed, a play, called Sir John Oldcastle, published in 1600, with the name of William Shakespeare prefixed to it. The prologue being very short, I shall quote

^{*} Mr. Oldys, in a manuscript note in his copy of Langbaine, says, that Tarleton appeared in the character of the Judge who receives the box on the ear. This Judge is likewise a character in the old play. I may add, on the authority of the books at Stationers' Hall, that Tarleton published what he called his Farewell, a ballad, in Sept. 1588. I Doct. 1589, was entered, "Tarleton's Repentance, and his Farewell to his Friends in his Sickners a little before his Duals;" in 1590, "Tarleton's Neues out of Purgatorie;" and in the same year "A pleasaut. Ditty Dialogus-wise, between Tarleton's Ghost and Robyn Good-fellowe."

it, as it serves to prove that a former piece, in which the character of Oldcastle was introduced, had given great offence:

" The doubtful title (gentlemen) prefixt "Upon the argument we have in hand,

" May breed suspense, and wrongfully disturbe "The peaceful quiet of your settled thoughts.

"To stop which scruple, let this breefe suffice: " It is no pamper'd glutton we present,

"Nor aged councellour to youthful sinne;
"But one, whose vertue shone above the rest,

" A valiant martyr, and a vertuous peere; "In whose true faith and loyalty exprest

" Unto his soveraigne, and his countries weale,

"We strive to pay that tribute of our love

"Your favours merit: let faire truth be grac'd, " Since forg'd invention former time defac'd."

STEEVENS

The piece to which Nash alludes is the old anonymous play of King Henry V. which had been exhibited before the year 1589. Tarleton, the comedian, who performed in it both the parts of the Chief Justice and the Clown, having died in that year. It was entered on the Stationers' books in 1594, and, I believe, printed in that year, though I have not met with a copy of that date. An edition of it, printed in 1598, was in the valuable collection of Dr. Wright.

The play before us appears to have been written in the middle of the year 1599. See An Attempt to ascertain the Order of Shakespeare's Plays, Vol. II.

The old King Henry V. may be found among Six old Plays on which Shakespeare founded, &c. printed by MALONE. S. Leacroft, 1778.

PERSONS REPRESENTED.

King Henry the Fifth.

Duke of Gloster, brothers to the king.

Duke of Bedford, brothers to the king.

Duke of Exeter, uncle to the king.

Buke of York, cousin to the king.

Earls of Salisbury, Westmoreland, and Warwick.

Archbishop of Canterbury.

Bishop of Ely.

Earl of Cambridge, conspirators against the king.

Sir Thomas Grey, conspirators against the king.

Sir Thomas Erpingham, Gower, Fluellen, Macmorris, Jany, officers in King Henry's army.

Nym, Bardolph, Pistol, formerly servants to Falstaff, now soldiers in the same.

BATES, COURT, WILLIAMS, soldiers in the same.

Boy, servant to them. A Herald. Chorus.

CHARLES the Sixth, king of France.

Lewis, the dauphin.

Dukes of BURGUNDY, ORLEANS, and BOURBON.

The Constable of France.

RAMBURES, and GRANDPREE, French lords.

Governor of Harfleur. Montjoy, a French herald.

Ambassudors to the king of England.

ISABEL, queen of France.
KATHARINE, daughter of Charles and Isabel.
ALICE, a lady attending on the Princess Katharine.
QUICKLY, Pistol's wife, an hostess.

Lords, Ladies, Officers, French and English Soldiers, Messengers, and Attendants.

The SCENE, at the beginning of the play, lies in England; but afterwards, wholly in France,

Enter CHORUS.

O, for a muse of fire, that would ascend The brightest heaven of invention! A kingdom for a stage, princes to act. And monarchs to behold the swelling scene! Then should the warlike Harry, like himself, Assume the port of Mars; and, at his heels, Leash'd in like hounds, should famine, sword, and fire, Crouch for employment. But pardon, gentles all, The flat unraised spirit, that hath dar'd, On this unworthy scaffold, to bring forth So great an object: Can this cockpit hold The vasty fields of France? or may we cram Within this wooden O, the very casques, That did affright the air at Agincourt? O, pardon! since a crooked figure may Attest, in little place, a million; And let us, ciphers to this great accompt, On your imaginary forces work: Suppose, within the girdle of these walls Are now confin'd two mighty monarchies, Whose high upreared and abutting fronts The perilous, narrow ocean parts asunder. Piece out our imperfections with your thoughts; Into a thousand parts divide one man, And make imaginary puissance: Think, when we talk of horses, that you see them Printing their proud hoofs i'th' receiving earth:

For tis your thoughts that now must deck our kings, Carry them here and there; jumping o'er times; Turning th'accomplishment of many years Into an hour-glass; For the which supply, Admit me chorus to this history; Who, prologue-like, your humble patience pray, Gently to hear, kindly to judge, our play.

KING HENRY V.

ACT I.

SCENE I.—London. An ante-chamber in the King's palace.

Enter the Archbishop of Canterbury, and Bishop of Ely.

Cant. My lord, I'll tell you,—that self bill is urg'd, Which, in th' eleventh year o' th' last king's reign Was like, and had indeed against us pass'd, But that the scambling and unquiet time Did push it out of further question.

Ely. But how, my lord, shall we resist it now?

Cant. It must be thought on. If it pass against us,
We lose the better half of our possession:
For all the temporal lands, which men devout
By testament have given to the church,
Would they strip from us; being valued thus,—
As much as would maintain, to the king's honour,
Full fifteen earls, and fifteen hundred knights;
Six thousand and two hundred good esquires;
And, to relief of lazars, and weak age,
Of indigent faint souls, past corporal toil,
A hundred alms-houses, right well supplied;
And to the coffers of the king beside,
A thousand pounds by th' year: Thus runs the bill.

Ely. This would drink deep.

Cant. 'Twould drink the cup and all.

Ely. But what prevention?

Cant. The king is full of grace, and fair regard.

Ely. And a true lover of the holy church.

Cant. The courses of his youth promis'd it not.

The breath no sooner left his father's body,
But that his wildness, mortified in him,
Beem'd to die too: yea, at that very moment,
Consideration like an angel came,
And whipp'd th'offending Adam out of him;
Leaving his body as a paradise,
To envelop and contain celestial spirits.
Never was such a sudden scholar made:
Never came reformation in a flood,
With such a heady current, scouring faults;
Nor never Hydra-headed wilfulness
So soon did lose his seat, and all at once,
As in this king.

Ely. We are blessed in the change.

Cant. Hear him but reason in divinity,

And, all-admiring, with an inward wish

You would desire, the king were made a prelate:

Hear him debate of commonwealth affairs,

You would say,—it hath been all-in-all his study:

List his discourse of war, and you shall hear

A fearful battle render'd you in musick:

Turn him to any cause of policy,

The Gordian knot of it he will unloose,

Familiar as his garter; that, when he speaks,

The air, a charter'd libertine, is still,

And the mute wonder lurketh in men's ears,

To steal his sweet and honeyed sentences;

So that the art and practick part of life
Must be the mistress to this theorick:
Which is a wonder, how his grace should glean it,
Since his addiction was to courses vain:
His companies unletter'd, rude, and shallow;
His hours fill'd up with riots, banquets, sports;
And never noted in him any study,
Any retirement, any sequestration
From open haunts and popularity.

Ely. The strawberry grows underneath the nettle; And wholesome berries thrive and ripen best, Neighbour'd by fruit of baser quality: And so the prince obscur'd his contemplation Under the veil of wildness; which, no doubt, Grew like the summer grass, fastest by night,

Unseen, yet crescive in his faculty.

Cant. It must be so: for miracles are ceas'd; And therefore we must needs admit the means, How things are perfected.

Ely. But, my good lord, How now for mitigation of this bill Urg'd by the commons? Doth his majesty Incline to it, or no?

Cant. He seems indifferent; Or, rather, swaying more upon our part, Than cherishing th'exhibiters against us: For I have made an offer to his majesty,—Upon our spiritual convocation; And in regard of causes now in hand, Which I have open'd to his grace at large, As touching France,—to give a greater sum Than ever at one time the clergy yet Did to his predecessors part withal,

Ely. How did this offer seem receiv'd, my lord' Cant. With good acceptance of his majesty; Save, that there was not time enough to hear (As, I perceiv'd, his grace would fain have done,) The severals, and unhidden passages, Of his true titles to some certain dukedoms; And, generally, to the crown and seat of France, Deriv'd from Edward, his great grandfather.

Elu. What was th' impediment that broke this of

Ely. What was th' impediment that broke this off? Cant. The French ambassador, upon that instant, Crav'd audience: and the hour, I think, is come, To give him hearing: Is it four o'clock?

Elu. It is.

Cant. Then go we in, to know his embassy;
Which I could, with a ready guess, declare,
Before the Frenchman speak a word of it.
Ely. I'll wait upon you; and I long to hear it. [Exeunt.

SCENE II .- The same. A room of state in the same.

Enter King Henry, Gloster, Bedford, Exeter, War-Wick, Westmoreland, and Attendants.

K. Hen. Where is my gracious lord of Canterbury? Exe. Not here in presence.

K. Hen. Send for him, good uncle.

West. Shall we call in th' ambassador, my liege?

K. Hen. Not yet, my cousin; we would be resolv'd, Before we hear him, of some things of weight, That task our thoughts, concerning us and France.

Enter the Archbishop of Canterbury, and Bishop of Ely.

Cant. God, and his angels, guard your sacred throne, And make you long become it!

Sure, we thank you. K. Hen. My learned lord, we pray you to proceed; And justly and religiously unfold, Why the law Salique, that they have in France, Or should, or should not, bar us in our claim. And God forbid, my dear and faithful lord, That you should fashion, wrest, or bow your reading, Or nicely charge your understanding soul With opening titles miscreate, whose right Suits not in native colours with the truth; For God doth know, how many, now in health, Shall drop their blood in approbation Of what your reverence shall incite us to: Therefore take heed how you impawn our person, How you awake the sleeping sword of war; We charge you in the name of God, take heed: For never two such kingdoms die contend, Without much fall of blood; whose guiltless drops Are every one a woe, a sore complaint, 'Gainst him, whose wrongs give edge unto the swords That make such waste in brief mortality. Under this conjuration, speak, my lord: And we will hear, note, and believe in heart, That what you speak is in your conscience wash'd As pure as sin with baptism.

Cant. Then hear me, gracious sovereign,—and you peers,

That owe your lives, your faith, and services, To this imperial throne;—There is no bar To make against your highness' claim to France, But this, which they produce from Pharamond,—In terram Salicam mulieres ne succedant, No woman shall succeed in Salique land:

Which Salique land the French unjustly gloze, To be the realm of France, and Pharamond The founder of this law and female bar. Yet their own authors faithfully affirm. That the land Salique lies in Germany, Between the floods of Sala and of Elbe: Where Charles the great, having subdued the Saxons, There left behind and settled certain French; Who, holding in disdain the German women, For some dishonest manners of their life, Establish'd there this law,—to wit, no female Should be inheritrix in Salique land; Which Salique, as I said, 'twixt Elbe and Sala, Is at this day in Germany eall'd—Meisen. Thus doth it well appear, the Salique law Was not devised for the realm of France: Nor did the French possess the Salique land Until four hundred one and twenty years After defunction of king Pharamond, Idly suppos'd the founder of this law; Who died within the year of our redemption Four hundred twenty-six; and Charles the great Subdued the Saxons, and did seat the French Beyond the river Sala, in the year Eight hundred five. Besides, their writers say, King Pepin, which deposed Childerick, Did, as heir general, being descended Of Blithild, which was daughter to king Clothair, Make claim and title to the crown of France. Hugh Capet also,—that usurp'd the crown Of Charles the duke of Lorain, sole heir male Of the true line and stock of Charles the great,— To fine his title with some show of truth,

(Though, in pure truth, it was corrupt and naught,) Convey'd himself as heir to the lady Lingare, Daughter to Charlemain, who was the son To Lewis the emperor, and Lewis the son Of Charles the great. Also king Lewis the tenth, Who was sole heir to the usurper Capet, Could not keep quiet in his conscience, Wearing the crown of France, till satisfied That fair queen Isabel, his grandmother, Was lineal of the lady Ermengare, Daughter to Charles the foresaid duke of Lorain: By the which marriage, the line of Charles the great Was re-united to the crown of France. So that, as clear as is the summer's sun, King Pepin's title, and Hugh Capet's claim, King Lewis his satisfaction, all appear To hold in right and title of the female: So do the kings of France unto this day; Howbeit they would hold up this Salique law, To bar your highness claiming from the female; And rather choose to hide them in a net, Than amply to imbare their crooked titles Usurp'd from you and your progenitors.

K. Hen. May I, with right and conscience, make this claim?

Cant. The sin upon my head, dread sovereign!
For in the book of Numbers is it writ,—
When the son dies, let the inheritance
Descend unto the daughter. Gracious lord,
Stand for your own; unwind your bloody flag;
Look back unto your mighty ancestors:
Go, my dread lord, to your great grandsire's tomb,
From whom you claim; invoke his warlike spirit,

And your great uncle's, Edward the black prince; Who on the French ground play'd a tragedy, Making defeat on the full power of France; Whiles his most mighty father on a hill Stood smiling, to behold his lion's whelp Forage in blood of French nobility.

O noble English, that could entertain With half their forces the full pride of France; And let another half stand laughing by, All out of work, and cold for action!

Ely. Awake remembrance of these valiant dead, And with your puissant arm renew their feats: You are their heir, you sit upon their throne; The blood and courage, that renowned them, Runs in your veins; and my thrice-puissant liege Is in the very May-morn of his youth, Ripe for exploits and mighty enterprizes.

Exe. Your brother kings and monarchs of the earth Do all expect that you should rouse yourself, As did the former lions of your blood.

West. They know, your grace hath cause, and means, and might;

So hath your highness; never king of England Had nobles richer, and more loyal subjects; Whose hearts have left their bodies here in England, And lie pavilion'd in the fields of France.

Cant. O, let their bodies follow, my dear liege, With blood, and sword, and fire, to win your right: In aid whereof, we of the spiritualty Will raise your highness such a mighty sum, As never did the clergy at one time Bring in to any of your ancestors.

K. Hen. We must not only arm to invade the French;

But lay down our proportions to defend Against the Scot, who will make road upon us With all advantages.

Cant. They of those marches, gracious sovereign, Shall be a wall sufficient to defend Our inland from the pilfering borderers.

K. Hen. We do not mean the coursing snatchers only, But fear the main intendment of the Scot, Who hath been still a giddy neighbour to us; For you shall read, that my great grandfather Never went with his forces into France, But that the Scot on his unfurnish'd kingdom Came pouring, like the tide into a breach, With ample and brim fulness of his force; Galling the gleaned land with hot essays; Girding with grievous siege, castles and towns; That England, being empty of defence, Hath shook, and trembled at th'ill neighbourhood.

Cant. She hath been then more fear d than harm'd, my liege:

For hear her but exampled by herself,—
When all her chivalry have been in France,
And she a mourning widow of her nobles,
She hath herself not only well defended,
But taken, and impounded as a stray.
The king of Scots; whom she did send to France,
To fill king Edward's fame with prisoner kings;
And make your chronicle as rich with praise,
As is the ooze and bottom of the sea
With sunken wreck and sumless treasuries.

West. But there's a saying, very old and true,—
If that you will France win,
Then with Scotland first begin:

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For once the cagle England being in prey, To her unguarded nest the weasel Scot Comes sneaking, and so sucks her princely eggs; Playing the mouse, in absence of the cat, To spoil and havock more than she can eat.

Exe. It follows then, the cat must stay at home: Yet that is but a curs'd necessity; Since we have locks to safeguard necessaries, And pretty traps to catch the petty thieves. While that the armed hand doth fight abroad, Th' advised head defends itself at home: For government, though high, and low, and lower, Put into parts, doth keep in one concent; Congruing in a full and natural close, Like musick.

Cant. True: therefore doth heaven divide The state of man in divers functions. Setting endeavour in continual motion; To which is fixed, as an aim or butt, Obedience: for so work the honey bees; Creatures, that, by a rule in nature, teach The act of order to a peopled kingdom. They have a king, and officers of sorts: Where some, like magistrates, correct at home; Others, like merchants, venture trade abroad; Others, like soldiers, armed in their stings, Make boot upon the summer's velvet buds; Which pillage they with merry march bring home To the tent-royal of their emperor: Who, busied in his majesty, surveys The singing masons building roofs of gold; The civil citizens kneading up the honey; The poor mechanick porters crouding in

Their heavy burdens at his narrow gate; The sad-ey'd justice, with his surly hum, Delivering o'er to executors pale The lazy yawning drone. I this infer,-That many things, having full reference To one concent, may work contrariously; As many arrows, loosed several ways, Fly to one mark; As many several ways meet in one town; As many fresh streams run in one self sea; As many lines close in the dial's center; So may a thousand actions, once afoot, End in one purpose, and be all well borne Without defeat. Therefore to France, my liege. Divide your happy England into four; Whereof take you one quarter into France, And you withal shall make all Gallia shake. If we, with thrice that power left at home, Cannot defend our own door from the dog, Let us be worried; and our nation lose The name of hardiness, and policy.

K. Hen. Call in the messengers sent from the Dauphin [Exit an Attendant. The King ascends his throne. Now are we well resolv'd: and,—by God's help; And yours, the noble sinews of our power,—
France being ours, we'll bend it to our awe,
Or break it all to pieces: Or there we'll sit,
Ruling, in large and ample empery,
O'er France, and all her almost kingly dukedoms;
Or lay these bones in an unworthy urn,
Tombless, with no remembrance over them:
Either our history shall, with full mouth,
Speak freely of our acts; or else our grave,

Like Turkish mute, shall have a tongueless mouth, Not worship'd with a waxen epitaph.

Enter Ambassadors of France.

Now are we well prepar'd to know the pleasure Of our fair cousin Dauphin; for, we hear, Your greeting is from him, not from the king.

Amb. May it please your majesty, to give us leave Freely to render what we have in charge; Or shall we sparingly show you far off The Dauphin's meaning, and our embassy?

K. Hen. We are no tyrant, but a Christian king; Unto whose grace our passion is as subject, As are our wretches fetter'd in our prisons: Therefore, with frank and with uncurbed planness, Tell us the Dauphin's mind.

Amb. Thus then, in few. Your highness, lately sending into France, Did claim some certain dukedoms, in the right Of your great predecessor, king Edward the third. In answer of which claim, the prince our master Says,—that you savour too much of your youth; And bids you be advis'd, there's nought in France, That can be with a nimble galliard won; You cannot revel into dukedoms there: He therefore sends you, meeter for your spirit, This tun of treasure; and, in lieu of this, Desires you, let the dukedoms, that you claim, Hear no more of you. This the Dauphin speaks.

K. Hen. What treasure, uncle?

Exe. Tennis-balls, my liege.

K. Hen. We are glad, the Dauphin is so pleasant with

K. Hen. We are glad, the Dauphin is so pleasant with us;

His present, and your pains, we thank you for: When we have match'd our rackets to these balls, We will, in France, by God's grace, play a set, Shall strike his father's crown into the hazard: Tell him, he hath made a match with such a wrangler, That all the courts of France will be disturb'd With chaces. And we understand him well. How he comes o'er us with our wilder days, Not measuring what use we made of them. We never valu'd this poor seat of England; And therefore, living hence, did give ourself To barbarous license; As 'tis ever common, That men are merriest when they are from home. But tell the Dauphin,—I will keep my state; Be like a king, and show my sail of greatness, When I do rouse me in my throne of France: For that I have laid by my majesty, And plodded like a man for working-days; But I will rise there with so full a glory, That I will dazzle all the eves of France, Yea, strike the Dauphin blind to look on us. And tell the pleasant prince,—this mock of his Hath turn'd his balls to gun-stones; and his soul Shall stand sore charged for the wasteful vengeance That shall fly with them: for many a thousand widows Shall this his mock mock out of their dear husbands; Mock mothers from their sons, mock castles down; And some are yet ungotten, and unborn, That shall have cause to curse the Dauphin's scorn. But this lies all within the will of God, To whom I do appeal; And in whose name, Tell you the Dauphin, I am coming on, To venge me as I may, and to put forth

My rightful hand in a well-hallow'd cause. So, get you hence in peace; and tell the Dauphin, His jest will savour but of shallow wit, When thousands weep, more than did laugh at it.-Convey them with safe conduct.-Fare you well.

[Exeunt Ambassadors.

Exe. This was a merry message.

K. Hen. We hope to make the sender blush at it. Descends from his throne.

Therefore, my lords, omit no happy hour, That may give furtherance to our expedition: For we have now no thought in us but France; Save those to God, that run before our business. Therefore, let our proportions for these wars Be soon collected; and all things thought upon, That may, with reasonable swiftness, add More feathers to our wings; for, God before, We'll chide this Dauphin at his father's door. Therefore, let every man now task his thought, That this fair action may on foot be brought. [Exeunt.

ACT II.

Enter Chorus.

Chor. Now all the youth of England are on fire, And silken dalliance in the wardrobe lies; Now thrive the armourers, and honour's thought Reigns solely in the breast of every man: They sell the pasture now, to buy the horse;

Following the mirror of all Christian kings, With winged heels, as English Mercuries. For now sits Expectation in the air; And hides a sword, from hilts unto the point, With crowns imperial, crowns, and coronets, Promis'd to Harry, and his followers. The French, advis'd by good intelligence Of this most dreadful preparation, Shake in their fear; and with pale policy Seek to divert the English purposes. O England!—model to thy inward greatness, Like little body with a mighty heart,— What might'st thou do, that honour would thee do, Were all thy children kind and natural! But see thy fault! France hath in thee found out A nest of hollow bosoms, which he fills With treacherous crowns: and three corrupted men,— One, Richard earl of Cambridge; and the second, Henry lord Scroop of Marsham; and the third, Sir Thomas Grey knight of Northumberland,— Have, for the gilt of France, (O guilt, indeed!) Confirm'd conspiracy with fearful France; And by their hands this grace of kings must die, (If hell and treason hold their promises,) Ere he take ship for France, and in Southampton. Linger your patience on; and well digest Th'abuse of distance, while we force a play. The sum is paid; the traitors are agreed; The king is set from London; and the scene Is now transported, gentles, to Southampton: There is the playhouse now, there must you sit: And thence to France shall we convey you safe, And bring you back, charming the narrow seas

To give you gentle pass; for, if we may,
We'll not offend one stomach with our play.
But, till the king come forth, and not till then,
Unto Southampton do we shift our scene.

[Exit.

SCENE I .- The same. Eastcheap.

Enter NYM and BARDOLPH.

Bard. Well met, corporal Nym.

Nym. Good morrow, lieutenant Bardolph.

Bard. What, are ancient Pistol and you friends yet?

Nym. For my part, I care not: I say little; but when time shall serve, there shall be smiles;—but that shall be as it may. I dare not fight; but I will wink, and hold out mine iron: It is a simple one; but what though? it will toast cheese; and it will endure cold as another man's sword will: and there's the humour of it.

Bard. I will bestow a breakfast, to make you friends; and we'll be all three sworn brothers to France; let it be so, good corporal Nym.

Nym. 'Faith, I will live so long as I may, that's the certain of it; and when I cannot live any longer, I will do as I may: that is my rest, that is the rendezvous of it.

Bard. It is certain, corporal, that he is married to Nell Quickly: and, certainly, she did you wrong; for

you were troth-plight to her.

Nym. I cannot tell; things must be as they may: men may sleep, and they may have their throats about them at that time; and, some say, knives have edges. It must be as it may: though patience be a tired mare, yet she will plod. There must be conclusions. Well, I cannot tell.

Enter PISTOL and Mrs. QUICKLY.

Bard. Here comes ancient Pistol, and his wife:—good corporal, be patient here.—How now, mine host Pistol?

Pist. Base tike, call'st thou me-host?

Now, by this hand I swear, I scorn the term;

Nor shall my Nell keep lodgers.

Quick. No, by my troth, not long: for we cannot lodge and board a dozen or fourteen gentlewomen, that live honestly by the prick of their needles, but it will be thought we keep a bawdy-house straight. [Nym draws his sword.] O well-a-day, Lady, if he be not drawn now! O Lord! here's corporal Nym's—now shall we have wilful adultery and murder committed. Good lieutenant Bardolph,—good corporal, offer nothing here.

Nym. Pish!

Pist. Pish for thee, Iceland dog! thou prick-ear'd cur of Iceland!

Quick. Good corporal Nym, show the valour of a man, and put up thy sword.

Nym. Will you shog off? I would have you solus.

[Sheathing his sword.

Pist. Solus, egregious dog? O viper vile! The solus in thy most marvellous face; The solus in thy teeth, and in thy throat, And in thy hateful lungs, yea, in thy maw, perdy; And, which is worse, within thy nasty mouth! I do retort the solus in thy bowels: For I can take, and Pistol's cock is up, And flashing fire will follow.

Nym. I am not Barbason; you cannot conjure me. I have an humour to knock you indifferently well: If you grow foul with me, Pistol, I will scour you with

my rapier, as I may, in fair terms: if you would walk off, I would prick your guts a little, in good terms, as I may; and that's the humour of it.

Pist. O braggard vile, and damned furious wight! The grave doth gape, and doting death is near;

Therefore exhale. [PISTOL and NYM draw.

Bard. Hear me, hear me what I say:—he that strikes the first stroke, I'll run him up to the hilts, as I am a soldier.

[Draws.

Pist. An oath of mickle might; and fury shall abate.

Give me thy fist, thy fore-foot to me give; Thy spirits are most tall.

ny spirits are most tan.

Nym. I will cut thy throat, one time or other, in

fair terms; that is the humour of it.

Pist. Coupe le gorge, that's the word?—I thee defy again. O hound of Crete, think'st thou my spouse to get? No; to the spital go,

And from the powdering tub of infamy Fetch forth the lazar kite of Cressid's kind, Doll Tear-sheet she by name, and her espouse: I have, and I will hold, the quondam Quickly For the only she; and—Pauca, there's enough.

Enter the Boy.

Boy. Mine host Pistol, you must come to my master,—and you, hostess;—he is very sick, and would to bed.—Good Bardolph, put thy nose between his sheets, and do the office of a warming pan: 'faith, he's very ill.

Bard. Away, you rogue.

Quick. By my troth, he'll yield the crow a pudding one of these days: the king hath killed his heart.—Good husband, come home presently.

[Exeunt Mrs. Quickly and Boy.

Bard. Come, shall I make you two friends? We must to France together; Why, the devil, should we keep knives to cut one another's throats?

Pist. Let floods o'erswell, and fiends for food howl on! Nym. You'll pay me the eight shillings I won of you at betting?

Pist. Base is the slave that pays.

Nym. That now I will have; that's the humour of it. Pist. As manhood shall compound; Push home.

Bard. By this sword, he that makes the first thrust, I'll kill him; by this sword, I will.

Pist. Sword is an oath, and oaths must have their course. Bard. Corporal Nym, an thou wilt be friends, be friends: an thou wilt not, why then be enemies with me too. Prythee, put up.

Nym. I shall have my eight shillings, I won of you at betting?

Pist. A noble shalt thou have, and present pay; And liquor likewise will I give to thee, And friendship shall combine, and brotherhood: I'll live by Nym, and Nym shall live by me;—Is not this just?—for I shall sutler be Unto the camp, and profits will accrue. Give me thy hand.

Nym. I shall have my noble?

Pist. In cash most justly paid.

Nym. Well then, that's the humour of it.

Re-enter Mrs. Quickly.

Quick. As ever you came of women, come in quickly to sir John: Ah, poor heart! he is so shaked of a burning quotidian tertian, that it is most lamentable to behold. Sweet men, come to him.

Nym. The king hath run bad humours on the knight, that's the even of it.

Pist. Nym, thou hast spoke the right; His heart is fracted, and corroborate.

Nym. The king is a good king: but it must be as it may; he passes some humours, and careers.

Pist. Let us condole the knight; for, lambkins, we will live. [Exeunt.

SCENE II.—Southampton. A council-chamber.

Enter Exeter, Bedford, and Westmoreland.

Bed. 'Fore God, his grace is bold, to trust these traitors. Exe. They shall be apprehended by and by.

West. How smooth and even they do bear themselves! As if allegiance in their bosoms sat,

Crowned with faith, and constant loyalty.

Bed. The king hath note of all that they intend, By interception which they dream not of.

Exe. Nay, but the man that was his bedfellow, Whom he hath cloy'd and grac'd with princely favours,—That he should, for a foreign purse, so sell His sovereign's life to death and treachery!

Trumpetsounds. Enter King HENRY, SCROOP, CAMBRIDGE, GREY, Lords, and Attendants,

K. Hen. Now sits the wind fair, and we will aboard. Mylord of Cambridge,—and mykindlord of Masham,—And you, my gentle knight,—give me your thoughts: Think you not, that the powers we bear with us, Will cut their passage through the force of France; Doing the execution, and the act, For which we have in head assembled them?

Scroop. No doubt, my liege, if each man do his best. K. Hen. I doubt not that: since we are well persuaded, We carry not a heart with us from hence, That grows not in a fair consent with ours; Nor leave not one behind, that doth not wish Success and conquest to attend on us.

Can. Never was monarch better fear'd, and lov'd, Than is your majesty; there's not, I think, a subject, That sits in heart-grief and uneasiness Under the sweet shade of your government.

Grey. Even those, that were your father's enemies, Have steep'd their galls in honey; and do serve you With hearts create of duty and of zeal.

K. Hen. We therefore have great cause of thankfulness; And shall forget the office of our hand, Sooner than quittance of desert and merit, According to the weight and worthiness.

Scroop. So service shall with steeled sinews toil; And labour shall refresh itself with hope, To do your grace incessant services.

K. Hen. We judge no less.—Uncle of Exeter, Enlarge the man committed yesterday, That rail'd against our person: we consider, It was excess of wine that set him on; And, on his more advice, we pardon him.

Scroop. That's mercy, but too much security: Let him be punish'd, sovereign; lest example Breed, by his sufferance, more of such a kind.

K. Hen. O, let us yet be merciful.

Cam. So may your highness, and yet punish too.

Grey. Sir, you show great mercy, if you give him life,

After the taste of much correction.

K. Hen. Alas, your too much love and care of me

Are heavy orisons 'gainst this poor wretch.

If little faults, proceeding on distemper,
Shall not be wink'd at, how shall we stretch our eye,
When capital crimes, chew'd, swallow'd, and digested,
Appear before us?—We'll yet enlarge that man,
Though Cambridge, Scroop, and Grey,—in their dear
care,

And tender preservation of our person,—
Would have him punish'd. And now to our French
causes;

Who are the late commissioners?

Cam. I one, my lord;

Your highness bade me ask for it to-day.

Scroop. So did you me, my liege.

Grey. And me, my royal sovereign.

K. Hen. Then, Richard, earl of Cambridge, there is yours;—

There yours, lord Scroop of Masham;—and, sir knight, Grey of Northumberland, this same is yours:—Read them; and know, I know your worthiness.—My lord of Westmoreland,—and uncle Exeter,—We will aboard to-night.—Why, how now, gentlemen? What see you in those papers, that you lose So much complexion?—look ye, how they change! Their cheeks are paper.—Why, what read you there, That hath so cowarded and chas'd your blood Out of appearance?

Cam. I do confess my fault;

And do submit me to your highness' mercy.

Grey. Scroop. To which we all appeal.

K. Hen. The mercy, that was quick in us but late, By your own counsel is suppress'd and kill'd: You must not dare, for shame, to talk of mercy:

For your own reasons turn into your bosoms,
As dogs upon their masters, worrying them.—
See you, my princes, and my noble peers,
These English monsters! My lord of Cambridge
here,—

You know, how apt our love was, to accord To furnish him with all appertinents Belonging to his honour; and this man Hath, for a few light crowns, lightly conspir'd, And sworn unto the practices of France, To kill us here in Hampton: to the which, This knight, no less for bounty bound to us Than Cambridge is,—hath likewise sworn.—But O! What shall I say to thee, lord Scroop; thou cruel, Ingrateful, savage, and inhuman creature! Thou, that didst bear the key of all my counsels, That knew'st the very bottom of my scul, That almost might'st have coin'd me into gold, Would'st thou have practis'd on me for thy use? May it be possible, that foreign hire Could out of thee extract one spark of evil, That might annoy my finger? 'tis so strange, That, though the truth of it stands off as gross As black from white, my eye will scarcely see it. Treason, and murder, ever kept together, As two yoke-devils sworn to either's purpose, Working so grossly in a natural cause, That admiration did not whoop at them: But thou, 'gainst all proportion, didst bring in Wonder, to wait on treason, and on murder: And whatsoever cunning fiend it was, That wrought upon thee so preposterously, H'ath got the voice in hell for excellence:

And other devil's, that suggest by treasons, Do botch and bungle up damnation With patches, colours, and with forms being fetch'd From glistering semblances of piety; But he, that temper'd thee, bade thee stand up, Gave thee no instance why thou should'st do treason. Unless to dub thee with the name of traitor. If that same dæmon, that hath gull'd thee thus, Should with his lion gait walk the whole world. He might return to vasty Tartar back, And tell the legions-I can never win A soul so easy as that Englishman's. O, how hast thou with jealousy infected The sweetness of affiance! Show men dutiful? Why, so didst thou: Seem they grave and learned? Why, so didst thou: Come they of noble family? Why, so didst thou: Seem they religious? Why, so didst thou: Or are they spare in diet; Free from gross passion, or of mirth, or anger; Constant in spirit, not swerving with the blood; Garnish'd and deck'd in modest complement; Not working with the eye, without the ear, And, but in purged judgement, trusting neither? Such, and so finely bolted, didst thou seem: And thus thy fall hath left a kind of blot, To mark the full-fraught man, and best indued, With some suspicion. I will weep for thee; For this revolt of thine, methinks, is like Another fall of man.—Their faults are open, Arrest them to the answer of the law;-And God acquit them of their practices!

Exe. I arrest thee of high treason, by the name of Richard earl of Cambridge.

I arrest thee of high treason, by the name of Henry lord Scroop of Masham.

I arrest thee of high treason, by the name of Thomas

Grey, knight of Northumberland.

Scroop. Our purposes God justly hath discover'd;
And I repent my fault, more than my death;
Which I beseech your highness to forgive,
Although my body pay the price of it.

Cam. For me.—the gold of France did not seduce

Cam. For me,—the gold of France did not seduce; Although I did admit it as a motive, The sooner to effect what I intended: But God be thanked for prevention; Which I in sufferance heartily will rejoice, Beseeching God, and you, to pardon me.

Grey. Never did faithful subject more rejoice
At the discovery of most dangerous treason,
Than I do at this hour joy o'er myself,
Prevented from a damned enterprize:
My fault, but not my body, pardon, sovereign.

K. Hen. God quityou in his mercy! Hear your sentence. You have conspir'd against our royal person, Join'd with an enemy proclaim'd, and from his coffers Receiv'd the golden earnest of our death; Wherein you would have sold your king to slaughter, His princes and his peers to servitude, His subjects to oppression and contempt, And his whole kingdom unto desolation. Touching our person, seek we no revenge; But we our kingdom's safety must so tender, Whose ruin you three sought, that to her laws We do deliver you. Get you therefore hence, Poor miserable wretches, to your death:

The taste whereof, God, of his mercy, give you you, you, yii.

Patience to endure, and true repentance Of all your dear offences!—Bear them hence.

[Exeunt Conspirators, guarded.

Now, lords, for France; the enterprize whereof Shall be to you, as us, like glorious.

We doubt not of a fair and lucky war;
Since God so graciously hath brought to light
This dangerous treason, lurking in our way,
To hinder our beginnings, we doubt not now,
But every rub is smoothed on our way.
Then, forth, dear countrymen; let us deliver
Our puissance into the hand of God,
Putting it straight in expedition.
Cheerly to sea; the signs of war advance:
No king of England, if not king of France. [Exeunt.

SCENE III.—London. Mrs. Quickly's house in Eastcheap.

Enter Pistol, Mrs. Quickly, Nym, Bardolph, and Boy.

Quick. Prythee, honey-sweet husband, let me bring thee to Staines.

Pist. No; for my manly heart doth yearn.— Bardolph, be blithe;—Nym, rouse thy vaunting veins; Boy, bristle thy courage up; for Falstaff he is dead, And we must yearn therefore.

Bard. 'Would, I were with him, wheresome'er he is, either in heaven, or in hell!

Quick. Nay, sure, he's not in hell; he's in Arthur's bosom, if ever man went to Arthur's bosom. 'A made a finer end, and went away, an it had been any christom child; 'a parted even just between twelve and one, e'en at turning o'th'tide: for after I saw him fumble with the sheets, and play with flowers, and smile upon his

fingers' ends, I knew there was but one way; for his nose was as sharp as a pen, and 'a babbled of green fields. How now, sir John? quoth I: what, man! be of good cheer. So 'a cried out—God, God, God! three or four times: now I, to comfort him, bid him, 'a should not think of God; I hoped, there was no need to trouble himself with any such thoughts yet: So, 'a bade me lay more clothes on his feet: I put my hand into the bed, and felt them, and they were as cold as any stone; then I felt to his knees, and so upward, and upward, and all was as cold as any stone.

Nym. They say, he cried out of sack.

Quick. Ay, that 'a did.

Bard. And of women.

Quick. Nay, that 'a did not.

Boy. Yes, that 'a did; and said, they were devils incarnate.

Quick. 'A could never abide carnation; 'twas a colour he never liked.

Boy. 'A said once, the devil would have him about women.

Quick. 'A did in some sort, indeed, handle women: but then he was rheumatick; and talked of the whore of Babylon.

Boy. Do you not remember, 'a saw a flea stick upon Bardolph's nose; and 'a said, it was a black soul burning in hell-fire?

Bard. Well, the fuel is gone, that maintained that fire: that's all the riches I got in his service.

Nym. Shall we shog off? the king will be gone from Southampton.

Pist. Come, let's away.—My love, give me thy lips. Look to my chattels, and my moveables:

Let senses rule; the word is, Pitch and pay; Trust none; For oaths are straws, men's faiths are wafer-cakes, And hold-fast is the only dog, my duck; Therefore, caveto be thy counsellor. Go, clear thy chrystals.—Yoke-fellows in arms, Let us to France! like horse-leeches, my boys;

To suck, to suck, the very blood to suck!

Boy. And that is but unwholesome food, they say.

Pist. Touch her soft mouth, and march.

Bard. Farewell, hostess. [Kissing her.

Nym. I cannot kiss, that is the humour of it; but adieu. Pist. Let housewifery appear; keep close, I thee command.

Quick. Farewell; adieu.

[Exeunt.

SCENE IV.—France. A room in the French King's palace.

Enter the French King attended; the Dauphin, the Duke of Burgundy, the Constable, and others.

Fr. King. Thus come the English with full power upon us;

And more than carefully it us concerns,
To answer royally in our defences.
Therefore the dukes of Berry, and of Bretagne,
Of Brabant, and of Orleans, shall make forth,—
And you, prince Dauphin,—with all swift despatch,
To line, and new repair, our towns of war,
With men of courage, and with means defendant:
For England his approaches makes as fierce,
As waters to the sucking of a gulph.
It fits us then, to be as provident

As fear may teach us, out of late examples Left by the fatal and neglected English Upon our fields.

Dau. My most redoubted father, It is most meet we arm us 'gainst the foe: For peace itself should not so dull a kingdom, (Though war, nor no known quarrel, were in question,) But that defences, musters, preparations, Should be maintain'd, assembled, and collected, As were a war in expectation. Therefore, I say, 'tis meet we all go forth, To view the sick and feeble parts of France: And let us do it with no show of fear; No, with no more, than if we heard that England Were busied with a Whitsun morris-dance: For, my good liege, she is so idly king'd, Her scepter so fantastically borne By a vdin, giddy, shallow, humorous youth, That fear attends her not.

Con. O peace, prince Dauphin! You are too much mistaken in this king: Question your grace the late ambassadors,—With what great state he heard their embassy, How well-supplied with noble counsellors, How modest in exception, and, withal, How terrible in constant resolution,—And you shall find, his vanities fore-spent Were but the outside of the Roman Brutus, Covering discretion with a coat of folly; As gardeners do with ordure hide those roots That shall first spring, and be most delicate.

Day, Well 'tis not so, my lord high constable.

Dau. Well, 'tis not so, my lord high constable, But though we think it so, it is no matter:

In cases of defence, 'tis best to weigh
The enemy more mighty than he seems,
So the proportions of defence are fill'd;
Which, of a weak and niggardly projection,
Doth, like a miser, spoil his coat, with scanting
A little cloth.

Think we king Harry strong; Fr. King. And, princes, look, you strongly arm to meet him. The kindred of him hath been flesh'd upon us; And he is bred out of that bloody strain, That haunted us in our familiar paths: Witness our too much memorable shame, When Cressy battle fatally was struck, And all our princes captiv'd, by the hand Of that black name, Edward black prince of Wales; Whiles that his mountain sire,—on mountain standing, Up in the air, crown'd with the golden sun,-Saw his heroical seed, and smil'd to see him Mangle the work of nature, and deface The patterns that by God and by French fathers Had twenty years been made. This is a stem Of that victorious stock; and let us fear The native mightiness and fate of him.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Ambassadors from Henry King of England Do crave admittance to your majesty.

Fr. King. We'll give them present audience. Go, and bring them. [Exeunt Mess. and certain Lords. You see, this chase is hotly follow'd, friends.

Dau. Turn head, and stop pursuit: for coward dogs Most spend their mouths, when what they seem to threaten,

Runs far before them. Good my sovereign, Take up the English short; and let them know Of what a monarchy you are the head: Self-love, my liege, is not so vile a sin As self-neglecting.

Re-enter Lords, with Exeter and train.

From our brother England? Fr. King. Exe. From him; and thus he greets your majesty. He wills you, in the name of God Almighty, That you divest yourself, and lay apart The borrow'd glories, that, by gift of heaven, By law of nature, and of nations, 'long To him, and to his heirs; namely, the crown, And all wide-stretched honours that pertain, By custom and the ordinance of times, Unto the crown of France. That you may know, 'Tis no sinister, nor no aukward claim, Pick'd from the worm-holes of long-vanish'd days, Nor from the dust of old oblivion rak'd, He sends you this most memorable line, [Gives a paper. In every branch truly demonstrative; Willing you, overlook this pedigree: And, when you find him evenly deriv'd From his most fam'd of famous ancestors, Edward the third, he bids you then resign Your crown and kingdom, indirectly held From him the native and true challenger.

Fr. King. Or else what follows?

Exe. Bloody constraint; for if you hide the crown Even in your hearts, there will he rake for it: And therefore in fierce tempest is he coming, In thunder, and in earthquake, like a Jove;

(That, if requiring fail, he will compel;) And bids you, in the bowels of the Lord, Deliver up the crown, and to take mercy On the poor souls, for whom this hungry war Opens his vasty jaws: and on your head Turns he the widows' tears, the orphans' cries, The dead men's blood, the pining maidens' groans, For husbands, fathers, and betrothed lovers, That shall be swallow'd in this controversy. This is his claim, his threat'ning, and my message; Unless the Dauphin be in presence here, To whom expressly I bring greeting too.

Fr. King. For us, we will consider of this further: To-morrow shall you bear our full intent Back to our brother England.

Dau.

For the Dauphin, I stand here for him; What to him from England?

Exe. Scorn, and defiance; slight regard, contempt, And any thing that may not misbecome The mighty sender, doth he prize you at Thus says my king: and, if your father's highness Do not, in grant of all demands at large, Sweeten the bitter mock you sent his majesty, He'll call you to so hot an answer for it, That caves and womby vaultages of France Shall chide your trespass, and return your mock In second accent of his ordnance.

Dau. Say, if my father render fair reply, It is against my will: for I desire Nothing but odds with England; to that end, As matching to his youth and vanity, I did present him with those Paris balls. Exe. He'll make your Paris Louvre shake for it, Were it the mistress court of mighty Europe: And, be assur'd, you'll find a difference, (As we, his subjects, have in wonder found,) Between the promise of his greener days, And these he masters now; now he weighs time, Even to the utmost grain; which you shall read In your own losses, if he stay in France.

Fr. King. To-morrow shall you know our mind at full.

Exe. Despatch us with all speed, lest that our king
Come here himself to question our delay;
For he is footed in this land already.

Fr. King. You shall be soon despatch'd, with fair conditions:

A night is but small breath, and little pause,
To answer matters of this consequence. [Exeunt.

ACT III.

Enter CHORUS.

Chor. Thus with imagin'd wing our swift scene flies, In motion of no less celerity
Than that of thought. Suppose, that you have seen
The well-appointed king at Hampton pier
Embark his royalty; and his brave fleet
With silken streamers the young Phœbus fanning.
Play with your fancies; and in them behold,
Upon the hempen tackle, ship-boys climbing:
Hear the shrill whistle, which doth order give

To sounds confus'd: behold the threaden sails, Borne with th'invisible and creeping wind, Draw the huge bottoms through the furrow'd sea, Breasting the lofty surge: O, do but think, You stand upon the rivage, and behold A city on th'inconstant billows dancing; For so appears this fleet majestical, Holding due course to Harfieur. Follow, follow! Grapple your minds to sternage of this navy; And leave your England, as dead midnight, still, Guarded with grandsires, babies, and old women, Either past, or not arriv'd to, pith and puissance: For who is he, whose chin is but enrich'd With one appearing hair, that will not follow These cull'd and choice-drawn cavaliers to France? Work, work, your thoughts, and therein see a siege: Behold the ordnance on their carriages, With fatal mouths gaping on girded Harfleur. Suppose, th'ambassador from the French comes back; Tells Harry-that the king doth offer him Katharine his daughter; and with her, to dowry, Some petty and unprofitable dukedoms. The offer likes not: and the nimble gunner With linstock now the devilish cannon touches, [Alarum; and chambers go off.

And down goes all before them. Still be kind, And eke out our performance with your mind.

SCENE I .- The same. Before Harfleur.

Alarums. Enter King Henry, Exeter, Bedford, Gloster, and Soldiers, with scaling ladders.

K. Hen. Once more unto the breach, dear friends, once more;

Or close the wall up with our English dead! In peace, there's nothing so becomes a man, As modest stillness, and humility: But when the blast of war blows in our ears, Then imitate the action of the tiger; Stiffen the sinews, summon up the blood, Disguise fair nature with hard-favour'd rage: Then lend the eye a terrible aspect; Let it pry through the portage of the head, Like the brass cannon; let the brow o'erwhelm it, As fearfully, as doth a galled rock O'erhand and jutty his confounded base, Swill'd with the wild and wasteful ocean. Now set the teeth, and stretch the nostril wide; Hold hard the breath, and bend up every spirit To his full height!-On, on, you noblest English, Whose blood is fet from fathers of war-proof! Fathers, that, like so many Alexanders, Have, in these parts, from morn till even fought, And sheath'd their swords for lack of argument. Dishonour not your mothers; now attest, That those, whom you call'd fathers, did beget you! Be copy now to men of grosser blood, And teach them how to war!-And you, good yeomen, Whose limbs were made in England, show us here The mettle of your pasture; let us swear

That you are worth your breeding: which I doubt not; For there is none of you so mean and base, That hath not noble lustre in your eyes. I see you stand like greyhounds in the slips, Straining upon the start. The game's afoot; Follow your spirit: and, upon this charge, Cry—God for Harry! England! and Saint George!

[Exeunt. Alarum, and chambers go off.

SCENE II .- The same.

Forces pass over; then enter Nym, Bardolph, Pistol, and Boy.

Bard. On, on, on, on, on! to the breach, to the breach! Nym. 'Pray thee, corporal, stay; the knocks are too hot; and, for mine own part, I have not a case of lives: the humour of it is too hot, that is the very plain song of it.

Pist. The plain-song is most just; for humours do abound;

Knocks go and come; God's vassals drop and die;
And sword and shield,
In bloody field,

Doth win immortal fame.

Boy. 'Would I were in an alchouse in London! I would give all my fame for a pot of ale, and safety.

Pist. And I:

If my wishes would prevail with me, My purpose should not fail with me, But thither would I hie.

Boy. As duly, but not as truly, as bird doth sing on bough.

Enter Fluellen.

Flu. Got's plood!—Up to the preaches, you rascals! will you not up to the preaches? [Driving them forward.

Pist. Be merciful, great duke, to men of mould!

Abate thy rage, abate thy manly rage!

Abate thy rage, great duke!

Good bawcock, bate thy rage! use lenity, sweet chuck!

Nym. These be good humours!—your honour wins bad humours.

[Exeunt NYM, PIST. and BARD. followed by FLUEL. Boy. As young as I am, I have observed these three swashers. I am boy to them all three: but all they three, though they would serve me, could not be man to me; for, indeed, three such anticks do not amount to a man. For Bardolph,—he is white-livered, and red-faced; by the means whereof, 'a faces it out, but fights not. For Pistol,—he hath a killing tongue, and a quiet sword; by the means whereof 'a breaks words, and keeps whole weapons. For Nym,—he hath heard, that men of few words are the best men; and therefore he scorns to say his prayers, lest 'a should be thought a coward: but his few bad words are match'd with as few good deeds; for 'a never broke any man's head but his own; and that was against a post, when he was drunk. They will steal any thing, and call it,-purchase. Bardolph stole a lute case; bore it twelve leagues, and sold it for three halfpence. Nym, and Bardolph, are sworn brothers in filching; and in Calais they stole a fire-shovel: I knew, by that piece of service, the men would carry coals. They would have me as familiar with men's pockets, as their gloves or their handkerchiefs: which makes much against my manhood, if I

should take from another's pocket, to put into mine; for it is plain pocketing up of wrongs. I must leave them, and seek some better service: their villainy goes against my weak stomach, and therefore I must cast it up.

[Exit Boy.

Re-enter Fluellen, Gower following.

Gow. Captain Fluellen, you must come presently to the mines; the duke of Gloster would speak with you.

Flu. To the mines! tell you the duke, it is not so good to come to the mines: For, look you, the mines is not according to the disciplines of the war; the concavities of it is not sufficient; for, look you, th'athversary (you may discuss unto the duke, look you,) is dight himself four yards under the countermines: by Cheshu, I think, 'a will plow up all, if there is not better directions.

Gow. The duke of Gloster, to whom the order of the siege is given, is altogether directed by an Irishman; a very valiant gentleman, i faith.

Flu. It is captain Macmorris, is it not?

Gow. I think, it be.

Flu. By Cheshu, he is an ass, as in the 'orld: I will verify as much in his peard: he has no more directions in the true disciplines of the wars, look you, of the Roman disciplines, than is a puppy-dog.

Enter MACMORRIS and JAMY, at a distance.

Gow. Here 'a comes; and the Scots captain, captain Jamy, with him.

Fig. Captain Jamy is a marvellous falorous gentleman, that is certain; and of great expedition, and knowledge, in the ancient wars, upon my particular knowledge.

ledge of his directions: by Cheshu, he will maintain his argument as well as any military man in the 'orld, in the disciplines of the pristine wars of the Romans.

Jamy. I say, gud-day, captain Fluellen.

Flu. God-den to your worship, goot captain Jamy.

Gow. How, now, captain Macmorris? have you quit the mines? have the pioneers given o'er?

Mac. By Chrish la, tish ill done: the work ish give over, the trumpet sound the retreat. By my hand, I swear, and by my father's soul, the work ish ill done; it ish give over: I would have blowed up the town, so Chrish save me, la, in an hour. O, tish ill done, tish ill done; by my hand, tish ill done!

Flu. Captain Macmorris, I peseech you now, will you voutsafe me, look you, a few disputations with you, as partly touching or concerning the disciplines of the war, the Roman wars, in the way of argument, look you, and friendly communication; partly, to satisfy my opinion, and partly, for the satisfaction, look you, of my mind, as touching the direction of the military discipline; that is the point.

Jamy. It sall be very gud, gud feith, gud captains bath: and I sall quit you with gud leve, as I may pick occasion; that sall I, marry.

Mac. It is no time to discourse, so Chrish save me, the day is hot, and the weather, and the wars, and the king, and the dukes; it is no time to discourse. The town is beseeched, and the trumpet calls us to the breach; and we talk, and, by Chrish, do nothing; 'tis shame for us all: so God sa' me, 'tis shame to stand still; it is shame, by my hand: and there is throats to be cut, and works to be done; and there ish nothing done, so Chrish sa' me, la.

Jamy. By the mess, ere theise eyes of mine take themselves to slumber, aile do gude service, or aile ligge i'th' grund for it; ay, or go to death; and aile pay it as valorously as I may, that sal I surely do, that is the breff and the long: Mary, I wad full fain heard some question 'tween you 'tway.

Flu. Captain Macmorris, I think, look you, under your correction, there is not many of your nation—

Mac. Of my nation? What ish my nation? ish a villain, and a bastard, and a knave, and a rascal? What ish my nation? Who talks of my nation?

Flu. Look you, if you take the matter otherwise than is meant, captain Macmorris, peradventure, I shall think you do not use me with that affability as in discretion you ought to use me, look you; being as goot a man as yourself, both in the disciplines of wars, and in the derivation of my birth, and in other particularities.

Mac. I do not know you so good a man as myself: so Chrish save me, I will cut off your head.

Gow. Gentlemen both, you will mistake each other. Jamy. Au! that's a foul fault. [A parley sounded. Gow. The town sounds a parley.

Flu. Captain Macmorris, when there is more better opportunity to be required, look you, I will be so bold as to tell you, I know the disciplines of war; and there is an end.

[Exeunt.

SCENE III.—The same. Before the gates of Harfleur.

The Governour and some citizens on the walls; the English forces below. Enter King Henry and his train.

K. Hen. How yet resolves the governour of the town?

This is the latest parle we will admit: Therefore, to our best mercy give yourselves; Or, like to men proud of destruction, Defy us to our worst: for, as I am a soldier, (A name, that, in my thoughts, becomes me best,) If I begin the battery once again, I will not leave the half-achieved Harfleur. Till in her ashes she lie buried. The gates of mercy shall be all shut up; And the flesh'd soldier,-rough and hard of heart,-In liberty of bloody hand, shall range With conscience wide as hell; moving like grass Your fresh-fair virgins, and your flowering infants. What is it then to me, if impious war,-Array'd in flames, like to the prince of flends,-Do, with his smirch'd complexion, all fell feats Enlink'd to waste and desolation? What is't to me, when you yourselves are cause, If your pure maidens fall into the hand Of hot and forcing violation? What rein can hold licentious wickedness, When down the hill he holds his fierce career? We may as bootless spend our vain command Upon th'enraged soldiers in their spoil, As send precepts to the Leviathan Therefore, you men of Harfleur, To come ashore. Take pity of your town, and of your people, Whiles yet my soldiers are in my command; Whiles yet the cool and temperate wind of grace O'erblows the filthy and contagious clouds Of deadly murder, spoil, and villainy. If not, why, in a moment, look to see The blind and bloody soldier with foul hand VOL. VII.

Defile the locks of your shrill-shrieking daughters; Your fathers taken by the silver beards, And their most reverend heads dash'd to the walls; Your naked infants spitted upon pikes; Whiles the mad mothers with their howls confus'd Do break the clouds, as did the wives of Jewry At Herod's bloody-hunting slaughtermen. What say you? will you yield, and this avoid? Or, guilty in defence, be thus destroy'd?

Gov. Our expectation hath this day an end: The Dauphin, whom of succour we entreated, Returns us—that his powers are not yet ready To raise so great a siege. Therefore, dread king, We yield our town, and lives, to thy soft mercy: Enter our gates; dispose of us, and ours; For we no longer are defensible.

K. Hen. Open your gates.—Come, uncle Exeter, Go you and enter Harfleur; there remain, And fortify it strongly 'gainst the French: Use mercy to them all. For us, dear uncle,-The winter coming on, and sickness growing Upon our soldiers,-we'll retire to Calais. To-night in Harfleur will we be your guest; To-morrow for the march are we addrest.

[Flourish. The King, &c. enter the town.

SCENE IV .- Rouen. A room in the palace.

Enter KATHARINE and ALICE.

Kath. Alice, tu as esté en Angleterre, et tu parles bien le language.

Alice. Un peu madame.

Kath. Je te prie, m'enseigneuz; il faut que j'apprenne à parler. Comment appellez vous la main, en Anglois?

Alice. La main? elle est appellée, de hand.

Kath. De hand. Et les doigts?

Alice. Les doigts? may foy, je oublie les doigts; mais je me souviendray. Les doigts? je pense, qu'ils sont appellé de fingres; ouy, de fingres.

Kath. La main, de hand; les doigts, de fingres. Je pense, que je suis le bon escolier. J'ay gagné deux mots d'Anglois vistement. Comment appellez vous les ongles?

Alice. Les ongles? les appellons, de nails.

Kath. De nails. Escoutez; dites moy, si je parle bien: de hand, de fingres, de nails.

Alice. C'est bien dit, madame; il est fort bon Anglois.

Kath. Dites moy en Anglois, le bras.

Alice. De arm, madame.

Kath. Et le coude.

Alice. De elbow.

Kath. De elbow. Je m'en faitz la repetition de tous les mots, que vous m'avez appris dès a present.

Alice. Il est trop difficile, madame, comme je pense.

Kath. Excusez moy, Alice; escoutez: De hand, de fingre, de nails, de arm, de bilbow.

Alice. De elbow, madame.

Kath. O Seigneur Dieu! je m'en oublie; De elbow. Comment appellez vous le col?

Alice. De neck, madame.

Kath. De neck: Et le menton?

Alice. De chin.

Kath. De sin. Le col, de neck: le menton, de sin.

Alice. Ouy. Sauf vostre honneur; en verité, vous prononces les mots aussi droict que les natifs d'Angleterre. Kath. Je ne doute point d'apprendre par la grace de Dieu; et en peu de temps.

Alice. N'avez vous pas deja oublié ce que je vous ay enseignée?

Kath. Non, je reciteray à vous promptement. De hand, de fingre, de mails,—

Alice. De nails, madame.

Kath. De nails, de arme, de ilbow.

Alice. Sauf vostre honneur, de elbow.

Kath. Ainsi dis je; de elbow, de neck, et de sin: Comment appellez vous le pieds et la robe?

Alice. De foot, madame; et de con.

Kath. De foot, et de con? O Seigneur Dieu! ces sont mots de son mauvais, corruptible, grosse, et impudique, et non pour les dames d'honneur, d'user: Je ne voudrois prononcer ces mots devant les Seigneurs de France, pour tout le monde. Il faut de foot, et de con, neant-moins. Je reciterai une autre fois ma leçon ensemble: De hand, de fingre, de nails, de arm, de elbow, de neck, de sin, de foot, de con.

Alice. Excellent, madame!

Kath. C'est assez pour une fois; allons nous a disner.

Exeunt.

SCENE V .- The same. Another room in the same.

Enter the French King, the Dauphin, Duke of BOURBON, the Constable of France, and others.

Fr. King. 'Tis certain, he hath pass'd the river Some. Con. And if he be not fought withal, my lord, Let us not live in France; let us quit all, And give our vineyards to a barbarous people.

Dau. O Dieu vivant! shall a few sprays of us,-

The emptying of our fathers' luxury, Our scions, put in wild and savage stock, Spirt up so suddenly into the clouds, And overlook their grafters?

Bour. Normans, but bastard Normans, Norman bastards!

Mort de ma vie! if they march along Unfought withal, but I will sell my dukedom, To buy a slobbery and a dirty farm In that nook-shotten isle of Albion.

Con. Dieu de battailes! where have they this mettle! Is not their climate foggy, raw, and dull? On whom, as in despite, the sun looks pale, Killing their fruit with frowns? Can sodden water, A drench for sur-rein'd jades, their barley broth, Decoct their cold blood to such a valiant heat? And shall our quick blood, spirited with wine, Seem frosty? O, for honour of our land, Let us not hang like roping icicles Upon our houses' thatch, whiles a more frosty people Sweat drops of gallant youth in our rich fields; Poor—we may call them, in their native lords.

Dau. By faith and honour,
Our madams mock at us; and plainly say,
Our mettle is bred out; and they will give

Their bodies to the lust of English youth,
To new-store France with bastard warriors.

Bour. They bid us—to the English dancing schools, And teach lavoltas high, and swift corantos; Saying, our grace is only in our heels, And that we are most lofty runaways.

Fr. King. Where is Mountjóy, the herald? speed him hence;

Let him greet England with our sharp defiance.-Up, princes; and, with spirit of honour edg'd, More sharper than your swords, hie to the field: Charles De-la-bret, high constable of France; You dukes of Orleans, Bourbon, and of Berry, Alencon, Brabant, Bar, and Burgundy; Jaques Chatillion, Rambures, Vaudemont, Beaumont, Grandpre, Roussi, and Fauconberg, Foix, Lestrale, Bouciqualt, and Charolois; High dukes, great princes, barons, lords, and knights, For your great seats, now quit you of great shames. Bar Harry England, that sweeps through our land With pennons painted in the blood of Harfleur: Rush on his host, as doth the melted snow Upon the vallies; whose low vassal seat The Alps doth spit and void his rheum upon: Go down upon him,-you have power enough,-And in a captive chariot, into Rouen Bring him our prisoner.

Con. This becomes the great. Sorry am I, his numbers are so few, His soldiers sick, and famish'd in their march; For, I am sure, when he shall see our army, He'll drop his heart into the sink of fear, And, for achievement, offer us his ransome.

Fr. King. Therefore, lord constable, haste on Montjóy; And let him say to England, that we send To know what willing ransome he will give.—Prince Dauphin, you shall stay with us in Roüen.

Dau. Not so, I do beseech your majesty.

Fr. King. Be patient, for you shall remain with us.—Now, forth, lord constable, and princes all; And quickly bring us word of England's fall. [Exeunt.

SCENE VI.—The English camp in Picardy.

Enter GOWER and FLUELLEN.

Gow. How now, captain Fluellen? come you from the bridge?

Flu. I assure you there is very excellent service committed at the pridge.

Gow. Is the duke of Exeter safe?

Flu. The duke of Exeter is as magnanimous as Agamemnon; and a man that I love and honour with my soul, and my heart, and my duty, and my life, and my livings, and my uttermost powers: he is not, (God be praised, and plessed!) any hurt in the 'orld; but keeps the pridge most valiantly, with excellent discipline. There is an ensign there at the pridge,—I think, in my very conscience, he is as valiant as Mark Antony; and he is a man of no estimation in the 'orld: but I did see him do gallant service.

Gow. What do you call him?

Flu. He is called—ancient Pistol.

Gow. I know him not.

Enter PISTOL.

Flu. Do you not know him? Here comes the man. Pist. Captain, I thee beseech to do me favours: The duke of Exeter doth love thee well.

Flu. Ay, I praise Got; and I have merited some love at his hands.

Pist. Bardolph, a soldier, firm and sound of heart, Of buxom valour, hath,—by cruel fate, And giddy fortune's furious fickle wheel, That goddess blind,
That stands upon the rolling restless stone,—

Flu. By your patience, ancient Pistol. Fortune is painted plind, with a muffler before her eyes, to signify to you that fortune is plind: And she is painted also with a wheel; to signify to you, which is the moral of it, that she is turning, and inconstant, and variations, and mutabilities: and her foot, look you, is fixed upon a spherical stone, which rolls, and rolls, and rolls;—In good truth, the poet is make a most excellent description of fortune: fortune, look you, is an excellent moral.

Pist. Fortune is Bardolph's foe, and frowns on him; For he hath stol'n a pix, and hanged must 'a be.

A damned death!

Let gallows gape for dog, let man go free, And let not hemp his wind-pipe suffocate: But Exeter hath given the doom of death, For pix of little price.

Therefore, go speak, the duke will hear thy voice; And let not Bardolph's vital thread be cut With edge of penny cord, and vile reproach: Speak, captain, for his life, and I will thee requite.

Flu. Ancient Pistol, I do partly understand your meaning.

Pist. Why then rejoice therefore.

Flu. Certainly, ancient, it is not a thing to rejoice at: for if, look you, he were my brother, I would desire the duke to use his goot pleasure, and put him to executions; for disciplines ought to be used.

Pist. Die and be damn'd; and figo for thy friendship!

Flu. It is well.

Pist. The fig of Spain!

Exit PISTOL.

Flu. Very good.

Gow. Why, this is an arrant counterfeit rascal; I remember him now; a bawd; a cutpurse.

Flu. I'll assure you, 'a utter'd as prave 'ords at the pridge, as you shall see in a summer's day: But it is very well; what he has spoke to me, that is well, I warrant you, when time is serve.

Gow Why, 'tis a gull, a fool, a rogue; that now and then goes to the wars, to grace himself, at his return into London, under the form of a soldier. And such fellows are perfect in great commanders' names: and they will learn you by rote, where services were done:—at such and such a sconce, at such a breach, at such a convoy; who came off bravely, who was shot, who disgraced, what terms the enemy stood on; and this they con perfectly in the phrase of war, which they trick up with new-tuned oaths: And what a beard of the general's cut, and a horrid suit of the camp, will do among foaming bottles, and ale-washed wits, is wonderful to be thought on! but you must learn to know such slanders of the age, or else you may be marvellous mistook.

Flu. I tell you what, captain Gower;—I do perceive, he is not the man that he would gladly make show to the 'orld he is; if I find a hole in his coat, I will tell him my mind. [Drum heard.] Hark you, the king is coming; and I must speak with him from the pridge.

Enter King HENRY, GLOSTER, and Soldiers.

Flu. Got pless your majesty!

K. Hen. How now, Fluellen? camest thou from the bridge?

Fig. Ay, so please your majesty. The duke of Exeter has very gallantly maintained the pridge: the French is gone off, look you; and there is gallant and most prave passages: Marry, th'athversary was have pos-

session of the pridge; but he is enforced to retire, and the duke of Exeter is master of the pridge: I can tell your majesty, the duke is a prave man.

K. Hen. What men have you lost, Fluellen?

Flu. The perdition of th'athversary hath been very great, very reasonable great: marry, for my part, I think the duke hath lost never a man, but one that is like to be executed for robbing a church, one Bardolph, if your majesty know the man: his face is all bubukles, and whelks, and knobs, and flames of fire; and his lips plows at his nose, and it is like a coal of fire, sometimes plue, and sometimes red; but his nose is executed, and his fire's out.

K. Hen. We would have all such offenders so cut off:—and we give express charge, that, in our marches through the country, there be nothing compelled from the villages, nothing taken but paid for; none of the French upbraided, or abused in disdainful language; For when lenity and cruelty play for a kingdom, the gentler gamester is the soonest winner.

Tucket sounds. Enter Montjoy.

Mont. You know me by my habit.

K. Hen. Well then, I know thee; What shall I know of thee?

Mont. My master's mind.

K. Hen. Unfold it.

Mont. Thus says my king:—Say thou to Harry of England, Though we seemed dead, we did but sleep; Advantage is a better soldier, than rashness. Tell him, we could have rebuked him at Harfleur; but that we thought not good to bruise an injury, till it were full ripe:—now we speak upon our cue, and our voice is

imperial: England shall repent his folly, see his weakness, and admire our sufferance. Bid him, therefore, consider of his ransome; which must proportion the losses we have borne, the subjects we have lost, the disgrace we have digested; which, in weight to reanswer, his pettiness would bow under. For our losses, his exchequer is too poor; for the effusion of our blood, the muster of his kingdom too faint a number; and for our disgrace, his own person, kneeling at our feet, but a weak and worthless satisfaction. To this add—defiance: and tell him, for conclusion, he hath betrayed his followers, whose condemnation is pronounced. So far my king and master; so much my office.

K. Hen. What is thy name? I know thy quality. Mont. Montjoy.

K. Hen. Thou dost thy office fairly. Turn thee back, And tell thy king,-I do not seek him now; But could be willing to march on to Calais Without impeachment: for, to say the sooth, (Though'tis no wisdom to confess so much Unto an enemy of craft and vantage,) My people are with sickness much enfeebled; My numbers lessen'd; and those few I have, Almost no better than so many French; Who when they were in health, I tell thee, herald, I thought, upon one pair of English legs Did march three Frenchmen.—Yet, forgive me, God, That I do brag thus!-this your air of France Hath blown that vice in me; I must repent. Go, therefore, tell thy master, here I am; My ransome, is this frail and worthless trunk; My army, but a weak and sickly guard; Yet, God before, tell him we will come on,

Though France himself, and such another neighbour, Stand in our way. There's for thy labour, Montjoy. Go, bid thy master well advise himself:
If we may pass, we will; if we be hinder'd,
We shall your tawny ground with your red blood
Discolour: and so, Montjoy, fare you well.
The sum of all our answer is but this:
We would not seek a battle, as we are;
Nor, as we are, we say, we will not shun it;
So tell your master.

Mont. I shall deliver so. Thanks to your highness. [Exit Montjoy.

Glo. I hope, they will not come upon us now.

K. Hen. We are in God's hand, brother, not in theirs. March to the bridge; it now draws toward night:— Beyond the river we'll encamp ourselves; And on to-morrow bid them march away. [Exeunt.

SCENE VII.—The French camp, near Agincourt.

Enter the Constable of France, the Lord RAMBURES, the Duke of ORLEANS, Dauphin, and others.

Con. Tut! I have the best armour of the world.—'Would, it were day!

Orl. You have an excellent armour; but let my horse have his due.

Con. It is the best horse of Europe.

Orl. Will it never be morning?

Dau. Mylord of Orleans, and my lord high constable, you talk of horse and armour,—

Orl. You are as well provided of both, as any prince in the world.

Dau. What a long night is this!---I will not change

my horse with any that treads but on four pasterns. Ca, ha! He bounds from the earth, as if his entrails were hairs; le cheval volant, the Pegasus, qui a les narines de feu! When I bestride him, I soar, I am a hawk: he trots the air; the earth sings when he touches it; the basest horn of his hoof is more musical than the pipe of Hermes.

Orl. He's of the colour of the nutmeg.

Dau. And of the heat of the ginger. It is a beast for Perseus: he is pure air and fire; and the dull elements of earth and water never appear in him, but only in patient stillness, while his rider mounts him: he is, indeed, a horse; and all other jades you may call—beasts.

Con. Indeed, my lord, it is a most absolute and excellent horse.

Dau. It is the prince of palfreys; his neigh is like the bidding of a monarch, and his countenance enforces homage.

Orl. No more, cousin.

Dau. Nay, the man hath no wit, that cannot, from the rising of the lark to the lodging of the lamb, vary deserved praise on my palfrey: it is a theme as fluent as the sea; turn the sands into eloquent tongues, and my horse is argument for them all: 'tis a subject for a sovereign to reason on, and for a sovereign's sovereign to ride on; and for the world (familiar to us, and unknown,) to lay apart their particular functions, and wonder at him. I once writ a sonnet in his praise, and began thus: Wonder of nature,—

Orl. I have heard a sonnet begin so to one's mistress. Dau. Then did they imitate that which I composed to my courser; for my horse is my mistress.

Orl. Your mistress bears well.

Dau. Me well; which is the prescript praise and perfection of a good and particular mistress.

Con. Ma foy! the other day, methought, your mistress shrewdly shook your back.

Dau. So, perhaps, did yours.

Con. Mine was not bridled.

Dau. O! then, belike, she was old and gentle; and you rode, like a Kerne of Ireland, your French hose off, and in your strait trossers.

Con. You have good judgement in horsemanship.

Dan. Be warned by me then: they that ride so, and ride not warily, fall into foul bogs; I had rather have my horse to my mistress.

Con. I had as lief have my mistress a jade.

Dau. I tell thee, constable, my mistress wears her own hair.

Con. I could make as true a boast as that, if I had a sow to my mistress.

Dau. Le chien est retourne à son propre vomissement, et la truie lavée au bourbier: thou makest use of any thing.

Con. Yet do I not use my horse for my mistress; or any such proverb, so little kin to the purpose.

Ram. My lord constable, the armour, that I saw in your tent to-night, are those stars, or suns, upon it?

Con. Stars, my lord.

Dau. Some of them will fall to-morrow, I hope.

Con. And yet my sky shall not want.

Dau. That may be, for you bear a many superfluously; and 'twere more honour, some were away.

Con. Even as your horse bears your praises; who would trot as well, were some of your brags dismounted.

Dau. 'Would, I were able to load him with his desert!

Will it never be day? I will trot to-morrow a mile, and

my way shall be paved with English faces.

Con. I will not say so, for fear I should be faced out of my way: But I would it were morning, for I would fain be about the ears of the English.

Ram. Who will go to hazard with me for twenty

English prisoners?

Con. You must first go yourself to hazard, ere you have them.

Dau. 'Tis midnight, I'll go arm myself. [Exit.

Orl. The Dauphin longs for morning.

Ram. He longs to eat the English.

Con. I think, he will eat all he kills.

Orl. By the white hand of my lady, he's a gallant prince.

Con. Swear by her foot, that she may tread out the oath.

Orl. He is, simply, the most active gentleman of France.

Con. Doing is activity: and he will still be doing.

Orl. He never did harm, that I heard of.

Con. Nor will do none to-morrow; he will keep that good name still.

Orl. I know him to be valiant:

Con. I was told that, by one that knows him better than you.

Orl. What's he?

Con. Marry, he told me so himself; and he said, he cared not who knew it.

Orl. He needs not, it is no hidden virtue in him.

Con. By my faith, sir, but it is; never any body saw it, but his lackey: 'tis a hooded valour; and, when it appears, it will bate.

Orl. Ill will never said well.

Con. I will cap that proverb with—There is flattery in friendship.

Orl. And I will take up that with—Give the devil his due.

Con. Well placed; there stands your friend for the devil: have at the very eye of that proverb, with—A pox of the devil.

Orl. You are the better at proverbs, by how much—A fool's bolt is soon shot.

Con. You have shot over.

Orl. 'Tis not the first time you were overshot.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord high constable, the English lie within fifteen hundred paces of your tent.

Con. Who hath measured the ground?

Mess. The lord Grandpré.

Con. A valiant and most expert gentleman.—Would it were day!—Alas, poor Harry of England! he longs not for the dawning, as we do.

Orl. What a wretched and peevish fellow is this king of England, to mope with his fat-brained followers so far out of his knowledge!

Con. If the English had any apprehension, they would run away.

Orl. That they lack; for if their heads had any intellectual armour, they could never wear such heavy head-pieces.

Ram. That island of England breeds very valiant creatures; their mastiffs are of unmatchable courage.

Orl. Foolish curs! that run winking into the mouth of a Russian bear, and have their heads crushed like rotten apples: You may as well say,—that's a valiant flea, that dare eat his breakfast on the lip of a lion.

Con. Just, just; and the men do sympathize with the mastiffs, in robustious and rough coming on, leaving their wits with their wives: and then give them great meals of beef, and iron and steel, they will eat like wolves, and fight like devils.

Orl. Ay, but these English are shrewdly out of beef. Con. Then we shall find to-morrow—they have only stomachs to eat, and none to fight. Now is it time to arm: Come, shall we about it?

Orl. It is now two o'clock: but, let me see,—by ten, We shall have each a hundred Englishmen. [Exeunt

ACT IV.

Enter CHORUS.

Chor. Now entertain conjecture of a time, When creeping murmur, and the poring dark, Fills the wide vessel of the universe. From camp to camp, through the foul womb of night, The hum of either army stilly sounds, That the fix'd sentinels almost receive The secret whispers of each other's watch: Fire answer's fire; and through their paly flames Each battle sees the other's umber'd face: Steed threatens steed, in high and boastful neighs Piercing the night's dull ear; and from the tents, The armourers, accomplishing the knights, With busy hammers closing rivets up, Give dreadful note of preparation.

The country cocks do crow, the clocks do toll, And the third hour of drowsy morning name. Proud of their numbers, and secure in soul, The confident and over-lusty French Do the low-rated English play at dice; And chide the cripple tardy-gaited night, Who, like a foul and ugly witch, doth limp So tediously away. The poor condemned English, Like sacrifices, by their watchful fires Sit patiently, and inly ruminate The morning's danger; and their gesture sad, Investing lank-lean cheeks, and war-worn coats, Presenteth them unto the gazing moon So many horrid ghosts. O, now, who will behold The royal captain of this ruin'd band, Walking from watch to watch, from tent to tent, Let him cry—Praise and glory on his head! For forth he goes, and visits all his host: Bids them good-morrow, with a modest smile; And calls them—brothers, friends, and countrymen. Upon his royal face there is no note, How dread an army hath enrounded him; Nor doth he dedicate one jot of colour Unto the weary and all-watched night: But freshly looks, and over-bears attaint, With cheerful semblance, and sweet majesty; That every wretch, pining and pale before, Beholding him, plucks comfort from his looks: A largess universal, like the sun, His liberal eye doth give to every one, Thawing cold fear. Then, mean and gentle all, Behold, as may unworthiness define, A little touch of Harry in the night:

And so our scene must to the battle fly;
Where, (O for pity!) we shall much disgrace—
With four or five most vile and ragged foils,
Right ill dispos'd, in brawl ridiculous,—
The name of Agincourt: Yet, sit and see;
Minding true things, by what their mockeries be. [Exit.

SCENE I .- The English camp at Agincourt.

Enter King HENRY, BEDFORD, and GLOSTER.

K. Hen. Gloster, 'tis true, that we are in great danger; The greater therefore should our courage be.—Good morrow, brother Bedford.—God Almighty! There is some soul of goodness in things evil, Would men observingly distil it out; For our bad neighbour makes us early stirrers, Which is both healthful, and good husbandry: Besides, they are our outward consciences, And preachers to us all; admonishing, That we should dress us fairly for our end. Thus may we gather honey from the weed, And make a moral of the devil himself.

Enter ERPINGHAM.

Good morrow, old sir Thomas Erpingham: A good soft pillow for that good white head Were better than a churlish turf of France.

Erp. Not so, my liege; this lodging likes me better, Since I may say—now lie I like a king.

K. Hen. Tis good for men to love their present pains, Upon example; so the spirit is eased:

And, when the mind is quicken'd, out of doubt, The organs, though defunct and dead before, Break up their drowsy grave, and newly move With casted slough and fresh legerity.

Lend me thy cloak, sir Thomas.—Brothers both, Commend me to the princes in our camp;

Do my good morrow to them; and, anon,

Desire them all to my pavillion.

Glo. We shall, my liege.

Exeunt GLOSTER and BEDFORD.

Erp. Shall I attend your grace?

K. Hen. No, my good knight; Go with my brothers to my lords of England: I and my bosom must debate a while, And then I would no other company.

Erp. The Lord in heaven bless thee, noble Harry! [Exit Erpingham.

K. Hen. God-a-mercy, old heart! thou speakest cheerfully.

Enter PISTOL.

Pist. Qui va lá? K. Hen. A friend.

Pist. Discuss unto me; Art thou officer? Or art thou base, common, and popular?

K. Hen. I am a gentleman of a company.

Pist. Trailest thou the puissant pike? K. Hen. Even so: What are you?

Pist. As good a gentleman as the emperor.

K. Hen. Then you are a better than the king.

Pist. The king's a bawcock, and a heart of gold.

A lad of life, an imp of fame;

Of parents good, of fist most valiant:

I kiss his dirty shoe, and from my heart-strings I love the lovely bully. What's thy name?

K. Hen. Harry le Roy.

Pist. Le Roy! a Cornish name: art thou of Cornish

K. Hen. No, I am a Welshman.

Pist. Knowest thou Fluellen?

K. Hen. Yes.

Pist. Tell him, I'll knock his leek about his pate, Upon Saint Dave's day.

K. Hen. Do not you wear your dagger in your cap that day, lest he knock that about yours.

Pist. Art thou his friend?

K. Hen. And his kinsman too.

Pist. The figo for thee then!

K. Hen. I thank you: God be with you!

Pist. My name is Pistol called.

[Exit.

K. Hen. It sorts well with your fierceness.

Enter Fluellen and Gower, severally.

Gow. Captain Fluellen!

Flu. So! in the name of Cheshu Christ, speak lower. It is the greatest admiration in the universal orld, when the true and auncient prerogatifes and laws of the wars is not kept: if you would take the pains but to examine the wars of Pompey the Great, you shall find, I warrant you, that there is no tiddle taddle, or pibble pabble, in Pompey's camp; I warrant you, you shall find the ceremonies of the wars, and the cares of it, and the forms of it, and the sobriety of it, and the modesty of it, to be otherwise.

Gow. Why, the enemy is loud; you heard him all night. Flu. If the enemy is an ass and a fool, and a prating

coxcomb, is it meet, think you, that we should also, look you, be an ass, and a fool, and a prating coxcomb; in your own conscience now?

Gow. I will speak lower.

Flu. I pray you, and beseech you, that you will.

[Exeunt Gower and Fluellen.

K. Hen. Though it appear a little out of fashion, There is much care and valour in this Welshman.

Enter BATES, COURT, and WILLIAMS.

Court. Brother John Bates, is not that the morning which breaks yonder?

Bates. I think it be: but we have no great cause to

desire the approach of day.

Will. We see yonder the beginning of the day, but, I think, we shall never see the end of it.—Who goes there?

K. Hen. A friend.

Will. Under what captain serve you?

K. Hen. Under sir Thomas Erpingham.

Will. A good old commander, and a most kind gentleman: I pray you, what thinks he of our estate?

K. Hen. Even as men wrecked upon a sand, that look to be washed off the next tide.

Bates. He hath not told his thought to the king?

K. Hen. No; nor it is not meet he should. For, though I speak it to you, I think, the king is but a man, as I am: the violet smells to him, as it doth to me; the element shows to him, as it doth to me; all his senses have but human conditions: his ceremonies laid by, in his nakedness he appears but a man; and though his affections are higher mounted than ours, yet, when they stoop, they stoop with the like wing;

therefore when he sees reason of fears, as we do, his fears, out of doubt, be of the same relish as ours are: Yet, in reason, no man should possess him with any appearance of fear, lest he, by showing it, should dishearten his army.

Bates. He may show what outward courage he will: but, I believe, as cold a night as 'tis, he could wish himself in the Thames up to the neck; and so I would he were, and I by him, at all adventures, so we were quit here.

K. Hen. By my troth, I will speak my conscience of the king; I think, he would not wish himself any where but where he is.

Bates. Then, 'would he were here alone; so should he be sure to be ransomed, and a many poor men's lives sayed.

K. Hen. I dare say, you love him not so ill, to wish him here alone; howsoever you speak this, to feel other men's minds: Methinks, I could not die any where so contented, as in the king's company; his cause being just, and his quarrel honourable.

Will. That's more than we know.

Bates. Ay, or more than we should seek after; for we know enough, if we know we are the king's subjects; if his cause be wrong, our obedience to the king wipes the crime of it out of us.

Will. But, if the cause be not good, the king himself hath a heavy reckoning to make; when all those legs, and arms, and heads, chopped off in a battle, shall join together at the latter day, and cry all—We died at such a place; some, swearing; some, crying for a surgeon; some, upon their wives left poor behind them; some, upon the debts they owe; some, upon their children

rawly left. I am afeard there are few die well, that die in battle; for how can they charitably dispose of any thing, when blood is their argument? Now, if these men do not die well, it will be a black matter for the king that led them to it; whom to disobey, were against all proportion of subjection.

K. Hen. So, if a son, that is by his father sent about merchandise, do sinfully miscarry upon the sea, the imputation of his wickedness, by your rule, should be imposed upon his father that sent him: or if a servant. under his master's command, transporting a sum of money, be assailed by robbers, and die in many irreconciled iniquities, you may call the business of the master the author of the servant's damnation:-But this is not so: the king is not bound to answer the particular endings of his soldiers, the father of his son, nor the master of his servant; for they purpose not their death, when they purpose their services. Besides, there is no king, be his cause never so spotless, if it come to the arbitrement of swords, can try it out with all unspotted soldiers. Some, peradventure, have on them the guilt of premeditated and contrived murder; some, of beguiling virgins with the broken seals of perjury; some, making the wars their bulwark, that have before gored the gentle bosom of peace with pillage and robbery. Now, if these men have defeated the law, and outrun native punishment, though they can outstrip men, they have no wings to fly from God: war is his beadle, war is his vengeance; so that here men are punished, for before-breach of the king's laws, in now the king's quarrel: where they feared the death, they have borne life away; and where they would be safe, they perish: Then if they die unprovided, no more is the king guilty of their dannation, than he was before guilty of those impieties for the which they are now visited. Every subject's duty is the king's; but every subject's soul is his own. Therefore should every soldier in the wars do as every sick man in his bed, wash every mote out of his conscience: and dying so, death is to him advantage; or not dying, the time was blessedly lost, wherein such preparation was gained: and, in him that escapes, it were not sin to think, that making God so free an offer, he let him outlive that day to see his greatness, and to teach others how they should prepare.

Will. 'Tis certain, every man that dies ill, the ill is upon his own head, the king is not to answer for it.

Bates. I do not desire he should answer for me; and yet I determine to fight lustily for him.

K. Hen. I myself heard the king say, he would not be ransomed.

Will. Ay, he said so, to make us fight cheerfully: but, when our throats are cut, he may be ransomed, and we ne'er the wiser.

K. Hen. If I live to see it, I will never trust his word after.

Will. 'Mass, you'll pay him then! That's a perilous shot out of an elder gun, that a poor and private displeasure can do against a monarch! you may as well go about to turn the sun to ice, with fanning in his face with a peacock's feather. You'll never trust his word after! come, 'tis a foolish saying.

K. Hen. Your reproof is something too round; I should be angry with you, if the time were convenient.

Will. Let it be a quarrel between us, if you live.

K. Hen. I embrace it.

Will. How shall I know thee again?

K. Hen. Give me any gage of thine, and I will wear it in my bonnet: then, if ever thou darest acknowledge it, I will make it my quarrel.

Will. Here's my glove; give me another of thine.

K. Hen. There.

Will. This will I also wear in my cap: if ever thou come to me and say, after to-morrow, This is my glove, by this hand, I will take thee a box on the ear.

K. Hen. If ever I live to see it, I will challenge it.

Will. Thou darest as well be hanged.

K. Hen. Well, I will do it, though I take thee in the king's company.

Will. Keep thy word: fare thee well.

Bates. Be friends, you English fools, be friends; we have French quarrels enough, if you could tell how to reckon.

K. Hen. Indeed, the French may lay twenty French crowns to one, they will beat us; for they bear them on their shoulders: But it is no English treason, to cut French crowns; and, to-morrow, the king himself will be a clipper.

[Exeunt Soldiers.]

Upon the king! let us our lives, our souls, Our debts, our careful wives, our children, and Our sins, lay on the king;—we must bear all. O hard condition! twin-born with greatness, Subjected to the breath of every fool, Whose sense no more can feel but his own wringing! What infinite heart's ease must kings neglect,

That private men enjoy? And what have kings, that privates have not too, Save ceremony, save general ceremony?

And what art thou, thou idol ceremony?

What kind of god art thou, that suffer'st more Of mortal griefs, than do thy worshippers? What are thy rents? what are thy comings-in? O ceremony, show me but thy worth! What is the soul of adoration? Art thou aught else but place, degree, and form, Creating awe and fear in other men? Wherein thou art less happy being fear'd Than they in fearing. What drink'st thou oft, instead of homage sweet, But poison'd flattery? O, be sick, great greatness, And bid thy ceremony give thee cure! Think'st thou, the fiery fever will go out With titles blown from adulation? Will it give place to flexure and low bending? Canst thou, when thou command'st the beggar's knee, Command the health of it? No, thou proud dream, That play'st so subtly with a king's repose; I am a king, that find thee; and I know, 'Tis not the balm, the sceptre, and the ball, The sword, the mace, the crown imperial, The enter-tissued robe of gold and pearl, The farced title running 'fore the king, The throne he sits on, nor the tide of pomp That beats upon the high shore of this world, No, not all these, thrice-gorgeous ceremony, Not all these, laid in bed majestical, Can sleep so soundly as the wretched slave; Who, with a body fill'd, and vacant mind, Gets him to rest, cramm'd with distressful bread; Never sees horrid night, the child of hell; But, like a lackey, from the rise to set, Sweats in the eye of Phœbus, and all night

Sleeps in Elysium; next day, after dawn,
Doth rise, and help Hyperion to his horse;
And follows so the ever-running year
With profitable labour, to his grave:
And, but for ceremony, such a wretch,
Winding up days with toil, and nights with sleep,
Had the fore-hand and vantage of a king.
The slave, a member of the country's peace,
Enjoys it; but in gross brain little wots,
What watch the king keeps to maintain the peace,
Whose hours the peasant best advantages.

Enter ERPINGHAM.

Erp. My lord, your nobles, jealous of your absence, Seek through your camp to find you.

K. Hen. Good old knight,

Collect them all together at my tent: I'll be before thee.

Erp. I shall do't, my lord. [Exit. K. Hen. O God of battles! steel my soldiers' hearts! Possess them not with fear.; take from them now The sense of reckoning, if th'opposed numbers Pluck their hearts from them!—Not to-day, O Lord, O not to-day, think not upon the fault My father made in compassing the crown! I Richard's body have interred new; And on it have bestow'd more contrite tears, Than from it issued forced drops of blood. Five hundred poor I have in yearly pay, Who twice a day their wither'd hands hold up Toward heaven, to pardon blood; and I have built Two chantries, where the sad and solemn priests Sing still for Richard's soul. More will I do:

Though all that I can do, is nothing worth; Since that my penitence comes after all, Imploring pardon.

Enter GLOSTER.

Glo. My liege!

K. Hen. My brother Gloster's voice?—Ay; I know thy errand, I will go with thee:—
The day, my friends, and all things stay for me. [Exeunt.

SCENE II.—The French camp.

Enter Dauphin, ORLEANS, RAMBURES, and others.

Orl. The sun doth gild our armour; up, my lords.

Dau. Montez a cheval:—My horse! valet! lacquay! ha!
Orl. O brave spirit!
Dau. Via!—les eaux et la terre—
Orl. Rien puis? l'air et le feu—
Dau. Ciel! cousin Orleans.—

Enter Constable.

Now, my lord Constable!

Con. Hark, how our steeds for present service neigh.

Dau. Mount them, and make incision in their hides;

That their hot blood may spin in English eyes,

And dout them with superfluous courage: Ha!

Ram. What, will you have them weep our horses' blood?

How shall we then behold their natural tears?

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. The English are embattled, you French peers

Con. To horse, you gallant princes! straight to horse! Do but behold you poor and starved band, And your fair show shall suck away their souls, Leaving them but the shales and husks of men. There is not work enough for all our hands; Scarce blood enough in all their sickly veins, To give each naked curtle-ax a stain, That our French gallants shall to-day draw out, And sheath for lack of sport: let us but blow on them, The vapour of our valour will o'erturn them. 'Tis positive 'gainst all exceptions, lords, That our superfluous lackeys, and our peasants,— Who, in unnecessary action, swarm About our squares of battle,-were enough To purge this field of such a hilding foe; Though we, upon this mountain's basis by Took stand for idle speculation: But that our honours must not. What's to say? A very little little let us do, And all is done. Then let the trumpets sound The tucket-sonuance, and the note to mount: For our approach shall so much dare the field, That England shall couch down in fear, and yield.

Enter GRANDPRE'.

Grand. Why do you stay so long, my lords of France? You island carrions, desperate of their bones, Ill-favour'dly become the morning field: Their ragged curtains poorly are let loose, And our air shakes them passing scornfully. Big Mars seems bankrupt in their beggar'd host, And faintly through a rusty beaver peeps. Their horsemen sit like fixed candlesticks,

With torch-staves in their hand: and their poor jades Lob down their heads, dropping the hides and hips; The gum down-roping from their pale-dead eyes; And in their pale dull mouths the gimmal bit Lies foul with chew'd grass, still and motionless; And their executors, the knavish crows, Fly o'cr them all, impatient for their hour. Description cannot suit itself in words, To démonstrate the life of such a battle In life so lifeless as it shows itself.

Con. They have said their prayers, and they stay for death.

Dau. Shall we go send them dinners, and fresh suits, And give their fasting horses provender, And after fight with them?

Con. I stay but for my guard; On, to the field:
I will the banner from a trumpet take,
And use it for my haste. Come, come away!
The sun is high, and we outwear the day. [Exeunt.

SCENE III.—The English camp.

Enter the English host; GLOSTER, BEDFORD, EXETER, SALISBURY, and WESTMORELAND.

Glo. Where is the king?

Bed. The king himself is rode to view their battle.

West. Of fighting men they have full threescore thousand.

Exe. There's five to one; besides, they all are fresh.

Sal. God's arm strike with us! 'tis a fearful odds.

God be wi' you, princes all; I'll to my charge: If we no more meet, till we meet in heaven,

Then, joyfully,-my noble lord of Bedford,-

My dear lord Gloster,—and my good lord Exeter,—And my kind kinsman,—warriors all, adieu!

Bed. Farewell, good Salisbury; and good luck go with thee!

Exe. Farewell, kind lord; fight valiantly to-day: And yet I do thee wrong, to mind thee of it, For thou art fram'd of the firm truth of valour.

[Exit SALISBURY.

Bed. He is as full of valour, as of kindness; Princely in both.

West.

O that we now had here

Enter King HENRY.

But one ten thousand of those men in England, That do no work to-day!

K. Hen. What's he, that wishes so? My cousin Westmoreland?—No, my fair cousin: If we are mark'd to die, we are enough To do our country loss; and if to live, The fewer men, the greater share of honour. God's will! I pray thee, wish not one man more. By Jove, I am not covetous for gold: Nor care I, who doth feed upon my cost; It yearns me not, if men my garments wear; Such outward things dwell not in my desires: But, if it be a sin to covet honour, I am the most offending soul alive. No, 'faith, my coz, wish not a man from England: God's peace! I would not lose so great an honour, As one man more, methinks, would share from me, For the best hope I have. O, do not wish one more:

Rather proclaim it, Westmoreland, through my bost,

That he, which hath no stomach to this fight, Let him depart; his passport shall be made, And crowns for convoy put into his purse: We would not die in that man's company, That fears his fellowship to die with us. This day is call'd—the feast of Crispian: He, that outlives this day, and comes safe home, Will stand a tip-toe when this day is nam'd, And rouse him at the name of Crispian. He, that shall live this day, and see old age, Will yearly on the vigil feast his friends, And say-to-morrow is Saint Crispian: Then will he strip his sleeve, and show his scars, And say, these wounds I had on Crispin's day. Old men forget; yet all shall be forgot, But he'll remember, with advantages, What feats he did that day: Then shall our names, Familiar in their mouths as household words,— Harry the king, Bedford, and Exeter, Warwick and Talbot, Salisbury and Gloster,-Be in their flowing cups freshly remember'd: This story shall the good man teach his son; And Crispin Crispian shall ne'er go by, From this day to the ending of the world, But we in it shall be remembered: We few, we happy few, we band of brothers; For he, to-day that sheds his blood with me, Shall be my brother; be he ne'er so vile, This day shall gentle his condition: And gentlemen in England, now a-bed, Shall think themselves accurs'd, they were not here; And hold their manhoods cheap, while any speaks, That fought with us upon Saint Crispin's day.

Enter Salisbury.

Sal. My sovereign lord, bestow yourself with speed: The French are bravely in their battles set, And will with all expedience charge on us.

K. Hen. All things are ready, if our minds be so.West. Perish the man, whose mind is backward now!K. Hen. Thou dost not wish more help from England, cousin?

West. God's will, my liege, 'would you and I alone, Without more help, might fight this battle out!

K. Hen. Why, now thou hast unwish'd five thousand men;

Which likes me better, than to wish us one.—You know your places: God be with you all!

Tucket. Enter Montjoy.

Mont. Once more I come to know of thee, king Harry, If for thy ransome thou wilt now compound, Before thy most assured overthrow:
For, certainly, thou art so near the gulf, Thou needs must be englutted. Besides, in mercy, The Constable desires thee—thou wilt mind Thy followers of repentance; that their souls May make a peaceful and a sweet retire From off these fields, where (wretches) their poor bodies Must lie and fester.

K. Hen. Who hath sent thee now? Mont. The Constable of France.

K. Hen. I pray thee, bear my former answer back; Bid them achieve me, and then sell my bones. Good God! why should they mock poor fellows thus? The man, that once did sell the lion's skin

SCENE III.

While the beast liv'd, was kill'd with hunting him. A many of our bodies shall, no doubt, Find native graves; upon the which, I trust, Shall witness live in brass of this day's work: And those that leave their valiant bones in France. Dying like men, though buried in your dunghills, They shall be fam'd; for there the sun shall greet them.

And draw their honours reeking up to heaven; Leaving their earthly parts to choke your clime, The smell whereof shall breed a plague in France. Mark then a bounding valour in our English; That, being dead, like to the bullet's grazing, Break out into a second course of mischief, Killing in relapse of mortality. Let me speak proudly;—Tell the Constable, We are but warriors for the working-day: Our gayness, and our gilt, are all besmirch'd With rainy marching in the painful field; There's not a piece of feather in our host, (Good argument, I hope, we shall not fly,) And time hath worn us into slovenry: But, by the mass, our hearts are in the trim: And my poor soldiers tell me-vet ere night They'll be in fresher robes; or they will pluck The gay new coats o'er the French soldiers' heads, And turn them out of service. If they do this, (As, if God please, they shall,) my ransome then Will soon be levied. Herald, save thou thy labour; Come thou no more for ransome, gentle herald; They shall have none, I swear, but these my joints: Which if they have as I will leave 'em to them, Shall yield them little, tell the Constable.

Mont. I shall, king Harry. And so fare thee well: Thou never shalt hear herald any more. [Exit.

K. Hen. I fear, thou'lt once more come again for ransome.

Enter the Duke of York.

York. My lord, most humbly on my knee I beg The leading of the vaward.

K. Hen. Take it, brave York.—Now, soldiers, march away:—

And how thou pleasest, God, dispose the day! [Exeunt

SCENE IV.—The field of battle.

Alarums: excursions. Enter French Soldier, Pistol, and Boy.

Pist. Yield, cur.

Fr. Sol. Je pense, que vous estes le gentilhomme de bonne qualité.

Pist. Quality, call you me?—Construe me, art thou a gentleman? What is thy name? discuss.

Fr. Sol. O seigneur Dieu!

Pist. O, signieur Dew should be a gentleman:—Perpend my words, O signieur Dew, and mark;—O signieur Dew, thou diest on point of fox, Except, O signieur, thou do give to me Egregious ransome.

Fr. Sol. O, prennez misericorde! ayez pitié de moy! Pist. Moy shall not serve, I will have forty moys; For I will fetch thy rim out at thy throat, In drops of crimson blood.

Fr. Sol. Est il impossible d'eschapper la force de ton bras? Pist. Brass, cur!

Thou damned and luxurious mountain goat, Offer'st me brass?

Fr. Sol. O pardonnez moy!

Pist. Say'st thou me so? is that a ton of moys?—Come hither, boy; Ask me this slave in French, What is his name.

Boy. Escoutez; Comment estes vous appellé?

Fr. Sol. Monsieur le Fer.

Boy. He says, his name is-master Fer.

Pist. Master Fer! I'll fer him, and firk him, and ferret him:—discuss the same in French unto him.

Boy. I do not know the French for fer, and ferret, and firk.

Pist. Bid him prepare, for I will cut his throat.

Fr. Sol. Que dit-il, monsieur?

Boy. Il me commande de vous dire que vous faites vous prest; car ce soldat icy est disposé tout à cette heure de couper vostre gorge.

Pist. Ouy, couper gorge, par ma foy, pesant, Unless thou give me crowns, brave crowns; Or mangled shalt thou be by this my sword.

Fr. Sol. O, je vous supplie pour l'amour de Dieu, me pardonner! Je suis gentilhomme de bonne maison; gardez ma vie, et je vous donneray deux cents escus.

Pist. What are his words?

Boy. He prays you to save his life: he is a gentleman of a good house; and, for his ransome, he will give you two hundred crowns.

Pist. Tell him,—my fury shall abate, and I The crowns will take.

Fr. Sol. Petit monsieur, que dit-il?

Boy. Encore qu'il est contre son jurement, de pardonner aucun prisonnier; neantmoins, pour les escus que vous l'avez

promis, il est content de vous donner la liberté, le franchisement.

Fr. Sol. Sur mes genoux, je vous donne mille remerciemens; et je m'estime heureux que je suis tombé entre les mains d'un chevalier, je pense, le plus brave, valiant, et tres distingué seigneur d'Angleterre.

Pist. Expound unto me, boy.

Boy. He gives you, upon his knees, a thousand thanks: and he esteems himself happy that he hath fallen into the hands of (as he thinks) the most brave, valorous, and thrice-worthy signieur of England.

Pist. As I suck blood, I will some mercy show.—
Follow me, cur. [Exit Pistol.

Boy. Suivez vous le grand capitaine.

[Exit French Soldier.] I did never know so full a voice issue from so empty a heart: but the saying is true,—The empty vessel makes the greatest sound. Bardolph, and Nym, had ten times more valour than this roaring devil i'th' old play, that every one may pare his nails with a wooden dagger; and they are both hanged; and so would this be, if he durst steal any thing adventurously. I must stay with the lackeys, with the luggage of our camp: the French might have a good prey of us, if he knew of it; for there is none to guard it, but boys.

[Exit.

SCENE V.—Another part of the field of battle.

Alarums. Enter Dauphin, ORLEANS, BOURBON, Constable, RAMBURES, and others.

Con. O diable!

Orl. O seigneur!—le jour est perdu, tout est perdu!

Dau. Mort de ma vie! all is confounded, all!

Reproach and everlasting shame

Sits mocking in our plumes.—O meschante fortune!—
Do not run away.

[A short alarum.

Con. Why, all our ranks are broke.

Day. O perdurable shame!—let's stab ourselves.

Be these the wretches that we play'd at dice for?

Orl. Is this the king we sent to for his ransome?

Bour. Shame, and eternal shame, nothing but shame!

Let us die instant: Once more back again; And he that will not follow Bourbon now, Let him go hence, and, with his cap in hand, Like a base pander, hold the chamber door, Whilst by a slave, no gentler than my dog,

His fairest daughter is contaminate.

Con. Disorder, that hath spoil'd us, friend us now! Let us, in heaps, go offer up our lives Unto these English, or else die with fame.

Orl. We are enough, yet living in the field, To smother up the English in our throngs, If any order might be thought upon.

Bour. The devil take order now! I'll to the throng; Let life be short; else, shame will be too long.

[Exeunt.

SCENE VI.—Another part of the field.

Alarums. Enter King Henry and forces; Exeter, and others.

K. Hen. Well have we done, thrice-valiant countrymen:

But all's not done, yet keep the French the field.

Exe. The duke of York commends him to your majesty.

K. Hen. Lives he, good uncle? thrice, within this hour,

I saw him down; thrice up again, and fighting; From helmet to the spur, all blood he was.

Exe. In which array, (brave soldier,) doth he lie, Larding the plain: and by his bloody side, (Yoke-fellow to his honour-owing wounds,) The noble earl of Suffolk also lies. Suffolk first died: and York, all haggled over, Comes to him, where in gore he lay insteep'd, And takes him by the beard; kisses the gashes, That bloodily did yawn upon his face; And cries aloud, -Tarry, dear cousin Suffolk! My soul shall thine keep company to heaven: Tarry, sweet soul, for mine, then fly a-breast; As, in this glorious and well-foughten field, We kept together in our chivalry! Upon these words I came, and cheer'd him up: He smil'd me in the face, raught me his hand, And, with a feeble gripe, says,—Dear my lord, Commend my service to my sovereign. So did he turn, and over Suffolk's neck He threw his wounded arm, and kiss'd his lips; And so, espous'd to death, with blood he seal'd A testament of noble-ending love. The pretty and sweet manner of it forc'd Those waters from me, which I would have stopp'd; But I had not so much of man in me, But all my mother came into mine eyes, And gave me up to tears.

K. Hen. I blame you not; For, hearing this, I must perforce compound With mistful eyes, or they will issue too.— [Alarum. But, hark! what new alarum is this same?—
The French have reinforc'd their scatter'd men:—
Then every soldier kill his prisoners;
Give the word through.

[Exeunt.

SCENE VII.—Another part of the field.

Alarums. Enter Fluellen and Gower.

Flu. Kill the boys and the luggage! 'tis expressly against the law of arms: 'tis as arrant a piece of knavery, mark you now, as can be offered, in the 'orld: In your conscience now, is it not?

Gow. 'Tis certain, there's not a boy left alive; and the cowardly rascals, that ran from the battle, have done this slaughter: besides, they have burned and carried away all that was in the king's tent; wherefore the king, most worthily, hath caused every soldier to cut his prisoner's throat. O, 'tis a gallant king!

Flu. Ay, he was porn at Monmouth, captain Gower: What call you the town's name, where Alexander the pig was porn?

Gow. Alexander the great.

Flu. Why, I pray you, is not pig, great? The pig, or the great, or the mighty, or the huge, or the magnanimous, are all one reckonings, save the phrase is a little variations.

Gow. I think, Alexander the great was born in Macedon; his father was called—Philip of Macedon, as I take it.

Flu. I think, it is in Macedon, where Alexander is porn. I tell you, captain,—If you look in the maps of the 'orld, I warrant, you shall find, in the comparisons between Macedon and Monmouth, that the situ-

ations, look you, is both alike. There is a river in Macedon; and there is also moreover a river at Monmouth: it is called Wye, at Monmouth; but it is out of my prains, what is the name of the other river; but 'tis all one, 'tis so like as my fingers is to my fingers, and there is salmons in both. If you mark Alexander's life well, Harry of Monmouth's life is come after it indifferent well; for there is figures in all things. Alexander (God knows, and you know,) in his rages, and his furies, and his wraths, and his cholers, and his moods, and his displeasures, and his indignations, and also being a little intoxicates in his prains, did, in his ales and his angers, look you, kill his pest friend, Clytus.

Gow. Our king is not like him in that; he never

killed any of his friends.

Flu. It is not well done, mark you now, to take tales out of my mouth, ere it is made an end and finished. I speak but in the figures and comparisons of it: As Alexander is kill his friend Clytus, being in his ales and his cups; so also Harry Monmouth, being in his right wits and his goot judgements, is turn away the fat knight with the great pelly-doublet: he was full of jests, and gipes, and knaveries, and mocks; I am forget his name.

Gow. Sir John Falstaff.

Flu. That is he: I can tell you, there is goot men porn at Monmouth.

Gow. Here comes his majesty.

Alarum. Enter King HENRY, with a part of the English forces: WARWICK, GLOSTER, EXETER, and others.

K. Hen. I was not angry since I came to France Until this instant.—Take a trumpet, herald;

Ride thou unto the horsemen on yon hill; If they will fight with us, bid them come down, Or void the field; they do offend our sight: If they'll do neither, we will come to them; And make them skirr away, as swift as stones Enforced from the old Assyrian slings: Besides, we'll cut the throats of those we have; And not a man of them, that we shall take, Shall taste our mercy:—Go, and tell them so.

Enter MONTJOY.

Exe. Here comes the herald of the French, my liege, Glo. His eyes are humbler than they us'd to be.

K. Hen. How now! what means this, herald? know'st thou not,

That I have fin'd these bones of mine for ransome? Com'st thou again for ransome?

Mont.

No, great king:
I come to thee for charitable licence,
That we may wander o'er this bloody field,
To book our dead, and then to bury them;
To sort our nobles from our common men;
For many of our princes (woe the while!)
Lie drown'd and soak'd in mercenary blood;
(So do our vulgar drench their peasant limbs

(So do our vulgar drench their peasant limbs
In blood of princes;) and their wounded steeds
Fret fetlock deep in gore, and, with wild rage,
Yerk out their armed heels at their dead masters,
Killing them twice. O, give us leave, great king,
To view the field in safety, and dispose
Of their dead bodies.

K. Hen. I tell thee truly, herald, I know not, if the day be ours, or no;

For yet a many of your horsemen peer, And gallop o'er the field.

Mont.

The day is yours.

K. Hen. Praised be God, and not our strength, for it!—What is this castle call'd, that stands hard by?

Mont. They call it—Agincourt.

K. Hen. Then call we this—the field of Agincourt,

Fought on the day of Crispin Crispianus.

Fiu. Your grandfather of famous memory, an't please your majesty, and your great-uncle Edward the plack prince of Wales, as I have read in the chronicles, fought a most prave pattle here in France.

K. Hen. They did, Fluellen.

Flu. Your majesty says very true: If your majesties is remembered of it, the Welshman did goot service in a garden where leeks did grow, wearing leeks in their Monmouth caps; which, your majesty knows, to this hour is an honourable padge of the service; and, I do believe, your majesty takes no scorn to wear the leek upon Saint Tavy's day.

K. Hen. I wear it for a memorable honour: For I am Welsh, you know, good countryman.

Flu. All the water in Wye cannot wash your majesty's Welsh plood out of your pody, I can tell you that: Got pless it and preserve it, as long as it pleases his grace, and his majesty too!

K. Hen. Thanks, good my countryman.

Flu. By Cheshu, I am your majesty's countryman, I care not who know it; I will confess it to all the 'orld: I need not to be ashamed of your majesty, praised be God, so long as your majesty is an honest man.

K. Hen. God keep me so!—Our heralds go with him;

Bring me just notice of the numbers dead

On both our parts.—Call yonder fellow hither.

[Points to Will. Exeunt Monts. and others.

Exe. Soldier, you must come to the king.

K. Hen. Soldier, why wear'st thou that glove in thy cap?

Will. An't please your majesty, 'tis the gage of one that I should fight withal, if he be alive.

K. Hen. An Englishman?

Will. An't please your majesty, a rascal, that swaggered with me last night: who, if 'a live, and ever dare to challenge this glove, I have sworn to take him a box o'th' ear: or, if I can see my glove in his cap, (which he swore, as he was a soldier, he would wear, if alive,) I will strike it out soundly.

K. Hen. What think you, captain Fluellen? is it fit this soldier keep his oath?

Flu. He is a craven and a villain else, an't please your majesty, in my conscience.

K. Hen. It may be, his enemy is a gentleman of great

sort, quite from the answer of his degree.

Flu. Though he be as goot a gentleman as the tevil is, as Lucifer and Belzebub himself, it is necessary, look your grace, that he keep his vow and his oath: if he be perjured, see you now, his reputation is as arrant a villain, and a Jack-sauce, as ever his plack shoe trod upon Got's ground and his earth, in my conscience, la.

K. Hen. Then keep thy vow, sirrah, when thou meet'st the fellow.

Will. So I will, my liege, as I live.

K. Hen. Who servest thou under?

Will. Under captain Gower, my liege.

Flu. Gower is a goot captain; and is goot knowledge and literature in the wars.

K. Hen. Call him hither to me, soldier.

Will. I will, my liege. Exit.

K. Hen. Here, Fluellen; wear thou this favour for me, and stick it in thy cap: When Alençon and myself were down together, I plucked this glove from his helm: if any man challenge this, he is a friend to Alencon and an enemy to our person; if thou encounter any such, apprehend him, an thou dost love me.

Flu. Your grace does me as great honours, as can be desired in the hearts of his subjects: I would fain see the man, that has but two legs, that shall find himself aggriefed at this glove, that is all: but I would fain see it once; an please Got of his grace, that I might see it.

K. Hen. Knowest thou Gower?

Flu. He is my dear friend, an please you.

K. Hen. Pray thee, go seek him, and bring him to my tent.

Flu. I will fetch him.

[Exit.

K. Hen. My lord of Warwick, and my brother Gloster,

Follow Fluellen closely at the heels: The glove, which I have given him for a favour, May, haply, purchase him a box o'th' ear; It is the soldier's; I, by bargain, should Wear it myself. Follow, good cousin Warwick: If that the soldier strike him, (as, I judge By his blunt bearing, he will keep his word,) Some sudden mischief may arise of it; For I do know Fluellen valiant, And, touch'd with choler, hot as gunpowder,

And quickly will return an injury:

Follow, and see there be no harm between them.—

Go you with me, uncle of Exeter.

[Exeunt.

SCENE VIII .- Before King Henry's pavilion.

Enter Gower and Williams.

Will. I warrant, it is to knight you, captain.

Enter Fluellen.

Flu. Got's will and his pleasure, captain, I peseech you now, come apace to the king: there is more goot toward you, peradventure, than is in your knowledge to dream of.

Will. Sir, know you this glove?

Flu. Know the glove? I know, the glove is a glove. Will. I know this; and thus I challenge it.

Strikes him.

Flu. 'Sblud, an arrant traitor, as any's in the universal 'orld, or in France, or in England.

Gow. How now, sir? you villain!

Will. Do you think I'll be forsworn?

Flu. Stand away, captain Gower; I will give treason his payment into plows, I warrant you.

Will. I am no traitor.

Flu. That's a lie in thy throat.—I charge you in his majesty's name, apprehend him; he's a friend of the duke Alençon's.

Enter WARWICK and GLOSTER.

War. How now, how now! what's the matter?
Flu. My lord of Warwick, here is (praised be Got for it!) a most contagious treason come to light, look

you, as you shall desire in a summer's day. Here is his majesty.

Enter King HENRY and EXETER.

K. Hen. How now! what's the matter?

Flu. My liege, here is a villain, and a traitor, that, look your grace, has struck the glove which your ma-

jesty is take out of the helmet of Alençon.

Will. My liege, this was my glove; here is the fellow of it: and he, that I gave it to in change, promised to wear it in his cap; I promised to strike him, if he did: I met this man with my glove in his cap, and I have been as good as my word.

Flu. Your majesty hear now, (saving your majesty's manhood,) what an arrant, rascally, beggarly, lowsy knave it is: I hope, your majesty is pear me testimony, and witness, and avouchments, that this is the glove of Alençon, that your majesty is give me, in your conscience now.

K. Hen. Give me thy glove, soldier; Look, here is the fellow of it. 'Twas I, indeed, thou promised'st to strike; and thou hast given me most bitter terms.

Flu. An please your majesty, let his neck answer for it, if there is any martial law in the 'orld.

K. Hen. How canst thou make me satisfaction?

Will. All offences, my liege, come from the heart: never came any from mine, that might offend your majesty.

K. Hen. It was ourself thou didst abuse.

Will. Your majesty came not like yourself: you appeared to me but as a common man; witness the night, your garments, your lowliness; and what your highness suffered under that shape, I beseech you, take

it for your own fault, and not mine: for had you been as I took you for, I made no offence; therefore, I beseech your highness, pardon me.

K. Hen. Here, uncle Exeter, fill this glove with crowns, And give it to this fellow.—Keep it, fellow; And wear it for an honour in thy cap, Till I do challenge it.—Give him the crowns:—And, captain, you must needs be friends with him.

Fig. By this day and this light, the fellow has mettle enough in his peliy:—Hold, there is twelve pence for you, and I pray you to serve Got, and keep you out of prawls, and prabbles, and quarrels, and dissensions, and, I warrant you, it is the petter for you.

Will. I will none of your money.

Flu. It is with a goot will; I can tell you, it will serve you to mend your shoes: Come, wherefore should you be so pashful? your shoes is not so goot: 'tis a goot silling, I warrant you, or I will change it.

Enter an English Herald.

K. Hen. Now, herald; are the dead number'd?

Her. Here is the number of the slaughter'd French.

[Delivers a paper.

K. Hen. What prisoners of good sort are taken, uncle Exe. Charles duke of Orleans, nephew to the king; John duke of Bourbon, and lord Bouciqualt: Of other lords, and barons, knights, and 'squires, Full fifteen hundred, besides common men.

K. Hen. This note doth tell me of ten thousand French, That in the field lie slain: of princes, in this number, And nobles bearing banners, there lie dead One hundred twenty-six: added to these, Of knights, esquires, and gallant gentlemen, you. yii.

Eight thousand and four hundred; of the which,
Five hundred were but yesterday dubb'd knights:
So that, in these ten thousand they have lost,
There are but sixteen hundred mercenaries;
The rest are—princes, barons, lords, knights, 'squires,
And gentlemen of blood and quality.
The names of those their nobles that lie dead,—
Charles De-la-bret, high constable of France;
Jaques of Chatillon, admiral of France;
The master of the cross-bows, lord Rambures;
Great-master of France, the brave sir Guischard
Dauphin;

John duke of Alençon; Antony duke of Brabant,
The brother to the duke of Burgundy;
And Edward duke of Bar: of lusty earls,
Grandpré, and Roussi, Fauconberg, and Foix,
Beaumont, and Marle, Vaudemont, and Lestrale.
Here was a royal fellowship of death!——
Where is the number of our English dead?

[Herald presents another paper.

Edward the duke of York, the earl of Suffolk, Sir Richard Ketly, Davy Gam, esquire:
None else of name; and, of all other men,
But five and twenty. O God, thy arm was here,
And not to us, but to thy arm alone,
Ascribe we all.—When, without stratagem,
But in plain shock, and even play of battle,
Was ever known so great and little loss,
On one part and on th' other?—Take it, God,
For it is only thine!

Exe. 'Tis wonderful!

K. Hen. Come, go we in procession to the village:

And be it death proclaimed through our host,

To boast of this, or take that praise from God, Which is his only.

Flu. Is it not lawful, an please your majesty, to tell how many is killed?

K. Hen. Yes, captain; but with this acknowledgment, That God hath fought for us.

Flu. Yes, my conscience, he did us great goot.

K. Hen. Do we all holy rites; Let there be sung Non nobis, and Te Deum. The dead with charity enclos'd in clay, We'll then to Calais; and to England then; Where ne'er from France arriv'd more happy men.

[Exeunt.

ACT V.

Enter CHORUS.

Chor. Vouchsafe to those that have not read the story, That I may prompt them: and of such as have, I humbly pray them to admit th'excuse Of time, of numbers, and due course of things, Which cannot in their huge and proper life Be here presented. Now we bear the king Toward Calais: grant him there; there seen, Heave him away upon your winged thoughts, Athwart the sea: Behold, the English beach Pales in the flood with men, with wives, and boys, Whose shouts and claps out-voice the deep-mouth'd sea, Which, like a mighty whiffler 'fore the king,

Seems to prepare his way: so let him land; And, solemnly, see him set on to London. So swift a pace hath thought, that even now You may imagine him upon Blackheath: Where that his lords desire him, to have borne His bruised helmet, and his bended sword, Before him, through the city: he forbids it, Being free from vainness and self-glorious pride: Giving full trophy, signal, and ostent, Quite from himself, to God. But now behold, In the quick forge and workinghouse of thought, How London doth pour out her citizens! The mayor, and all his brethren, in best sort,— Like to the senators of th'antique Rome, With the plebeians swarming at their heels,— Go forth, and fetch their conquering Cæsar in: As, by a lower but by loving likelihood, Were now the general of our gracious empress (As, in good time, he may,) from Ireland coming, Bringing rebellion broached on his sword, How many would the peaceful city quit, To welcome him? much more, and much more cause. Did they this Harry. Now in London place him; (As yet the lamentation of the French Invites the king of England's stay at home: The emperor's coming in behalf of France, To order peace between them;) and omit All the occurrences, whatever chanc'd, Till Harry's back-return again to France; There must we bring him; and myself have play'd The interim, by remembering you-'tis past. Then brook abridgement; and your eyes advance After your thoughts, straight back again to France. [Exit.

SCENE I.—France. An English court of guard.

Enter Fluellen and Gower.

Gow. Nay, that's right; but why wear you your leek to-day? Saint Davy's day is past.

Flu. There is occasions and causes why and wherefore in all things: I will tell you, as my friend, captain Gower; The rascally, scald, beggarly, lowsy, pragging knave, Pistol,—which you and yourself, and all the 'orld, know to be no petter than a fellow, look you now, of no merits,—he is come to me, and prings me pread and salt yesterday, look you, and bid me eat my leek: it was in a place where I could not preed no contentions with him; but I would be so pold as to wear it in my cap till I see him once again, and then I will tell him a little piece of my desires.

Enter PISTOL.

Gow. Why, here he comes, swelling like a turkey-cock. Flu. 'Tis no matter for his swellings, nor his turkey-cocks.—Got pless you, ancient Pistol! you scurvy, lowsy knave, Got pless you!

Pist. Ha! art thou Bedlam? dost thou thirst, base Trojan,

To have me fold up Parca's fatal web?

Hence! I am qualmish at the smell of leek.

Flu. I peseech you heartily, scurvy lowsy knave, at my desires, and my requests, and my petitions, to eat, look you, this leek; because, look you, you do not love it, nor your affections, and your appetites, and your digestions, does not agree with it, I would desire you to eat it.

Pist. Not for Cadwallader, and all his goats.

Flu. There is one goat for you. [Strikes him.] Will you be so goot, scald knave, as ϵ at it?

Pist. Base Trojan, thou shalt die.

Flu. You say very true, scald knave, when Got's will is: I will desire you to live in the mean time and eat your victuals; come, there is sauce for it. [Striking him again.] You called me yesterday, mountain-squire; but I will make you to-day a squire of low degree. I pray you, fall to; if you can mock a leek, you can eat a leek.

Gow. Enough, captain; you have astonished him.

Flu. I say, I will make him eat some part of my leek, or I will peat his pate four days:—Pite, I pray you; it is goot for your green wound, and your ploody coxcomb.

Pist. Must I bite?

Flu. Yes, certainly; and out of doubt, and out of questions too, and ambiguities.

Pist. By this leek, I will most horribly revenge; I eat, and eke I swear—.

Flu. Eat, I pray you: Will you have some more sauce to your leek? there is not enough leek to swear by.

Pist. Quiet thy cudgel; thou dost see, I eat.

Flu. Much goot do you, scald knave, heartily. Nay, 'pray you, throw none away; the skin is goot for your proken coxcomb. When you take occasions to see leeks hereafter, I pray you, mock at them; that is all.

Pist. Good.

Flu. Ay, leeks is goot:—Hold you, there is a groat to heal your pate.

Pist. Me a groat!

Flu. Yes, verily, and in truth, you shall take it; or I have another leek in my pocket, which you shall eat.

Pist. I take thy groat, in earnest of revenge.

Flu. If I owe you any thing, I will pay you in cudgels; you shall be a woodmonger, and buy nothing of me but cudgels. God be wi' you, and keep you, and heal your pate.

[Exit.

Pist. All hell shall stir for this.

Gow. Go, go; you are a counterfeit cowardly knave. Will you mock at an ancient tradition,—begun upon an honourable respect, and worn as a memorable trophy of predeceased valour,—and dare not avouch in your deeds any of your words? I have seen you gleeking and galling at this gentleman twice or thrice. You thought, because he could not speak English in the native garb, he could not therefore handle an English cudgel: you find it otherwise; and, henceforth, let a Welsh correction teach you a good English condition. Fare ye well.

Pist. Doth fortune play the huswife with me now? News have I, that my Nell is dead i'th' spital Of malady of France; And there my rendezvous is quite cut off. Old I do wax; and from my weary limbs Honour is cudgell'd. Well, bawd will I turn, And something lean to cutpurse of quick hand. To England will I steal, and there I'll steal: And patches will I get unto these scars, And swear, I got them in the Gallia wars. [Exit.

SCENE II.—Troyes in Champagne. An apartment in the French King's palace.

Enter, at one door, King Henry, Bedford, Gloster, Exeter, Warwick, Westmoreland, and other Lords, at another, the French King, Queen Isabel, the Princess Katharine, Lords, Ladies, &c. the Duke of Burgundy, and his train.

K. Hen. Peace to this meeting, wherefore we are met!

Unto our brother France,—and to our sister, Health and fair time of day:—joy and good wishes To our most fair and princely cousin K tharine; And (as a branch and member of this royalty, By whom this great assembly is contriv'd,) We do salute you, duke of Burgundy;—And, princes French, and peers, health to you all!

Fr. King. Right joyous are we to behold your face, Most worthy brother England; fairly met:—

So are you, princes English, every one.

Q. Isa. So happy be the issue, brother England, Of this good day, and of this gracious meeting, As we are now glad to behold your eyes; Your eyes, which hitherto have borne in them Against the French, that met them in their bent, The fatal balls of murdering basilisks: The venom of such looks, we fairly hope, Have lost their quality; and that this day Shall change all griefs, and quarrels, into love.

K. Hen. To cry amen to that, thus we appear. Q. Isa. You English princes all, I do salute you. Bur. My duty to you both, on equal love,

Great kings of France and England! That I have labour'd With all my wits, my pains, and strong endeavours, To bring your most imperial majesties Unto this bar and royal interview, Your mightiness on both parts best can witness. Since then my office hath so far prevail'd, That, face to face, and royal eye to eye, You have congreeted; let it not disgrace me, If I demand, before this royal view, What rub, or what impediment, there is, Why that the naked, poor, and mangled peace, Dear nurse of arts, plenties, and joyful births, Should not, in this best garden of the world, Our fertile France, put up her lovely visage? Alas! she hath from France too long been chas'd; And all her husbandry doth lie on heaps, Corrupting in its own fertility. Her vine, the merry cheerer of the heart, Unpruned dies: her hedges even-pleached,-Like prisoners wildly over-grown with hair, Put forth disorder'd twigs: her fallow leas The darnel, hemlock, and rank fumitory, Doth root upon; while that the coulter rusts, That should deracinate such savagery: The even mead, that erst brought sweetly forth The freckled cowslip, burnet, and green clover, Wanting the scythe, all uncorrected, rank, Conceives by idleness; and nothing teems, But hateful docks, rough thistles, kecksies, burs, Losing both beauty and utility. And as our vineyards, fallows, meads, and hedges, Defective in their natures, grow to wildness; Even so our houses, and ourselves, and children,

Have lost, or do not learn, for want of time, The sciences that should become our country; But grow, like savages,—as soldiers will, That nothing do but meditate on blood,—To swearing, and stern looks, diffus'd attire, And every thing that seems unnatural. Which to reduce into our former favour, You are assembled: and my speech entreats, That I may know the let, why gentle peace Should not expel these inconveniencies, And bless us with her former qualities.

K. Hen. If, duke of Burgundy, you would the peace, Whose want gives growth to th' imperfections Which you have cited, you must buy that peace With full accord to all our just demands; Whose tenours and particular effects You have, enschedul'd briefly, in your hands.

Bur. The king hath heard them; to the which, as yet, There is no answer made.

K. Hen. Well then, the peace, Which you before so urg'd, lies in his answer.

Fr. King. I have but with a cursorary eye O'er-glanc'd the articles: pleaseth your grace To appoint some of your council presently To sit with us once more, with better heed To re-survey them, we will, suddenly, Pass our accept, and peremptory answer.

K. Hen. Brother, we shall.—Go, uncle Exeter,—And brother Clarence,—and you, brother Gloster,—Warwick,—and Huntington,—go with the king: And take with you free power, to ratify, Augment, or alter, as your wisdoms best Shall see advantageable for our dignity,

Any thing in, or out of, our demands; And we'll consign thereto.-Will you, fair sister, Go with the princes, or stay here with us?

Q. Isa. Our gracious brother, I will go with them; Haply, a woman's voice may do some good, When articles, too nicely urg'd, be stood on.

K. Hen. Yet leave our cousin Katharine here with us; She is our capital demand, compris'd Within the fore-rank of our articles.

Q. Isa. She hath good leave.

[Exeunt all but HENRY, KATHARINE, and her Gentlewoman.

K. Hen. Fair Katharine, and most fair! Will you vouchsafe to teach a soldier terms, Such as will enter at a lady's ear, And plead his love-suit to her gentle heart?

Kath. Your majesty shall mock at me; I cannot speak your England.

K. Hen. O fair Katharine, if you will love me soundly with your French heart, I will be glad to hear you confess it brokenly with your English tongue. Do you like me, Kate?

Kath. Pardonnez moy, I cannot tell vat is—like me. K. Hen. An angel is like you, Kate; and you are like an angel.

Kath. Que dit-il? que je suis semblable à les anges? Alice. Ouy, vrayment, (sauf vostre grace) ainsi dit il.

K. Hen. I said so, dear Katharine; and I must not blush to affirm it.

Kath. O bon Dieu! les langues des hommes sont pleines des tromperies.

K. Hen. What says she, fair one? that the tongues of men are full of deceits?

Alice. Ouy: dat de tongues of de mans is be full of

deceits: dat is de princess.

K. Hen. The princess is the better English-woman. I faith, Kate, my wooing is fit for thy understanding: I am glad, thou canst speak no better English: for, if thou couldst, thou wouldst find me such a plain king that thou wouldst think, I had sold my farm to buy my crown. I know no ways to mince it in love, but directly to say—I love you: then, if you urge me further than to say—Do you in faith? I wear out my suit. Give me your answer; I faith, do; and so clap hands and a bargain: How say you, lady?

Kath. Sauf vostre honneur, me understand well.

K. Hen. Marry, if you would put me to verses, or to dance for your sake, Kate, why you undid me: for the one, I have neither words nor measure; and for the other, I have no strength in measure, yet a reasonable measure in strength. If I could win a lady at leap-frog, or by vaulting into my saddle with my armour on my back, under the correction of bragging be it spoken, I should quickly leap into a wife. Or, if I might buffet for my love, or bound my horse for her favours, I could lay on like a butcher, and sit like a jack-an-apes, never off: but, before God, I cannot look greenly, nor gasp out my eloquence, nor I have no cunning in protestation; only downright oaths, which I never use till urged, nor never break for urging. If thou canst love a fellow of this temper, Kate, whose face is not worth sun-burning, that never looks in his glass for love of any thing he sees there, let thine eye be thy cook. speak to thee plain soldier: If thou canst love me for this, take me: if not, to say to thee—that I shall die, is true; but-for thy love, by the Lord, no; yet I love

SCENE II.

to my love? speak, my fair, and fairly, I pray thee. Kath. Is it possible dat I should love de enemy of France?

K. Hen. No; it is not possible, you should love the enemy of France, Kate: but, in loving me, you should love the friend of France; for I love France so well, that I will not part with a village of it; I will have it all mine: and, Kate, when France is mine, and I am yours, then yours is France, and you are mine.

Kath." I cannot tell vat is dat.

K. Hen. No, Kate? I will tell thee in French; which, I am sure, will hang upon my tongue like a newmarried wife about her husband's neck, hardly to be shook off. Quand j'ay la possession de France, et quand vous avez le possession de moi, (let me see, what then? Saint Dennis be my speed!)-donc vostre est France, et vous estes mienne. It is as easy for me, Kate, to conquer the kingdom, as to speak so much more French: I shall never move thee in French, unless it be to laugh at me.

Kath. Sauf vostre honneur, le François que vous parlez, est meilleur que l'Anglois lequel je parle.

K. Hen. No, 'faith, is't not, Kate: but thy speaking of my tongue, and I thine, most truly falsely, must needs be granted to be much at one. But, Kate, dost thou understand thus much English? Canst thou love me?

Kath. I cannot tell.

K. Hen. Can any of your neighbours tell, Kate? I'll ask them. Come, I know, thou lovest me: and at night when you come into your closet, you'll question this gentlewoman about me; and I know, Kate, you will, to her, dispraise those parts in me, that you love with your heart: but, good Kate, mock me mercifully; the rather, gentle princess, because I love thee cruelly. If ever thou be'st mine, Kate, (as I have a saving faith within me, tells me,—thou shalt,) I get thee with scambling, and thou must therefore needs prove a good soldier-breeder: Shall not thou and I, between Saint Dennis and Saint George, compound a boy, half French, half English, that shall go to Constantinople, and take the Turk by the beard? shall we not? what sayest thou, my fair flower-de-luce?

Kath. I do not know dat.

K. Hen. No; 'tis hereafter to know, but now to promise: do but now promise, Kate, you will endeavour for your French part of such a boy; and, for my English moiety, take the word of a king and a bachelor. How answer you, la plus belle Katharine du monde, mon tres chere et divine deesse?

Kath. Your majesté 'ave fausse French enough to deceive de most sage damoiselle dat is en France.

K. Hen. Now, fye upon my false French! By mine honour, in true English, I love thee, Kate: by which honour I dare not swear, thou lovest me; yet my blood begins to flatter me that thou dost, notwithstanding the poor and untempering effect of my visage. beshrew my father's ambition! he was thinking of civil wars when he got me; therefore was I created with a stubborn outside, with an aspect of iron, that, when I come to woo ladies, I fright them. But, in faith, Kate, the elder I wax, the better I shall appear: my comfort is, that old age, that ill layer-up of beauty, can do no more spoil upon my face: thou hast me, if thou hast me, at the worst; and thou shalt wear me, if thou wear me, better and better; And therefore tell me, most fair Katharine, will you have me? Put off your maiden blushes; avouch the thoughts of your heart with the looks of an empress; take me by the hand, and say-Harry of England, I am thine: which word thou shalt no sooner bless mine ear withal, but I will tell thee aloud-England is thine, Ireland is thine, France is thine, and Henry Plantagenet is thine; who, though I speak it before his face, if he be not fellow with the best king, thou shalt find the best king of good fellows. Come, your answer in broken musick; for thy voice is musick, and thy English broken: therefore, queen of all, Katharine, break thy mind to me in broken English, Wilt thou have me?

Kath. Dat is, as it shall please de roy mon pere.

K. Hen. Nay, it will please him well, Kate; it shall please him, Kate.

Kath. Den it shall also content me.

K. Hen. Upon that I will kiss your hand, and I call you—my queen.

Kath. Laissez, mon seigneur, laissez, laissez: ma foy, je ne veux point que vous abbaissez vostre grandeur, en baisant la main d'une vostre indigne serviteure: excusez moy, je vous supplie, mon tres puissant seigneur.

K. Hen. Then I will kiss your lips, Kate.

Kate. Les dames, et damoiselles, pour estre baiseés devant leur nopces, il n'est pas le coûtume de France.

K. Hen. Madam my interpreter, what says she?

Alice. Dat it is not be de fashion pour les ladies of France,—I cannot tell what is, baiser, en English.

K. Hen. To kiss.

Alice. Your majesty entendre bettre que moy.

K. Hen. It is not the fashion for the maids in France to kiss before they are married, would she say?

Alice. Ouy, vrayment.

K. Hen. O, Kate, nice customs curt'sy to great kings. Dear Kate, you and I cannot be confined within the weak list of a country's fashion: we are the makers of manners, Kate; and the liberty that follows our places, stops the mouths of all find-faults; as I will do yours, for upholding the nice fashion of your country, in denying me a kiss: therefore, patiently, and yielding. [Kissing her.] You have witchcraft in your lips, Kate: there is more eloquence in a sugar touch of them, than in the tongues of the French council; and they should sooner persuade Harry of England, than a general petition of monarchs. Here comes your father.

Enter the French King and Queen, Burgundy, Bed-FORD, GLOSTER, EXETER, WESTMORELAND, and other French and English Lords.

Bur. God save your majesty! my royal cousin, teach you our princess English?

K. Hen. I would have her learn, my fair cousin, how perfectly I love her; and that is good English.

Bur. Is she not apt?

K. Hen. Our tongue is rough, coz; and my condition is not smooth: so that, having neither the voice nor the heart of flattery about me, I cannot so conjure up the spirit of love in her, that he will appear in his true likeness.

Bur. Pardon the frankness of my mirth, if I answer you for that. If you would conjure in her you must make a circle: if conjure up love in her in his true likeness, he must appear naked, and blind: Can you blame her then, being a maid yet rosed over with the virgin crimson of modesty, if she deny the appearance of a naked blind boy in her naked seeing self? It were, my lord, a hard condition for a maid to consign to.

K. Hen. Yet they do wink, and yield; as love is blind,

and enforces.

Bur. They are then excused, my lord, when they see not what they do.

K. Hen. Then, good my lord, teach your cousin to consent to winking.

Bur. I will wink on her to consent, my lord, if you will teach her to know my meaning: for maids, well summered and warm kept, are like flies at Bartholomewtide, blind, though they have their eyes; and then they will endure handling, which before would not abide looking on.

K. Hen. This moral ties me over to time, and a hot summer; and so I will catch the fly, your cousin, in the latter end, and she must be blind too.

Bur. As love is, my lord, before it loves.

K. Hen. It is so: and you may, some of you, thank

love for my blindness; who cannot see many a fair French city, for one fair French maid that stands is my way.

Fr. King. Yes, my lord, you see them perspectively, the cities turned into a maid; for they are all girdled with maiden walls, that war hath never entered.

K. Hen. Shall Kate be my wife?

Fr. King. So please you.

K. Hen. I am content; so the maiden cities you talk of, may wait on her: so the maid, that stood in the way of my wish, shall show me the way to my will.

Fr. King. We have consented to all terms of reason.

K. Hen. Is't so, my lords of England?

West. The king hath granted every article: His daughter, first; and then, in sequel, all,

According to their firm proposed natures.

Exe. Only, he hath not yet subscribed this:—Where your majesty demands,—That the king of France, having any occasion to write for matter of grant, shall name your highness in this form, and with this addition in French,—Notre tres cher filz Henry roy d'Angleterre, heretier de France; and thus in Latin,—Præclarissimus filius noster Henricus, rex Angliæ, et hæres Franciæ.

Fr. King. Nor this I have not, brother, so denied, But your request shall make me let it pass.

K. Hen. I pray you then, in love and dear alliance, Let that one article rank with the rest:

And, thereupon, give me your daughter.

Fr. King. Take her, fair son; and from her blood raise up

Issue to me: that the contending kingdoms
Of France and England, whose very shores look pale

With envy of each other's happiness, May cease their hatred; and this dear conjunction Plant neighbourhood and christian-like accord In their sweet bosoms, that never war advance His bleeding sword 'twixt England and fair France.

All. Amen!

K. Hen. Now welcome, Kate:—and bear me witness all,

That here I kiss her as my sovereign queen. [Flourish. Q. Isa. God, the best maker of all marriages, Combine your hearts in one, your realms in one! As man and wife, being two, are one in love, So be there 'twixt your kingdoms such a spousal, That never may ill office, or fell jealousy, Which troubles oft the bed of blessed marriage, Thrust in between the paction of these kingdoms, To make divorce of their incorporate league; That English may as French, French Englishmen, Receive each other!—God speak this Amen!

All. Amen!

K. Hen. Prepare we for our marriage:—on which day, My lord of Burgundy, we'll take your oath, And all the peers', for surety of our leagues.—
Then shall I swear to Kate, and you to me;
And may our oaths well kept and prosp'rous be!

[Exeunt,

Enter CHORUS

Thus far, with rough, and all unable pen,
Our bending author hath pursu'd the story;
In little room confining mighty men,
Mangling by starts the full course of their glory.

Small time, but, in that small, most greatly liv'd
This star of England: fortune made his sword;
By which the world's best garden he achiev'd,
And of it left his son imperial lord.
Henry the sixth, in infant bands crown'd king
Of France and England did this king succeed;
Whose state so many had the managing,
That they lost France, and made his England bleed:

Which oft our stage hath shown; and, for their sake, In your fair minds let this acceptance take. [Exit.

KING HENRY VI.

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PART I.

King Henry VI. Part I.] The historical transactions contained in this play, take in the compass of above thirty years. I must observe, however, that our author, in the three parts of Henry VI. has not been very precise to the date and disposition of his facts; but shuffled them, backwards and forwards, out of time. For instance; the lord Talbot is killed at the end of the fourth Act of this play, who in reality did not fall till the 13th of July, 1453; and The Second Part of Henry VI. opens with the marriage of the king, which was solemnized eight years before Talbot's death, in the year 1445. Again, in the Second Part, dame Eleanor Cobham is introduced to insult Queen Margaret; though her penance and banishment for sorcery happened three years before that princess came over to England. I could point out many other transgressions against history, as far as the order of time is concerned. Indeed, though there are several master-strokes in these three plays, which incontestibly betray the workmanship of Shakespeare; yet I am almost doubtful, whether they were entirely of his writing. And unless they were wrote by him very early, I should rather imagine them to have been brought to him as a director of the stage; and so have received some finishing beauties at his hand. An accurate observer will easily see, the diction of them is more obsolete, and the numbers more mean and prosaical, than in the generality of his genuine compositions.

With respect to the second and third parts of K. Henry VI. or, as they were originally called, The Contention of the Two famous Houses of Yorke and Lancaster, they stand, in my apprehension, on a very different ground from that of this first part. or, as I believe it was anciently called, The Play of King Henry VI.—The Contention, &c. printed in two parts. in quarto, 1600, was, I conceive, the production of some playwright who preceded, or was contemporary with Shakespeare; and out of that piece he formed the two plays which are now denominated the Second and Third Parts of King Henry VI.; as, out of the old plays of King John and The Taming of the Shrew, he formed two other plays with the same titles.

This old play of King Henry VI. now before us, or as our author's editors have called it, the first part of King

Henry VI. I suppose, to have been written in 1589, or before. See An Attempt to ascertain the Order of Shakespeare's Plays, Vol. II. The disposition of facts in these three plays, not always corresponding with the dates, which Mr. Theobald mentions, and the want of uniformity and consistency in the series of events exhibited, may perhaps be in some measure accounted for by the hypothesis now stated. As to our author's having accepted these pieces as a Director of the stage, he had, I fear, no pretension to such a situation at so early a period.

Malone.

PERSONS REPRESENTED.

King HENRY the Sixth.

Duke of GLOSTER, uncle to the king, and protector.

Duke of BEDFORD, uncle to the king, and regent of France.

THOMAS BEAUFORT, duke of Exeter, great uncle to the king.

HENRY BEAUFORT, great uncle to the king, bishop of Win-

chester, and afterwards cardinal.

JOHN BEAUTORT, earl of Somerset; afterwards duke.

RICHARD PLANTAGENET, eldest son of Richard late earl of Cambridge; afterwards duke of York.

Earl of Warwick. Earl of Salisbury. Earl of Suffolk. Lord Talbot, afterwards earl of Shrewsbury:

JOHN TALBOT, his son.

EDMUND MORTIMER, earl of March.

Mortimer's Keeper, and a Lawyer.

Sir John Fastolfe. Sir William Lucy.

Sir William Glansdale. Sir Thomas Gargrave.

Mayor of London. Woodville, lieutenant of the Tower.

VERNON, of the White Rose, or York faction. BASSET, of the Red Rose, or Lancaster faction.

CHARLES, dauphin, and afterwards king of France. REIGNIER, duke of Anjou, and titular king of Naples.

Duke of Burgundy. Duke of Alençon.
Governor of Paris. Bastard of Orleans.

Master-Gunner of Orleans, and his son. General of the French forces in Bourdeaux.

A French Sergeant. A Porter.

An old Shepherd, father to Joan la Pucelle.

MARGARET, daughter to Reignier; afterwards married to King Henry.

Countess of AUVERGNE.

JOAN LA PUCELLE, commonly called Joan of Arc.

Fiends appearing to La Pucelle, Lords, Warders of the Tower, Heralds, Officers, Soldiers, Messengers, and several Attendants both on the English and French.

SCENE, partly in England, and partly in France.

FIRST PART OF

KING HENRY VI.

ACT I.

SCENE I.—Westminster Abbey.

Dead march. Corpse of King Henry the Fifth discovered, lying in state; attended on by the Dukes of Bedford, Gloster, and Exeter; the Earl of Warwick, the Bishop of Winchester, Heralds, &c.

Bed. Hung be the heavens with black, yield day to night!

Comets, importing change of times and states, Brandish your crystal tresses in the sky; And with them scourge the bad revolting stars, That have consented unto Henry's death! Henry the fifth, too famous to live long! England ne'er lost a king of so much worth.

Glo England ne'er had a king until his time.

Glo. England ne'er had a king, until his time. Virtue he had, deserving to command: His brandish'd sword did blind men with his beams; His arms spread wider than a dragon's wings; His sparkling eyes replete with wrathful fire, More dazzled and drove back his enemies, Than mid-day sun, fierce bent against their faces.

What should I say? his deeds exceed all speech: He ne'er lift up his hand, but conquered.

Exe. We mourn in black; Why mourn we not in blood?

Henry is dead, and never shall revive:
Upon a wooden coffin we attend;
And death's dishonourable victory
We with our stately presence glorify,
Like captives bound to a triumphant car.
What? shall we curse the planets of mishap,
That plotted thus our glory's overthrow?
Or shall we think the subtle-witted French
Conjurers and sorcerers, that, afraid of him,
By magick verses have contriv'd his end?

Win. He was a king bless'd of the King of kings. Unto the French the dreadful judgement-day So dreadful will not be, as was his sight. The battles of the Lord of hosts he fought: The church's prayers made him so prosperous.

Glo. The church! where is it? Had not churchmen pray'd.

His thread of life had not so soon decay'd: None do you like but an effeminate prince, Whom, like a school-boy, you may over-awe.

Win. Gloster, whate'er we like, thou art protector; And lookest to command the prince, and realm. Thy wife is proud; she holdeth thee in awe, More than God, or religious churchmen, may.

Glo. Name not religion, for thou lov'st the flesh; And ne'er throughout the year to church thou go'st, Except it be to pray against thy foes.

Bed. Cease, cease these jars, and rest your minds in peace!

Let's to the altar:—Heralds, wait on us:—
Instead of gold, we'll offer up our arms;
Since arms avail not, now that Henry's dead.—
Posterity, await for wretched years,
When at their mothers' moist eyes babes shall suck;
Our isle be made a nourish of salt tears,
And none but women left to wail the dead.—
Henry the fifth! thy ghost I invocate;
Prosper this realm, keep it from civil broils!
Combat with adverse planets in the heavens!
A far more glorious star thy soul will make,
'Than Julius Cæsar, or bright—

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My honourable lords, health to you all!
Sad tidings bring I to you out of France,
Of loss, of slaughter, and discomfiture:
Guienne, Champaigne, Rheims, Orleans,
Paris, Guysors, Poictiers, are all quite lost.
Bed. What say'st thou, man, before dead Henry's

Speak softly; or the loss of those great towns Will make him burst his lead, and rise from death.

Glo. Is Paris lost? is Roüen yielded up?

If Henry were recall'd to life again,

These news would cause him once more yield the ghost.

Exe. How were they lost? what treachery was us'd? Mess. No treachery; but want of men and money.

Among the soldiers this is muttered,— That here you maintain several factions; And, whilst a field should be despatch'd and fought, You are disputing of your generals.

One would have ling'ring wars, with little cost;

Another would fly swift but wanteth wings; A third man thinks, without expence at all, By guileful fair words peace may be obtain'd. Awake, awake, English nobility!

Let not sloth dim your honours, new-begot: Cropp'd are the flower-de-luces in your arms; Of England's coat one half is cut away.

Exe. Were our tears wanting to this funeral, These tidings would call forth her flowing tides.

Bed. Me they concern; regent I am of France:—Give me my steeled coat, I'll fight for France.—Away with these disgraceful wailing robes! Wounds I will lend the French, instead of eyes, To weep their intermissive miseries.

Enter another Messenger.

2 Mess. Lords, view these letters, full of bad mischance,

France is revolted from the English quite; Except some petty towns of no import: The Dauphin Charles is crowned king in Rheims; The bastard of Orleans with him is join'd; Reignier, duke of Anjou, doth take his part; The duke of Alençon flieth to his side.

Exe. The Dauphin crowned king! all fly to him! O, whither shall we fly from this reproach?

Glo. We will not fly, but to our enemies' throats:—

Bedford, if thou be slack, I'll fight it out.

Bed. Gloster, why doubt'st thou of my forwardness? An army have I muster'd in my thought Wherewith already France is over-run.

Enter a third Messenger.

3 Mess. My gracious lords,—to add to your laments, Wherewith you now bedew king Henry's hearse,-I must inform you of a dismal fight, Betwixt the stout lord Talbot and the French. Win. What! wherein Talbot overcame? is't so? 3 Mess. O, no; wherein lord Talbot was o'erthrown: The circumstance I'll tell you more at large. The tenth of August last, this dreadful lord, Retiring from the siege of Orleans, Having full scarce six thousand in his troop, By three and twenty thousand of the French Was round encompassed and set upon: No leisure had he to enrank his men; He wanted pikes to set before his archers; Instead whereof, sharp stakes, pluck'd out of hedges, They pitched in the ground confusedly, To keep the horsemen off from breaking in. More than three hours the fight continued; Where valiant Talbot, above human thought, Enacted wonders with his sword and lance. Hundreds he sent to hell, and none durst stand him; Here, there, and every where, enrag'd he slew: The French exclaim'd, The devil was in arms; All the whole army stood agaz'd on him: His soldiers, spying his undaunted spirit, A Talbot! a Talbot! cried out amain, And rush'd into the bowels of the battle. Here had the conquest fully been seal'd up, If sir John Fastolfe had not play'd the coward; He being in the vaward, (plac'd behind, With purpose to relieve and follow them,)

Cowardly fled, not having struck one stroke. Hence grew the general wreck and massacre; Enclosed were they with their enemies:

A base Walloon, to win the Dauphin's grace, Thrust Talbot with a spear into the back; Whom all France, with their chief assembled strength, Durst not presume to look once in the face.

Bed. Is Talbot slain? then I will slay myself, For living idly here, in pomp and ease, Whilst such a worthy leader, wanting aid, Unto his dastard foe-men is betray'd.

3 Mess. O no, he lives; but is took prisoner, And lord Scales with him, and lord Hungerford: Most of the rest slaughter'd, or took, likewise.

Bed. His ransome there is none but I shall pay: I'll hale the Dauphin headlong from his throne, His crown shall be the ransome of my friend; Four of their lords I'll change for one of ours.— Farewell, my masters; to my task will I; Bonfires in France forthwith I am to make, To keep our great Saint George's feast withal: Ten thousand soldiers with me I will take, Whose bloody deeds shall make all Europe quake.

3 Mess. So you had need; for Orleans is besieg'd; The English army is grown weak and faint: The earl of Salisbury craveth supply, And hardly keeps his men from mutiny, Since they, so few, watch such a multitude.

Exe. Remember, lords, your oaths to Henry sworn; Either to quell the Dauphin utterly, Or bring him in obedience to your yoke.

Bed. I do remember it; and here take leave,
To go about my preparation.

[Exit.

Glo. I'll to the Tower, with all the haste I can, To view the artillery and munition;

And then I will proclaim young Henry king. [Exit. Exe. To Eltham will I, where the young king is,

Being ordain'd his special governor;

[Exit.

And for his safety there I'll best devise. Win. Each hath his place and function to attend: I am left out; for me nothing remains.

But long I will not be Jack-out-of-office; The king from Eltham I intend to send, And sit at chiefest stern of publick weal.

[Exit. Scene closes.

SCENE II.—France. Before Orleans.

Enter Charles, with his forces; Alençon, Reignier, and others.

Char. Mars his true moving, even as in the heavens, So in the earth, to this day is not known: Late did he shine upon the English side; Now we are victors upon us he smiles. What towns of any moment, but we have? At pleasure here we lie, near Orleans; Otherwhiles, the famish'd English, like pale ghosts, Faintly besiege us one hour in a month.

Alen. They want their porridge, and their fat bullheeves:

Either they must be dieted like mules, And have their provender tyed to their mouths, Or piteous they will look, like drowned mice.

Reig. Let's raise the siege; Why live we idly here? Talbot is taken, whom we wont to fear:

Remaineth none but mad-brain'd Salisbury; And he may well in fretting spend his gall, Nor men, nor money, hath he to make war.

Char. Sound, sound alarum; we will rush on them. Now for the honour of the forlorn French:—Him I forgive my death, that killeth me, When he sees me go back one foot, or fly. [Exeunt.

Alarums; excursions; afterwards a retreat.

Re-enter Charles, Alençon, Reignier, and others.

Char. Who ever saw the like? what men have I?—Dogs! cowards! dastards!—I would ne'er have fled, But that they left me 'midst my enemies.

Reig. Salisbury is a desperate homicide; He fighteth as one weary of his life. The other lords, like lions wanting food, Do rush upon us as their hungry prey.

Alen. Froissard, a countryman of ours, records, England all Olivers and Rowlands bred, During the time Edward the third did reign. More truly now may this be verified; For none but Samsons, and Goliasses, It sendeth forth to skirmish. One to ten! Lean raw-bon'd rascals! who would e'er suppose They had such courage and audacity?

Char. Let's leave this town; for they are hair-brain'd

And hunger will enforce them to be more eager:
Of old I know them; rather with their teeth
The walls they'll tear down, than forsake the siege.
Reig. I think by some odd gimmals or device,

Their arms are set, like clocks, still to strike on;

Else ne'er could they hold out so, as they do.

By my consent, we'll e'en let them alone.

Alen. Be it so.

Enter the Bastard of Orleans

Bast. Where's the prince Dauphin, I have news for him.

Char. Bastard of Orleans, thrice welcome to us.

Bast. Methinks, your looks are sad, your cheer appall'd; Hath the late overthrow wrought this offence?

Be not dismay'd, for succour is at hand:

A holy maid hither with me I bring,

Which, by a vision sent to her from heaven,

Ordained is to raise this tedious siege,

And drive the English forth the bounds of France.

The spirit of deep prophecy she hath,

Exceeding the nine sibyls of old Rome;

What's past, and what's to come, she can descry.

Speak, shall I call her in? Believe my words,

For they are certain and unfallible.

Char. Go, call her in: [Exit Bastard.] But, first, to try her skill,

Reignier, stand thou as Dauphin in my place: Question her proudly, let thy looks be stern:— By this means shall we sound what skill she hath.

[Retires.

Enter LA PUCELLE, Bastard of Orleans, and others.

Reig. Fair maid, is't thou wilt do these wond'rous feats?

Puc. Reignier, is't thou that thinkest to beguile me?—Where is the Dauphin?—come, come from behind; I know thee well, though never seen before.

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Be not amaz'd, there's nothing hid from me:
In private will I talk with thee apart;

Stand back, you lords, and give us leave a while.

Reig. She takes upon her bravely at first dash. Puc. Dauphin, I am by birth a shepherd's daughter, My wit untrain'd in any kind of art. Heaven, and our Lady gracious, hath it pleas'd To shine on my contemptible estate: Lo, whilst I waited on my tender lambs, And to sun's parching heat display'd my cheeks, God's mother deigned to appear to me; And, in a vision full of majesty, Will'd me to leave my base vocation, And free my country from calamity: Her aid she promis'd, and assur'd success: In complete glory she reveal'd herself; And, whereas I was black and swart before, With those clear rays which she infus'd on me, That beauty am I bless'd with, which you see. Ask me what question thou canst possible, And I will answer unpremeditated: My courage try by combat, if thou dar'st, And thou shalt find that I exceed my sex. Resolve on this: Thou shalt be fortunate,

If thou receive me for thy warlike mate.

Char. Thou hast astonish'd me with thy high terms:

Only this proof I'll of thy valour make,— In single combat thou shalt buckle with me; And, if thou vanquishest, thy words are true; Otherwise, I renounce all confidence.

Puc. I am prepar'd: here is my keen-edg'd sword, Deck'd with five flower-de-luces on each side;

The which at Touraine, in Saint Katharine's churchyard,

Out of a deal of old iron I chose forth.

Char. Then come o'God's name, I fear no woman.

Puc. And, while I live, I'll ne'er fly from a man.

[They fight.

Char. Stay, stay thy hands; thou art an Amazon, And fightest with the sword of Deborah.

Puc. Christ's mother helps me, else I were too weak. Char. Whoe'er helps thee, 'tis thou that must help me:

Impatiently I burn with thy desire;

My heart and hands thou hast at once subdu'd.

Excellent Pucelle, if thy name be so,

Let me thy servant, and not sovereign, be;

'Tis the French Dauphin sueth to thee thus.

Puc. I must not yield to any rites of love, For my profession's sacred from above:

When I have chased all thy foes from hence,

Then will I think upon a recompense.

Char. Mean time, look gracious on thy prostrate thrall.

Reig. My lord, methinks, is very long in talk.

Alen. Doubtless he shrives this woman to her smock;

Else ne'er could he so long protract his speech.

Reig. Shall we disturb him, since he keeps no mean? Alen. He may mean more than we poor men do know:

These women are shrewd tempters with their tongues.

Reig. My lord, where are you? what devise you on?

Shall we give over Orleans, or no?

Puc. Why, no, I say, distrustful recreants!

Fight till the last gasp; I will be your guard.

Char. What she says, I'll confirm; we'll fight it out. Puc. Assign'd am I to be the English scourge.

This night the siege assuredly I'll raise:
Expect Saint Martin's summer, halcyon days,
Since I have entered into these wars.
Glory is like a circle in the water,
Which never ceaseth to enlarge itself,
Till, by broad spreading, it disperse to nought.
With Henry's death, the English circle ends;
Dispersed are the glories it included.
Now am I like that proud insulting ship,
Which Cæsar and his fortune bare at once.

Char. Was Mahomet inspired with a dove? Thou with an eagle art inspired then. Helen, the mother of great Constantine, Nor yet Saint Philip's daughters, were like thee. Bright star of Venus, fall'n down on the earth, How may I reverently worship thee enough?

Alen. Leave off delays, and let us raise the siege.

Reig. Woman, do what thou canst to save our honours;

Drive them from Orleans, and be immortaliz'd.

Char. Presently we'll try:—Come, let's away about it:
No prophet will I trust, if she prove false. [Exeunt

SCENE III.—London. Hill before the Tower.

Enter, at the gates, the Duke of GLOSTER, with his Servingmen, in blue coats.

Glo. I am come to survey the Tower this day; Since Henry's death, I fear, there is conveyance.— Where be these warders, that they wait not here? Open the gates; Gloster it is that calls. [Servants knock.]

1 Ward. [Within.] Who is there that knocks so imperiously?

1 Serv. It is the noble duke of Gloster.

2 Ward. [Within.] Whoe'er he be, you may not be let in.

1 Serv. Answer you so the lord protector, villains?

1 Ward. [Within.] The lord protect him! so we answer him:

We do no otherwise than we are will'd.

Glo. Who willed you? or whose will stands, but mine? There's none protector of the realm, but I.—Break up the gates, I'll be your warrantize: Shall I be flouted thus by dunghill grooms?

Servants rush at the Tower gates. Enter, to the gates, Woodville, the Lieutenant.

Wood. [Within.] What noise is this? what traitors have we here?

Glo. Lieutenant, is it you, whose voice I hear? Open the gates; here's Gloster, that would enter.

Wood. [Within.] Have patience, noble duke; I may not open;

The cardinal of Winchester forbids:

From him I have express commandement,

That thou, nor none of thine, shall be let in.

Glo. Faint-hearted Woodville, prizest him'fore me? Arrogant Winchester? that haughty prelate, Whom Henry, our late sovereign, ne'er could brook? Thou art no friend to God, or to the king:

Open the gates, or I'll shut thee out shortly.

1 Serv. Open the gates unto the lord protector; Or we'll burst them open, if that you come not quickly.

Enter Winchester, attended by a train of Servants in tawny coats.

Win. How now, ambitious Humphry? what means this?

Glo. Piel'd priest, dost thou command me to be shut out? Win. I do, thou most usurping proditor,

And not protector of the king or realm.

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Glo. Stand back, thou manifest conspirator; Thou, that contriv'dst to murder our dead lord; Thou, that giv'st whores indulgences to sin: I'll canvas thee in thy broad cardinal's hat, If thou proceed in this thy insolence.

Win. Nay, stand thou back, I will not budge a foot;

This be Damascus, be thou cursed Cain, To slay thy brother Abel, if thou wilt.

Glo. I will not slay thee, but I'll drive thee back: Thy scarlet robes, as a child's bearing-cloth

I'll use, to carry thee out of this place.

Win. Do what thou dar'st; I beard thee to thy face Glo. What? am I dar'd, and bearded to my face?-Draw, men, for all this privileged place; Blue-coats to tawny-coats. Priest, beware your beard;

[GLOSTER and his men attack the Bishop.

I mean to tug it, and to cuff you soundly: Under my feet I stamp thy cardinal's hat; In spite of pope or dignities of church, Here by the cheeks I'll drag thee up and down.

Win. Gloster, thou'lt answer this before the pope. Glo. Winchester goose, I cry—a rope! a rope!— Now beat them hence, Why do you let them stay?-Thee I'll chase hence, thou wolf in sheep's array.-Out, tawny coats!—out, scarlet hypocrite!

Here a great tumult. In the midst of it, enter the Mayor of London, and Officers.

May. Fye, lords! that you, being supreme magistrates, Thus contumeliously should break the peace!

Glo. Peace, mayor; thou know'st little of my wrongs: Here's Beaufort, that regards nor God nor king, Hath here distrain'd the Tower to his use.

Win. Here's Gloster too, a foe to citizens;
One that still motions war, and never peace,
O'ercharging your free purses with large fines;
That seeks to overthrow religion,
Because he is protector of the realm;
And would have armour here out of the Tower,
To crown himself king, and suppress the prince.

Glo. I will not answer thee with words, but blows.

[Here they skirmish again.

May. Nought rests for me, in this tumultuous strife, But to make open proclamation:—
Come, officer; as loud as e'er thou canst.

Off. All manner of men, assembled here in arms this day, against God's peace and the king's, we charge and command you, in his highness' name, to repair to your several dwelling-places; and not to wear, handle, or use, any sword, weapon, or dagger, henceforward, upon pain of death.

Glo. Cardinal, I'll be no breaker of the law: But we shall meet, and break our minds at large.

Win. Gloster, we'll meet; to thy dear cost, be sure: Thy heart-blood I will have, for this day's work.

May. I'll call for clubs, if you will not away:—This cardinal is more haughty than the devil.

Glo. Mayor, farewell: thou dost but what thou may'st. Win. Abominable Gloster! guard thy head;

For I intend to have it, ere long. [Exeunt.

May. See the coast clear'd, and then we will depart.—Good God! that nobles should such stomachs bear!

I myself fight not once in forty year. [Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- France. Before Orleans.

Enter, on the walls, the Master-Gunner and his Son.

M. Gun. Sirrah, thou know'st how Orleans is besieg'd; And how the English have the suburbs won.

Son. Father I know; and oft have shot at them,

Howe'er, unfortunate, I miss'd my aim.

M. Gun. But now thou shalt not. Be thou rul'd by me: Chief master-gunner am I of this town; Something I must do, to procure me grace. The prince's espials have informed me, How the English, in the suburbs close intrench'd, Wont, through a secret grate of iron bars In yonder tower, to overpeer the city; And thence discover, how, with most advantage, They may vex us, with shot, or with assault. To intercept this inconvenience, A piece of ordnance 'gainst it I have plac'd; And fully even these three days have I watch'd, If I could see them. Now, boy, do thou watch, For I can stay no longer. If thou spy'st any, run and bring me word; And thou shalt find me at the governor's. Exit.

Son. Father, I warrant you; take you no care; I'll never trouble you, if I may spy them.

Enter, in an upper chamber of a tower, the Lords Salisbury and Talbot, Sir William Glansdale, Sir Thomas Gargrave, and others.

Sal. Talbot, my life, my joy, again return'd! How wert thou handled, being prisoner? Or by what means got'st thou to be releas'd? Discourse, I pr'ythee, on this turret's top.

Tal. The duke of Bedford had a prisoner, Called—the brave lord Ponton de Stantrailles; For him I was exchang'd and ransomed. But with a baser man of arms by far, Once, in contempt, they would have barter'd me: Which I, disdaining, scorn'd; and craved death Rather than I would be so pil'd esteem'd. In fine, redeem'd I was as I desir'd. But, O! the treacherous Fastolfe wounds my heart! Whom with my bare fists I would execute, If I now had him brought into my power.

Sal. Yet tell'st thou not, how thou wert entertain'd. Tal. With scoffs, and scorns, and contumelious taunts. In open market-place produc'd they me, To be a publick spectacle to all; Here, said they, is the terror of the French, The scare-crow that affrights our children so. Then broke I from the officers that led me; And with my nails digg'd stones out of the ground, To hurl at the beholders of my shame. My grisly countenance made others fly; None durst come near for fear of sudden death. In iron walls they deem'd me not secure; So great fear of my name 'mongst them was spread, That they suppos'd, I could rend bars of steel, And spurn in pieces posts of adamant: Wherefore a guard of chosen shot I had, That walk'd about me every minute-while; And if I did but stir out of my bed, Ready they were to shoot me to the heart.

Sal. I grieve to hear what torments you endur'd: But we will be reveng'd sufficiently.

Now it is supper-time in Orleans:

Here, through this grate, I can count every one, And view the Frenchmen how they fortify; Let us look in, the sight will much delight thee.— Sir Thomas Gargrave, and sir William Glansdale, Let me have your express opinions,

Where is best place to make our battery next.

Gar. I think, at the north gate; for there stand lords. Glan. And I, here, at the bulwark of the bridge. Tal. For aught I see, this city must be famish'd, Or with light skirmishes enfeebled.

[Shot from the town. Salish and Sir T. Garg. fall. Sal. O Lord, have mercy on us, wretched sinners! Gar. O Lord, have mercy on me, woeful man! Tal. What chance is this, that suddenly hath cross'd us?—

Speak, Salisbury; at least, if thou canst speak; How far'st thou, mirror of all martial men? One of thy eyes, and thy cheek's side struck off!-Accursed tower! accursed fatal hand, That hath contriv'd this woeful tragedy! In thirteen battles Salisbury o'ercame; Henry the fifth he first train'd to the wars; Whilst any trump did sound, or drum struck up, His sword did ne'er leave striking in the field.-Yet liv'st thou, Salisbury? though thy speech doth fail, One eye thou hast, to look to heaven for grace: The sun with one eye vieweth all the world.-Heaven, be thou gracious to none alive, If Salisbury wants mercy at thy hands!— Bear hence his body, I will help to bury it .-Sir Thomas Gargrave, hast thou any life? Speak unto Talbot; nay, look up to him. Salisbury, cheer thy spirit with this comfort;

Thou shalt not die, whiles——
He beckons with his hand, and smiles on me;
As who should say, When I am dead and gone,
Remember to avenge me on the French.—
Plantagenet, I will; and Nero-like,
Play on the lute, beholding the towns burn:
Wretched shall France be only in my name.

[Thunder heard; afterwards an alarum. What stir is this? What tumult's in the heavens? Whence cometh this alarum, and the noise?

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Mylord, mylord, the French have gather'd head. The Dauphin, with one Joan la Pucelle join'd,—A holy prophetess, new risen up,—Is come with a great power to raise the siege.

[Salisbury groans,

Tal. Hear, hear, how dying Salisbury doth groan!

It irks his heart, he cannot be reveng'd.—

Frenchmen, I'll be a Salisbury to you:—

Pucelle or puzzel, dolphin or dogfish,

Your hearts I'll stamp out with my horse's heels,

And make a quagmire of your mingled brains.—

Convey me Salisbury into his tent,

And then we'll try what these dastard Frenchmen dare.

[Execunt, bearing out the bodies.]

SCENE V.—The same. Before one of the gates.

Alarum. Skirmishings. Talbot pursueth the Dauphin, and driveth him in: then enter Joan la Pucelle, driving Englishmen before her. Then enter Talbot.

Tal. Where is my strength, my valour, and my force?

Our English troops retire, I cannot stay them; A woman, clad in armour, chaseth them.

Enter LA PUCELLE.

Here, here she comes:——I'll have a bout with thee; Devil, or devil's dam, I'll conjure thee:
Blood will I draw on thee, thou art a witch,
And straightway give thy soul to him thou serv'st.
Puc. Come, come, 'tis only I that must disgrace thee.

They fight.

Tal. Heavens, can you suffer hell so to prevail? My breast I'll burst with straining of my courage, And from my shoulders crack my arms asunder, But I will chastise this high-minded strumpet.

Puc. Talbot, farewell; thy hour is not yet come: I must go victual Orleans forthwith.
O'ertake me, if thou canst; I scorn thy strength.
Go, go, cheer up thy hunger-starved men;
Help Salisbury to make his testament:
This day is ours, as many more shall be.

[Pucelle enters the town, with Soldiers.

Tal. My thoughts are whirled like a potter's wheel; I know not where I am, nor what I do:
A witch, by fear, not force, like Hannibal,
Drives back our troops, and conquers as she lists:
So bees with smoke, and doves with noisome stench,
Are from their hives, and houses, driven away.
They call'd us, for our fierceness, English dogs;
Now, like to whelps, we crying run away.

[A short alarum.

Hark, countrymen! either renew the fight, Or tear the lions out of England's coat; Renounce your soil, give sheep in lions' stead: Sheep run not half so timorous from the wolf, Or horse, or oxen, from the leopard, As you fly from your oft-subdued slaves.

[Alarum. Another skirmish.

It will not be:—Retire into your trenches:
You all consented unto Salisbury's death,
For none would strike a stroke in his revenge.—
Pucelle is enter'd into Orleans,
In spite of us, or aught that we could do.
O, would I were to die with Salisbury!
The shame hereof will make me hide my head.
[Alarum. Retreat. Exeunt Talbot and his forces, &c.

SCENE VI.—The same.

Enter, on the walls, Pucelle, Charles, Reignier, Alençon, and Soldiers.

Puc. Advance our waving colours on the walls; Rescu'd is Orleans from the English wolves:—
Thus Joan la Pucelle hath perform'd her word.

Char. Divinest creature, bright Astræa's daughter, How shall I honour thee for this success? Thy promises are like Adonis' gardens, That one day bloom'd, and fruitful were the next.—France, triumph in thy glorious prophetess!—Recover'd is the town of Orleans:

More blessed hap did ne'er befall our state.

Reig. Why ring not out the bells throughout the town? Dauphin, command the citizens make bonfires, And feast and banquet in the open streets, To celebrate the joy that God hath given us.

Alen. All France will be replete with mirth and joy, When they shall hear how we have play'd the men. Char. 'Tis Joan, not we, by whom the day is won; For which, I will divide my crown with her: And all the priests and friars in my realm Shall, in procession, sing her endless praise. A statelier pyramis to her I'll rear. Than Rhodope's, or Memphis', ever was: In memory of her, when she is dead, Her ashes, in an urn more precious Than the rich-jewell'd coffer of Darius, Transported shall be at high festivals Before the kings and queens of France. No longer on Saint Dennis will we cry, But Joan la Pucelle shall be France's saint. Come in; and let us banquet royally, After this golden day of victory. [Flourish, Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE I.—The same.

Enter to the gates, a French Sergeant, and two Sentinels.

Serg. Sirs, take your places, and be vigilant:
If any noise, or soldier, you perceive,
Near to the walls, by some apparent sign,
Let us have knowledge at the court of guard.

1 Sept. Sergeant, you shall, [Frit Sergeant]. The

1 Sent. Sergeant, you shall. [Exit Sergeant.] Thus are poor servitors

(When others sleep upon their quiet beds,) Constrain'd to watch in darkness, rain, and cold.

Enter Talbot, Bedford, Burgundy, and forces, with scaling ladders; their drums beating a dead march.

Tal. Lord regent,—and redoubted Burgundy,—By whose approach, the regions of Artois,
Walloon, and Picardy, are friends to us,—
This happy night the Frenchmen are secure,
Having all day carous'd and banqueted:
Embrace we then this opportunity;
As fitting best to quittance their deceit,
Contriv'd by art, and baleful sorcery.

Bed. Coward of France!—how much he wrongs his fame.

Despairing of his own arm's fortitude, To join with witches, and the help of hell.

Bur. Traitors have never other company.—
But what's that Pucelle, whom they term so pure?
Tal. A maid, they say.

Bed. A maid! and be so martial!

Bur. Pray God, she prove not masculine ere long; If underneath the standard of the French, She carry armour, as she hath begun.

Tal. Well, let them practise and converse with spirits: God is our fortress; in whose conquering name, Let us resolve to scale their flinty bulwarks.

Bed. Ascend, brave Talbot; we will follow thee.

Tal. Not all together: better far, I guess, That we do make our entrance several ways; That, if it by chance the one of us do fail, The other yet may rise against their force.

Bed. Agreed; I'll to you corner.

Bur. And I to this.

Tal. And here will Talbot mount, or make his grave.—

Now, Salisbury! for thee, and for the right Of English Henry, shall this night appear How much in duty I am bound to both.

[The English scale the walls, crying, St. George! a Talbot! and all enter by the town.

Sent. [Within.] Arm, arm! the enemy doth make assault!

The French leap over the walls in their shirts. Enter, several ways, Bastard, Alençon, Reignier, half ready, and half unready.

Alen. How now, my lords? what, all unready, so?

Bast. Unready? ay, and glad we 'scap'd so well.

Reig. 'Twas time, I trow, to wake and leave our beds, Hearing alarums at our chamber doors.

Alen. Of all exploits, since first I follow'd arms,

Ne'er heard I of a warlike enterprize

More venturous, or desperate than this.

Bast. I think, this Talbot be a fiend of hell.

Reig. If not of hell, the heavens, sure, favour him.

Alen. Here cometh Charles; I marvel, how he sped

Enter Charles and La Pucelle.

Bast. Tut! holy Joan was his defensive guard.

Char. Is this thy cunning, thou deceitful dame?

Didst thou at first, to flatter us withal,

Make us partakers of a little gain,

That now our loss might be ten times so much?

Puc. Wherefore is Charles impatient with his friend?

At all times will you have my power alike? Sleeping, or waking, must I still prevail, Or will you blame and lay the fault on me?—Improvident soldiers! had your watch been good, This sudden mischief never could have fall'n.

Char. Duke of Alençon, this was your default; That, being captain of the watch to-night, Did look no better to that weighty charge.

Alen. Had all your quarters been as safely kept, As that whereof I had the government, We had not been thus shamefully surpriz'd.

Bast. Mine was secure.

Reig. And so was mine, my lord.

Char. And, for myself, most part of all this night, Within her quarter, and mine own precinct, I was employ'd in passing to and fro, About relieving of the sentinels:

Then how, or which way, should they first break in

Puc. Question, my lords, no further of the case, How, or which way; 'tis sure, they found some place But weakly guarded, where the breach was made. And now there rests no other shift but this,—
To gather our soldiers, scatter'd and dispers'd, And lay new platforms to endamage them.

Alarum. Enter an English Soldier, crying, a Talbot! They fly, leaving their clothes behind.

Sold. I'll be so bold to take what they have left.
The cry of Talbot serves me for a sword;
For I have loaden me with many spoils,
Using no other weapon but his name.

[Exit.

SCENE II.—Orleans. Within the town.

Enter Talbot, Bedford, Burgundy, a Captain and others.

Bed. The day begins to break, and night is fled, Whose pitchy mantle over-veil'd the earth. Here sound retreat, and cease our hot pursuit.

Retreat sounded.

ACT H.

Tal. Bring forth the body of old Salisbury; And here advance it in the market-place, The middle centre of this cursed town.— Now have I paid my vow unto his soul; For every drop of blood was drawn from him, There hath at least five Frenchmen died to-night. And, that hereafter ages may behold What ruin happen'd in revenge of him, Within their chiefest temple I'll erect A tomb, wherein his corpse shall be interr'd: Upon the which, that every one may read, Shall be engrav'd the sack of Orleans; The treacherous manner of his mournful death. And what a terror he had been to France. But, lords, in all our bloody massacre, I muse, we met not with the Dauphin's grace; His new-come champion, virtuous Joan of Arc; Nor any of his false confederates.

Bed. 'Tis thought, lord Talbot, when the fight began, Rous'd on the sudden from their drowsy beds, They did, amongst the troops of armed men, Leap o'er the walls for refuge in the field.

Bur. Myself (as far as I could well discern, For smoke, and dusky vapours of the night,)

Am sure, I scar'd the Dauphin, and his trull; When arm in arm they both came swiftly running. Like to a pair of loving turtle-doves, That could not live asunder day or night. After that things are set in order here, We'll follow them with all the power we have.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. All hail, my lords! which of this princely train Call ye the warlike Talbot, for his acts

So much applauded through the realm of France?

Tal. Here is the Talbot, who would speak with

Tal. Here is the Talbot; who would speak with

Mess. The virtuous lady, countess of Auvergne, With modesty admiring thy renown, By me entreats, good lord, thou wouldst vouchsafe To visit her poor castle where she lies; That she may boast, she hath beheld the man Whose glory fills the world with loud report.

Bur. Is it even so? Nay, then, I see, our wars Will turn unto a peaceful comick sport, When ladies crave to be encounter'd with.—You may not, my lord, despise her gentle suit.

Tal. Ne'er trust me then; for, when a world of men Could not prevail with all their oratory, Yet hath a woman's kindness over-rul'd:—
And therefore tell her, I return great thanks; And in submission will attend on her.—
Will not your honours bear me company?

Bed. No, truly; it is more than manners will: And I have heard it said,—Unbidden guests Are often welcomest when they are gone.

Tal. Well then, alone, since there's no remedy,

I mean to prove this lady's courtesy.

Come hither, captain. [Whispers.]—You perceive my mind.

Capt. I do, my lord; and mean accordingly. [Exeunt.

SCENE III.—Auvergne. Court of the castle.

Enter the Countess and her Porter.

Count. Porter, remember what I gave in charge;
And, when you have done so, bring the keys to me.

Port. Madam, I will.

Count. The plot is laid: if all things fall out right,
I shall as famous be by this exploit,
As Scythian Thomyris by Cyrus' death.
Great is the rumour of this dreadful knight,
And his achievements of no less account:
Fain would mine eyes be witness with mine ears
To give their censure of these rare reports.

Enter Messenger and Talbot.

Mess. Madam,
According as your ladyship desir'd,
By message crav'd, so is lord Talbot come.

Count. And he is welcome. What! is this the man:

Mess. Madam, it is.

Count. Is this the scourge of France?
Is this the Talbot, so much fear'd abroad,
That with his name the mothers still their babes?
I see, report is fabulous and false:
I thought, I should have seen some Hercules,
A second Hector, for his grim aspéct,
And large proportion of his strong-knit limbs.

Alas! this is a child, a silly dwarf: It cannot be, this weak and writhled shrimp Should strike such terror to his enemies.

Tal. Madam, I have been bold to trouble you: But, since your ladyship is not at leisure, I'll sort some other time to visit you.

Count. What means he now?—Go ask him, whither he goes.

Mess. Stay, my lord Talbot; for my lady craves To know the cause of your abrupt departure.

Tal. Marry, for that she's in a wrong belief, I go to certify her, Talbot's here.

Re-enter Porter, with keys.

Count. If thou be he, then art thou prisoner. Tal. Prisoner! to whom?

Count. To me, blood-thirsty lord; And for that cause I train'd thee to my house. Long time thy shadow hath been thrall to me,

For in my gallery thy picture hangs:
But now the substance shall endure the like;

And I will chain these legs and arms of thine, That hast by tyranny, these many years,

Wasted our country, slain our citizens, And sent our sons and husbands captivate.

Tal. Ha, ha, ha!

Count. Laughest thou, wretch? thy mirth shall turn to mean.

Tal. I laugh to see your ladyship so fond, To think that you have aught but Talbot's shadow, Whereon to practise your severity.

Count. Why, art not thou the man? Tal.

I am indeed.

Count. Then have I substance too.

Tal. No, no, I am but shadow of myself: You are deceiv'd, my substance is not here; For what you see, is but the smallest part And least proportion of humanity: I tell you, madam, were the whole frame here, It is of such a spacious lofty pitch, Your roof were not sufficient to contain it.

Count. This is a riddling merchant for the nonce; He will be here, and yet he is not here:

How can these contrarieties agree?

Tal. That will I show you presently.

He winds a horn. Drums heard; then a peal of ordnance.

The gates being forced, enter Soldiers.

How say you, madam? are you now persuaded, That Talbot is but shadow of himself? These are his substance, sinews, arms, and strength, With which he yoketh your rebellious necks; Razeth your cities, and subverts your towns, And in a moment makes them desolate.

Count. Victorious Talbot! pardon my abuse:
I find, thou art no less than fame hath bruited,
And more than may be gather'd by thy shape.
Let my presumption not provoke thy wrath;
For I am sorry, that with reverence
I did not entertain thee as thou art.

Tal. Be not dismay'd, fair lady; nor misconstrue The mind of Talbot, as you did mistake The outward composition of his body. What you have done, hath not offended me: No other satisfaction do I crave, But only (with your patience,) that we may

Taste of your wine, and see what cates you have; For soldiers' stomachs always serve them well.

Count. With all my heart; and think me honoured To feast so great a warrior in my house. [Exeunt.

SCENE IV.—London. The Temple garden.

Enter the Earls of Somerset, Suffolk, and Warwick; Rich. Plantagenet, Vernon, and another Lawyer.

Plan. Great lords, and gentlemen, what means this silence?

Dare no man answer in a case of truth?

Suf. Within the Temple hall we were too loud; The garden here is more convenient.

Plun. Then say at once, If I maintain'd the truth; Or, else, was wrangling Somerset in th'error?

Suf. 'Faith, I have been a truant in the law;
And never yet could frame my will to it;
And, therefore, frame the law unto my will.

Som. Judge you, my lord of Warwick, then between

War. Between two hawks, which flies the higher pitch, Between two dogs, which hath the deeper mouth, Between two blades, which bears the better temper, Between two horses, which doth bear him best, Between two girls, which hath the merriest eye, I have, perhaps, some shallow spirit of judgement: But in these nice sharp quillets of the law, Good faith, I am no wiser than a daw.

Plan. Tut, tut, here is a mannerly forbearance: The truth appears so naked on my side,
That any purblind eye may find it out.

Som. And on my side it is so well apparell'd,

So clear, so shining, and so evident, That it will glimmer through a blind man's eye.

Plan. Since you are tongue-ty'd, and so loath to speak, In dumb significants proclaim your thoughts:
Let him, that is a true-born gentleman,
And stands upon the honour of his birth,
If he suppose that I have pleaded truth,
From off this brier pluck a white rose with ma.

Som. Let him that is no coward, nor no flatterer, But dare maintain the party of the truth, Pluck a red rose from off this thorn with me.

War. I love no colours; and, without all colour Of base insinuating flattery,

I pluck this white rose, with Plantagenet.

Suf. I pluck this red rose, with young Somerset; And say withal, I think he held the right.

Ver. Stay, lords, and gentlemen; and pluck no more, Till you conclude—that he, upon whose side
The fewest roses are cropp'd from the tree,
Shall yield the other in the right opinion.

Som. Good master Vernon, it is well objected; If I have fewest, I subscribe in silence.

Plan. And I.

Ver. Then, for the truth and plainness of the case, I pluck this pale, and maiden blossom here, Giving my verdict on the white rose side.

Som. Prick not your finger as you pluck it off; Lest, bleeding, you do paint the white rose red, And fall on my side so against your will.

Ver. If I, my lord, for my opinion bleed, Opinion shall be surgeon to my hurt, And keep me on the side where still I am. Som. Well, well, come on: Who else?

Law. Unless my study and my books be false, The argument you held, was wrong in you;

To Somerset.

In sign whereof, I pluck a white rose too.

Plan. Now, Somerset, where is your argument? Som. Here, in my scabbard; meditating that,

Shall die your white rose in a bloody red.

Plan. Mean time, your cheeks do counterfeit our roses: For pale they look with fear, as witnessing The truth on our side.

No, Plantagenet, Som.

'Tis not fear; but anger,—that thy cheeks Blush for pure shame, to counterfeit our roses; And yet thy tongue will not confess thy error.

Plan. Hath not thy rose a canker, Somerset? Som. Hath not thy rose a thorn, Plantagenet?

Plan. Ay, sharp and piercing, to maintain his truth: Whiles thy consuming canker eats his falsehood.

Som. Well, I'll find friends to wear my bleeding-roses, That shall maintain what I have said is true. Where false Plantagenet dare not be seen.

Plan. Now, by this maiden blossom in my hand. I scorn thee and thy fashion, peevish boy.

Suf. Turn not thy scorns this way, Plantagenet. Plan. Proud Poole, I will; and scorn both him and thee.

Suf. I'll turn my part thereof into thy throat. Som. Away, away, good William De-la-Poole! We grace the yeoman, by conversing with him.

War. Now, by God's will, thou wrong'st him, Somerset; His grandfather was Lionel, duke of Clarence, Third son to the third Edward king of England; Spring crestless yeomen from so deep a root?

Plan. He bears him on the place's privilege, Or durst not, for his craven heart, say thus.

Som. By him that made me, I'll maintain my words On any plot of ground in Christendom:
Was not thy father, Richard, earl of Cambridge,
For treason executed in our late king's days?
And, by his treason, stand'st not thou attainted,
Corrupted, and exempt from ancient gentry?
His trespass yet lives guilty in thy blood;
And, till thou be restor'd, thou art a yeoman.

Plan. My father was attached, not attainted; Condemn'd to die for treason, but no traitor; And that I'll prove on better men than Somerset, Were growing time once ripen'd to my will. For your partaker Poole, and you yourself, I'll note you in my book of memory, To scourge you for this apprehension:

Look to it well; and say you are well warn'd. Som. Ay, thou shalt find us ready for thee still:

And know us, by these colours, for thy foes; For these my friends, in spite of thee, shall wear.

Plan. And, by my soul, this pale and angry rose, As cognizance of my blood-drinking hate, Will I for ever, and my faction, wear; Until it wither with me to my grave, Or flourish to the height of my degree.

Suf. Go forward, and be chok'd with thy ambition! And so farewell, until I meet thee next. [Exit.

Som. Have with thee, Poole.—Farewell, ambitious Richard. [Exit.

Plan. How I am brav'd, and must perforce endure it!

War. This blot, that they object against your house,

Shall be wip'd out in the next parliament. Call'd for the truce of Winchester and Gloster: And, if thou be not then created York, I will not live to be accounted Warwick. Mean time, in signal of my love to thee, Against proud Somerset, and William Poole, Will I upon thy party wear this rose: And here I prophesy,-This brawl to-day, Grown to this faction, in the Temple garden, Shall send, between the red rose and the white, A thousand souls to death and deadly night. Plan. Good master Vernon, I am bound to you,

That you on my behalf would pluck a flower.

Ver. In your behalf still will I wear the same.

Law. And so will I.

Plan. Thanks, gentle sir.

Come, let us four to dinner: I dare say, This quarrel will drink blood another day.

[Exeunt.

SCENE V.—The same. A room in the Tower.

Enter Mortimer, brought in a chair by two Keepers.

Mor. Kind keepers of my weak decaying age, Let dying Mortimer here rest himself.— Even like a man new haled from the rack, So fare my limbs with long imprisonment: And these grey locks, the pursuivants of death, Nestor-like aged, in an age of care, Argue the end of Edmund Mortimer. These eyes,—like lamps whose wasting oil is spent,— Wax dim, as drawing to their exigent: Weak shoulders, overborne with burd'ning grief; And pithless arms, like to a wither'd vine

That droops his sapless branches to the ground:—Yet are these feet—whose strengthless stay is numb, Unable to support this lump of clay,—Swift-winged with desire to get a grave, As witting I no other comfort have.—But tell me, keeper, will my nephew come?

1 Keep. Richard Plantagenet, my lord, will come: We sent unto the Temple, to his chamber; And answer was return'd that he will come.

Mor. Enough; my soul shall then be satisfied.—Poor gentleman! his wrong doth equal mine. Since Henry Monmouth first began to reign, (Before whose glory I was great in arms,)
This loathsome sequestration have I had;
And even since then hath Richard been obscur'd, Depriv'd of honour and inheritance:
But now, the arbitrator of despairs,
Just death, kind umpire of men's miseries,
With sweet enlargement doth dismiss me hence;
I would, his troubles likewise were expir'd,
That so he might recover what was lost.

Enter RICHARD PLANTAGENET.

1 Keep. My lord, your loving nephew now is come. Mor. Richard Plantagenet, my friend? Is he come? Plan. Ay, noble uncle, thus ignobly us'd, Your nephew, late-despised Richard, comes.

Mor. Direct mine arms, I may embrace his neck, And in his bosom spend my latter gasp:
O, tell me, when my lips do touch his checks,
That I may kindly give one fainting kiss.—
And now declare, sweet stem from York's great stock,
Why didst thou say—of late thou wert despis'd?

Plan. First, lean thine aged back against mine arm; And, in that ease, I'll tell thee my disease. This day, in argument upon a case, Some words there grew 'twixt Somerset and me: Among which terms he us'd his lavish tongue, And did upbraid me with my father's death; Which obloquy set bars before my tongue, Else with the like I had requited him: Therefore, good uncle,—for my father's sake, In honour of a true Plantagenet, And for alliance' sake,—declare the cause My father, earl of Cambridge, lost his head.

Mor. That cause, fair nephew, that imprison'd me, And hath detain'd me, all my flow'ring youth, Within a loathsome dungeon, there to pine, Was cursed instrument of his decease.

Plan. Discover more at large what cause that was; For I am ignorant, and cannot guess.

Mor. I will; if that my fading breath permit, And death approach not ere my tale be done. Henry the fourth, grandfather to this king, Depos'd his nephew Richard; Edward's son, The first-begotten, and the lawful heir Of Edward king, the third of that descent: During whose reign, the Percies of the north, Finding his usurpation most unjust, Endeavour'd my advancement to the throne: The reason mov'd these warlike lords to this, Was—for that (young king Richard thus remov'd, Leaving no heir begotten of his body,) I was the next by birth and parentage; For by my mother I derived am From Lionel duke of Clarence, the third son

To king Edward the third, whereas he, From John of Gaunt doth bring his pedigree, Being but fourth of that heroick line. But mark; as, in this haughty great attempt, They laboured to plant the rightful heir, I lost my liberty, and they their lives. Long after this, when Henry the fifth,-Succeeding his father Bolingbroke,-did reign, Thy father, earl of Cambridge,—then deriv'd From famous Edmund Langley, duke of York,-Marrying my sister, that thy mother was, Again, in pity of my hard distress, Levied an army; weening to redeem, And have install'd me in the diadem: But, as the rest, so fell that noble earl, And was beheaded. Thus the Mortimers, In whom the title rested, were suppress'd.

Plan. Of which, my lord, your honour is the last.

Mor. True; and thou seest, that I no issue have;

And that my fainting words do warrant death:

Thou art my heir; the rest, I wish thee gather:

But yet be wary in thy studious care.

Plan. Thy grave admonishments prevail with me: But yet, methinks, my father's execution Was nothing less than bloody tyranny.

Mor. With silence, nephew, be thou politick; Strong-fixed is the house of Lancaster, And, like a mountain, not to be remov'd. But now thy uncle is removing hence; As princes do their courts, when they are cloy'd With long continuance in a settled place.

Plan. O, uncle, 'would some part of my young years Might but redeem the passage of your age!

Mor. Thou dost then wrong me; as the slaught'rer doth,

Which giveth many wounds, when one will kill.

Mourn not, except thou sorrow for my good;

Only, give order for my funeral;

And so farewell; and fair be all thy hopes!

And prosperous be thy life, in peace, and war! [Dies

Plan. And peace, no war, befall thy parting soul! In prison hast thou spent a pilgrimage, And like a hermit overpass'd thy days.—Well, I will lock his counsel in my breast; And what I do imagine let that rest.—Keepers, convey him hence; and I myself Will see his burial better than his life.—

[Exeunt Keepers, bearing out Mortimer.

Here dies the dusky torch of Mortimer, Chok'd with ambition of the meaner sort:— And, for those wrongs, those bitter injuries, Which Somerset hath offer'd to my house,— I doubt not, but with honour to redress: And therefore haste I to the parliament; Either to be restored to my blood, Or make my ill th'advantage of my good.

[Exit

ACT III.

SCENE I .- The same. The parliament-house.

Flourish. Enter King Henry, Exeter, Gloster, Warwick, Somerset, and Suffolk; the Bishop of Winchester, Richard Plantagenet, and others. Gloster offers to put up a bill; Winchester snatches it, and tears it.

Win. Com'st thou with deep premeditated lines, With written pamphlets studiously devis'd, Humphrey of Gloster? if thou canst accuse, Or aught intend'st to lay unto my charge, Do it without invention suddenly; As I with sudden and extemporal speech Purpose to answer what thou canst object.

Glo. Presumptuous priest! this place commands my patience,

Or thou should'st find thou hast dishonour'd me. Think not, although in writing I preferr'd The manner of thy vile outrageous crimes, That therefore I have forg'd, or am not able Verbatim to rehearse the method of my pen: No, prelate; such is thy audacious wickedness, Thy lewd, pestiferous, and dissentious pranks, As very infants prattle of thy pride. Thou art a most pernicious usurer; Froward by nature, enemy to peace; Lascivious, wanton, more than well beseems A man of thy profession, and degree; And for thy treachery, What's more manifest?

In that thou laid'st a trap to take my life, As well at London bridge, as at the Tower? Beside, I fear me, if thy thoughts were sifted, The king, thy sovereign, is not quite exempt From envious malice of thy swelling hear

Win. Gloster, I do defy thee.—Lords, vouchsafe To give me hearing what I shall reply. If I were covetous, ambitious, or perverse, As he will have me, How am I so poor? Or how haps it, I seek not to advance Or raise myself, but keep my wonted calling? And for dissention, Who preferreth peace More than I do,—except I be provok'd? No, my good lords, it is not that offends; It is not that, that hath incens'd the duke: It is, because no one should sway but he; No one, but he, should be about the king; And that engenders thunder in his breast, And makes him roar these accusations forth. But he shall know, I am as good——

Glo. As good?

Thou bastard of my grandfather!—

Win. Ay, lordly sir; For what are you, I pray,

But one imperious in another's throne?

Glo. Am I not the protector, saucy priest?

Win. And am I not a prelate of the church?

Glo. Yes, as an outlaw in a castle keeps,

And useth it to patronage his theft.

Win. Unreverent Gloster!

Glo. Thou art reverent

Touching thy spiritual function, not thy life.

Win. This Rome shall remedy.

War. Roam thither then.

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Som. My lord, it were your duty to forbear.

War. Ay, see the bishop be not overborne.

Som. Methinks, my lord should be religious, And know the office that belongs to such.

War. Methinks, his lordship should be humbler;

It fitteth not a prelate so to plead.

Som. Yes, when his holy state is touch'd so near. War. State holy, or unhallow'd, what of that?

Is not his grace protector to the king?

Plan. Plantagenet, I see, must hold his tongue;
Lest it be said, Speak, sirrah, when you should;
Must your bold verdict enter talk with lords?
Else would I have a fling at Winchester.

[Aside.

K. Hen. Uncles of Gloster, and of Winchester, The special watchmen of our English weal; I would prevail, if prayers might prevail; To join your hearts in love and amity.

O, what a scandal is it to our crown, That two such noble peers as ye, should jar! Believe me, lords, my tender years can tell, Civil dissention is a viperous worm, That gnaws the bowels of the commonwealth.—

[A noise within; Down with the tawny coats!]

What tumult's this?

War. An uproar, I dare warrant, Begun through malice of the bishop's men.

[A noise again; Stones! Stones!]

Enter the Mayor of London, attended.

May. O, my good lords,—and virtuous Henry,— Pity the city of London, pity us! The bishop and the duke of Gloster's men, Forbidden late to carry any weapon, Have fill'd their pockets full of pebble-stones; And, banding themselves in contrary parts, Do pelt so fast at one another's pate, That many have their giddy brains knock'd out: Our windows are broke down in every street, And we, for fear, compell'd to shut our shops.

Enter, skirmishing, the retainers of GLOSTER and WIN-CHESTER, with bloody pates.

K. Hen. We charge you, on allegiance to ourself. To hold your slaught'ring hands, and keep the peace. Pray, uncle Gloster, mitigate this strife.

1 Serv. Nay, if we be

Forbidden stones, we'll fall to it with our teeth.

2 Serv. Do what ye dare, we are as resolute.

[Skirmish again,

Glo. You of my household, leave this prevish broil, And set this unaccustom'd fight aside.

1 Serv. My lord, we know your grace to be a man Just and upright; and, for your royal birth, Inferior to none, but his majesty: And, ere that we will suffer such a prince,

So kind a father of the commonweal,

To be disgraced by an inkhorn mate,

We, and our wives, and children, all will fight, And have our bodies slaughter'd by thy foes.

2 Serv. Ay, and the very parings of our nails
Shall pitch a field, when we are dead. [Skirmish again.
Glo. Stay, stay, I say!

And, if you love me, as you say you do, Let me persuade you to forbear a while.

K. Hen. O, how this discord doth afflict my soul!—Can you, my lord of Winchester, behold

My sighs and tears, and will not once relent? Who should be pitiful, if you be not? Or who should study to prefer a peace, If holy churchmen take delight in broils?

War. My lord protector, yield;—yield Winchester;— Except you mean, with obstinate repulse, To slay your sovereign, and destroy the realm. You see what mischief, and what murder too, Hath been enacted through your enmity; Then be at peace, except ye thirst for blood.

Win. He shall submit, or I will never yield.

Glo. Compassion on the king commands me stoop; Or, I would see his heart out, ere the priest Should ever get that privilege of me.

War. Behold, my lord of Winchester, the duke Hath banish'd moody discontented fury, As by his smoothed brows it doth appear: Why look you still so stern, and tragical?

Glo. Here, Winchester, I offer thee my hand. K. Hen. Fye, uncle Beaufort! I have heard you preach, That malice was a great and grievous sin:

And will not you maintain the thing you teach, But prove a chief offender in the same?

War. Sweet king!—the bishop hath a kindly gird.—For shame, my lord of Winchester! relent; What, shall a child instruct you what to do?

Win. Well, duke of Gloster, I will yield to thee; Love for thy love, and hand for hand I give.

Glo. Ay; but, I fear me, with a hollow heart.—
See here, my friends, and loving countrymen;
This token serveth for a flag of truce,
Betwixt ourselves, and all our followers:
So help me God, as I dissemble not!

Win. So help me God, as I intend it not! Aside. K. Hen. O loving uncle, kind duke of Gloster, How joyful am I made by this contract!— Away, my masters! trouble us no more; But join in friendship, as your lords have done.

1 Serv. Content; I'll to the surgeon's.

And so will I. 2 Serv.

And I will see what physick the tavern 3 Serv. [Exeunt Servants, Mayor, &c. affords.

War. Accept this scroll, most gracious sovereign; Which in the right of Richard Plantagenet We do exhibit to your majesty.

Glo. Well urg'd, my lord of Warwick; -for, sweet prince,

An if your grace mark every circumstance, You have great reason to do Richard right: Especially, for those occasions At Eltham-place I told your majesty.

K. Hen. And those occasions, uncle, were of force: Therefore, my loving lords, our pleasure is,

That Richard be restored to his blood. War. Let Richard be restored to his blood;

So shall his father's wrongs be recompens'd.

Win. As will the rest, so willeth Winchester.

K. Hen. If Richard will be true, not that alone, But all the whole inheritance I give, That doth belong unto the house of York,

From whence you spring by lineal descent. Plan. Thy humble servant vows obedience, And humble service, till the point of death.

K. Hen. Stoop then, and set your knee against my foot; And, in reguerdon of that duty done, I girt thee with the valiant sword of York:

Rise, Richard, like a true Plantagenet; And rise created princely cuke of York.

Plan. And so thrive Richard, as thy foes may fall!

And as my duty springs so perish they

That grudge one thought against your majesty!

All. Welcome, high prince, the mighty duke of York! Som. Perish, base prince, ignoble duke of York!

Aside.

Glo. Now will it best avail your majesty, To cross the seas, and to be crown'd in France: The presence of a king engenders love Amongst his subjects, and his royal friends; As it disanimates his enemies.

K. Hen. When Gloster says the word, king Henry goes; For friendly counsel cuts off many foes.

Glo. Your ships already are in readiness.

[Exeunt all but Exeter.

Exe. Ay, we may march in England, or in France, Not seeing what is likely to ensue: This late dissention, grown betwixt the peers, Burns under feigned ashes of forg'd love, And will at last break out into a flame: As fester'd members rot but by degrees, Till bones, and flesh, and sinews, fall away, So will this base and envious discord breed. And now I fear that fatal prophecy, Which, in the time of Henry, nam'd the fifth, Was in the mouth of every sucking babe,-That Henry, born at Monmouth, should win all; And Henry, born at Windsor, should lose all: Which is so plain, that Exeter doth wish His days may finish ere that hapless time. [Exit.

SCENE II.-France. Before Rouen.

Enter LA PUCELLE disguised, and Soldiers dressed like countrymen, with sacks upon their backs.

Puc. These are the city gates, the gates of Rouen, Through which our policy must make a breach: Take heed, be wary how you place your words; Talk like the vulgar sort of market-men, That come to gather money for their corn. If we have entrance, (as, I hope, we shall,) And that we find the slothful watch but weak, I'll by a sign give notice to our friends, That Charles the Dauphin may encounter them. 1 Sold. Our sacks shall be a mean to sack the city,

And we be lords and rulers over Rouen; [Knocks. Therefore we'll knock.

Guard. [Within.] Qui est là?

Puc. Paisans, pauvres gens de France:

Poor market-folks, that come to sell their corn.

Guard. Enter, go in; the market-bell is rung.

[Opens the gates,

Puc. Now, Rouen, I'll shake thy bulwarks to the [Pucelle, &c. enter the city. ground.

Enter CHARLES, Bastard of Orleans, Alencon, and Forces.

Char. Saint Dennis bless this happy stratagem! And once again we'll sleep secure in Rouen. Bast. Here enter'd Pucelle, and her practisants; Now she is there, how will she specify Where is the best and safest passage in? Alen. By thrusting out a torch from yonder tower; Which, once discern'd, shows, that her meaning is,—No way to that, for weakness, which she enter'd.

Enter LA Pucelle on a battlement: holding out a torch, burning.

Puc. Behold, this is the happy wedding torch, That joineth Rouen unto her countrymen; But burning fatal to the Talboutes.

Bast. See, noble Charles! the beacon of our friend, The burning torch in yonder turnet stands.

Char. Now shine it like a comet of revenge,

A prophet to the fall of all our foes!

Alen. Defer no time, Delays have dangerous ends; Enter, and cry—The Dauphin!—presently, And then do execution on the watch. [They enter.

Alarums. Enter Talbot, and certain English.

Tal. France, thou shalt rue this creason with thy tears, If Talbot but survive thy treachery.—
Pucelle, that witch, that damned sorceress,
Hath wrought this hellish mischief unawares,
That hardly we escap'd the pride of France.

[Exeunt to the town.

Alarum: excursions. Enter, from the town, Bedford, brought in sick, in a chair, with Talbot, Burgundy, and the English Forces. Then, enter on the walls, La Pucelle, Charles, Bastard, Alençon, and others.

Puc. Good morrow, gallants! want ye corn for bread? I think, the duke of Burgundy will fast, Before he'll buy again at such a rate: 'Twas full of darnel; Do you like the taste?

Bur. Scoff on, vile fiend, and shameless courtezan!

I trust, ere long, to choke thee with thine own, And make thee curse the harvest of that corn.

Char. Your grace may starve, perhaps, before that time.

Bed. O, let no words, but deeds, revenge this treason!
Puc. What will you do, good grey-beard? break a lance,

And run a tilt at death within a chair?

Tal Foul fiend of France, and hag of all despite,

Encompass'd with thy lustful paramours!

Becomes it thee to taunt his valiant age,

And twit with cowardice a man half dead?

Damsel, I'll have a bout with you again, Or else let Talbot perish with this shame.

Puc. Are you so hot, sir?—Yet, Pucelle, hold thy peace;

If Talbot do but thunder, rain will follow.—

[Talbot, and the rest, consult together.

God speed the parliament! who shall be the speaker?

Tal. Dare ye come forth, and meet us in the field? Puc. Belike, your lordship takes us then for fools,

To try if that our own be ours, or no.

Tal. I speak not to that railing Hecaté,

But unto thee, Alençon, and the rest; Will ye, like soldiers, come and fight it out?

Alen. Signior, no.

Tal. Signior, hang!—base muleteers of France! Like peasant foot-boys do they keep the walls, And dare not take up arms like gentlemen.

Puc. Captains, away: let's get us from the walls; For Talbot means no goodness, by his looks.—
God be wi' you, my lord! we came, sir, but to tell you That we are here. [Exeunt La Pucelle, &c. from the walls.

Tai. And there will we be too, ere it be long, Or else reproach be Talbot's greatest fame!—
Vow, Burgundy, by honour of thy house, (Prick'd on by publick wrongs, sustain'd in France,)
Either to get the town again, or die:
And I,—as sure as English Henry lives,
And as his father here was conqueror;
As sure as in this late-betrayed town
Great Cœur-de-lion's heart was buried;
So sure I swear, to get the town, or die.

Bur. My vows are equal partners with thy vows.

Tal. But, ere we go, regard this dying prince, The valiant duke of Bedford:—Come, my lord, We will bestow you in some better place, Fitter for sickness, and for crazy age.

Bed. Lord Talbot, do not so dishonour me: Here will I sit before the walls of Roüen, And will be partner of your weal, or woe.

Bur. Courageous Bedford, let us now persuade you. Bed. Not to be gone from hence; for once I read, That stout Pendragon, in his litter, sick, Came to the field, and vanquished his foes: Methinks, I should revive the soldiers' hearts, Because I ever found them as myself.

Tal. Undaunted spirit in a dying breast!—
Then be it so:—Heavens keep old Bedford safe!—
And now no more ado, brave Burgundy,
But gather we our forces out of hand,
And set upon our boasting enemy.

[Exeunt Burgundy, Talbot, and Forces, leaving Bedford, and others.

Alarum: excursions. Enter Sir John Fastolfe, and a Captain.

Cap. Whither away, sir John Fastolfe, in such haste? Fast. Whither away? to save myself by flight;

We are like to have the overthrow again.

Cap. What! will you fly, and leave lord Talbot?

Fast. Ay,

All the Talbots in the world, to save my life. [Exit. Cap. Cowardly knight! ill fortune follow thee! [Exit.

Retreat: excursions. Enter, from the town, LA PUCELLE, ALENÇON, CHARLES, &c. and exeunt, flying.

Bed. Now, quiet soul, depart when heaven please; For I have seen our enemies' overthrow. What is the trust or strength of foolish man? They, that of late were daring with their scoffs, Are glad and fain by flight to save themselves.

[Dies, and is carried off in his chair.

Alarum. Enter TALBOT, BURGUNDY, and others.

Tal. Lost, and recover'd in a day again! This is a double honour, Burgundy: Yet, heavens have glory for this victory!

Bur. Warlike and martial Talbot, Burgundy Enshrines thee in his heart; and there erects Thy noble deeds, as valour's monument.

Tal. Thanks, gentle duke. But where is Pucelle now? I think, her old familiar is asleep:
Now where's the Bastard's braves, and Charles his gleeks?
What, all a-mort? Rouen hangs her head for grief,
That such a valiant company are fled.
Now will we take some order in the town.

Placing therein some expert officers;
And then depart to Paris, to the king;
For there young Harry. with his nobles, lies.

Bur. What wills lord Talbot, pleaseth Burgundy.

Tal. But yet, before we go, let's not forget

The noble duke of Bedford, late deceas'd,
But see his exequies fulfill'd'in Roüen;
A braver soldier never couched lance,
A gentler heart did never sway in court:
But kings and mightiest potentates, must die;
For that's the end of human misery.

[Exeunt.

SCENE III .- The same. The plains near the city.

Enter Charles, the Bastard, Alençon, La Pucelle, and Forces.

Puc. Dismay not, princes, at this accident, Nor grieve that Rollen is so recovered: Care is no cure, but rather corrosive, For things that are not to be remedied. Let frantick Talbot triumph for a while, And like a peacock sweep along his tail; We'll pull his plumes, and take away his train, If Dauphin, and the rest, will be but rul'd.

Char. We have been guided by thee hitherto, And of thy cunning had no diffidence; One sudden foil shall never breed distrust.

Bast. Search out thy wit for secret policies, And we will make thee famous through the world.

Alen. We'll set thy statue in some holy place, And have thee reverenc'd like a blessed saint; Employ thee then, sweet virgin, for our good.

Puc. Then thus it must be; this doth Joan devise:

By fair persuasions, mix'd with sugar'd words, We will entice the duke of Burgundy To leave the Talbot, and to follow us.

Char. Ay, marry, sweeting, if we could do that, France were no place for Henry's warriors; Nor should that nation boast it so with us, But be extirped from our provinces.

Alen. For ever should they be expuls'd from France. And not have title to an earldom here.

Puc. Your honours shall perceive how I will work, To bring this matter to the wished end. [Drums heard. Hark! by the sound of drum, you may perceive Their powers are marching unto Paris-ward.

An English march. Enter, and pass over at a distance,
TALEGT and his Forces.

There goes the Talbot, with his colours spread; And all the troops of English after him.

A French march. Enter the Duke of Burgundy and Forces.

Now, in the rearward, comes the duke, and his; Fortune, in favour, makes him lag behind. Summon a parley, we will talk with him.

[A parley sounded.

Char. A parley with the duke of Burgundy.

Bur. Who craves a parley with the Burgundy?

Puc. The princely Charles of France, thy countryman.

Bur. What say'st thou, Charles? for I am marching hence.

Char. Speak, Pucelle; and enchant him with thy words. Puc. Brave Burgundy, undoubted hope of France! Stay, let thy humble handmaid speak to thee.

Bur. Speak on; but be not over-tedious.

Puc. Look on thy country, look on fertile France,
And see the cities and the towns defac'd
By wasting ruin of the cruel foe!
As looks the mother on her lowly babe,
When death doth close his tender dying eyes,
See, see, the pining malady of France;
Behold the wounds, the most unnatural wounds,
Which thou thyself hast given her woful breast!
O, turn thy edged sword another way;
Strike those that hurt, and hurt not those that help!
One drop of blood, drawn from thy country's bosom,
Should grieve thee more than streams of foreign gore;
Return thee, therefore, with a flood of tears,
And wash away thy country's stained spots!

Bur. Either she hath bewitch'd me with her words,

Or nature makes me suddenly relent.

Puc. Besides, all French and France exclaims on thee, Doubting thy birth and lawful progeny. Who join'st thou with, but with a lordly nation, That will not trust thee, but for profit's sake? When Talbot hath set footing once in France, And fashion'd thee that instrument of ill, Who then, but English Henry, will be lord, And thou be thrust out, like a fugitive? Call we to mind,—and mark but this, for proof;— Was not the duke of Orleans thy foe? And was he not in England prisoner? But, when they heard he was thine enemy, They set him free, without his ransome paid, In spite of Burgundy, and all his friends. See then! thou fight'st against thy countrymen, And join'st with them will be thy slaughter-men.

Come, come, return; return, thou wand'ring lord; Charles, and the rest, will take thee in their arms.

Bur. I am vanquished; these haughty words of here Have batter'd me like roaring cannon-shot,
And made me almost yield upon my knees.—
Forgive me, country, and sweet countrymen!
And, lords, accept this hearty kind embrace:
My forces and my power of men are yours;—
So, farewell, Talbot; I'll no longer trust thee.

Pur. Done like a Frenchman; turn, and turn again!

Puc. Done like a Frenchman; turn, and turn again! Char. Welcome, brave duke! thy friendship makes us fresh.

Bast. And doth beget new courage in our breasts.

Alen. Pucelle hath bravely play'd her part in this,

And doth deserve a coronet of gold.

Char. Now let us on, my lords, and join our powers; And seek how we may prejudice the foe. Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- Paris. A room in the palace.

Enter King Henry, Gloster, and other Lords, Vernon, Basset, &c. To them Talbot, and some of his Officers.

Tal. My gracious prince,—and honourable peers,—Hearing of your arrival in this realm,
I have a while given truce unto my wars,
To do my duty to my sovereign:
In sign whereof, this arm—that hath reclaim'd
To your obedience fifty fortresses,
Twelve cities, and seven walled towns of strength,
Beside five hundred prisoners of esteem,—
Lets fall his sword before your highness' feet;
And, with submissive loyalty of heart,

Ascribes the glory of his conquest got, First to my God, and next unto your grace.

K. Hen. Is this the lord Talbot, uncle Gloster, That hath so long been resident in France?

Glo. Yes, if it please your majesty, my liege.

K. Hen. Welcome, brave captain, and victorious lord! When I was young, (as yet I am not old,) I do remember how my father said, A stouter champion never handled sword. Long since we were resolved of your truth, Your faithful service, and your toil in war; Yet never have you tasted our reward, Or been reguerdon'd with so much as thanks, Because till now we never saw your face: Therefore, stand up; and, for these good deserts, We here create you earl of Shrewsbury; And in our coronation take your place.

[Exeunt K. HENRY, GLOSTER, TALBOT, and Nobles.

Ver. Now, sir, to you, that were so hot at sea, Disgracing of these colours that I wear In honour of my noble lord of York,—
Dar'st thou maintain the former words thou spak'st?

Bas. Yes, sir; as well as you dare patronage The envious barkings of your saucy tongue Against my lord, the duke of Somerset.

Ver. Sirrah, thy lord I honour as he is.

Bas. Why, what is he? as good a man as York.

Ver. Hark ye; not so: in witness, take ye that.

Strikes him.

Bas. Villain, thou know'st, the law of arms is such, That, who so draws a sword, 'tis present death; Or else this blow should broach thy dearest blood. But I'll unto his majesty, and crave

I may have liberty to venge this wrong;
When thou shalt see, I'll meet thee to thy cost.

Ver. Well, miscreant, I'll be there as soon as you;

And, after, meet you sooner than you would. [Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE I .- The same. A room of state.

Enter King Henry, Gloster, Exeter, York, Suffolk, Somerset, Winchester, Warwick, Talbot, the Governour of Paris, and others.

Glo. Lord bishop, set the crown upon his head. Win. God save king Henry, of that name the sixth! Glo. Now, governour of Paris, take your oath,—
[Governour kneels.]

That you elect no other king but him:
Esteem none friends, but such as are his friends;
And none your foes, but such as shall pretend
Malicious practices against his state:
This shall ye do, so help your righteous God!

[Exeunt Gov. and his train.

Enter Sir John Fastolfe.

Fast. My gracious sovereign, as I rode from Calais, To haste unto your coronation,
A letter was deliver'd to my hands,
Writ to your grace from th' duke of Burgundy.
Tal. Shame to the duke of Burgundy, and thee!
I vow'd, base knight, when I did meet thee next,

To tear the garter from thy craven's leg, [Plucking it off. (Which I have done) because unworthily
Thou wast installed in that high degree.—
Pardon me, princely Henry, and the rest:
This dastard, at the battle of Patay,
When but in all I was six thousand strong,
And that the French were almost ten to one,—
Before we met, or that a stroke was given,
Like to a trusty squire, did run away;
In which assault we lost twelve hundred men;
Myself, and divers gentlemen beside,
Were there surpriz'd, and taken prisoners.
Then judge, great lords, if I have done amiss;
Or whether that such cowards ought to wear
This ornament of knighthood, yea, or no.

Glo. To say the truth, this fact was infamous, And ill beseeming any common man; Much more a knight, a captain, and a leader.

Tal. When first this order was ordain'd, my lords, Knights of the garter were of noble birth; Valiant, and virtuous, full of haughty courage, Such as were grown to credit by the wars; Not fearing death, nor shrinking for distress, But always resolute in most extremes. He then, that is not furnish'd in this sort, Doth but usurp the sacred name of knight, Profaning this most honourable order; And should (if I were worthy to be judge,) Be quite degraded, like a hedge-born swain That doth presume to boast of gentle blood.

K. Hen. Stain to thy countrymen! thou hear'st thy doom:

Be packing therefore, thou that wast a knight;

Henceforth we banish thee, on pain of death.—
[Exit Fastolfe.

And now, my lord protector, view the letter Sent from our uncle duke of Burgundy.

Glo. What means his grace, that he hath chang'd his style? [Viewing the superscription.

No more but, plain and bluntly,—To the king?

Hath he forgot, he is his sovereign?

Or doth this churlish superscription

Pretend some alteration in good will?

What's here?—I have, upon especial cause,— [Reads.

Mov'd with compassion of my country's wreck,

Together with the pitiful complaints

Of such as your oppression feeds upon,-

Forsaken your pernicious faction,

And join'd with Charles, the rightful king of France.

O monstrous treachery! Can this be so;

That in alliance, amity, and oaths,

There should be found such false dissembling guile?

K. Hen. What! doth my uncle Burgundy revolt?

Glo. He doth, my lord; and is become your foe.

K. Hen. Is that the worst, this letter doth contain? Glo. It is the worst, and all, my lord, he writes.

K. Hen. Why then, lord Talbot there shall talk with him.

And give him chastisement for this abuse:—My lord, how say you? are you not content?

Tal. Content, my liege? Yes; but that I am prevented, I should have begg'd I might have been employ'd.

K. Hen. Then gather strength, and march unto him straight:

Let him perceive, how ill we brook his treason; And what offence it is, to flout his friends. Tal. I go, my lord; in heart desiring still, You may behold confusion of your foes.

[Exit.

Enter VERNON and BASSET.

Ver. Grant me the combat, gracious sovereign!
Bas. And me, my lord, grant me the combat too!
York. This is my servant; Hear him, noble prince!
Som. And this is mine; Sweet Henry, favour him!
K. Hen. Be patient, lords; and give them leave to speak.—

Say, gentlemen, What makes you thus exclaim?
And wherefore crave you combat? or with whom?

Ver. With him, my lord; for he hath done me wrong.

Bas. And I with him; for he hath done me wrong.

K. Hen. What is that wrong whereof you both complain?

First let me know, and then I'll answer you.

Bas. Crossing the sea from England into France,
This fellow here, with envious carping tongue,
Upbraided me about the rose I wear;
Saying—the sanguine colour of the leaves
Did represent my master's blushing cheeks,
When stubbornly he did repugn the truth,
About a certain question in the law,
Argu'd betwixt the duke of York and him;
With other vile and ignominious terms:
In confutation of which rude reproach,

Ver. And that is my petition, noble lord: For though he seem, with forged quaint conceit, To set a gloss upon his bold intent, Yet know, my lord, I was provok'd by him;

And in defence of my lord's worthiness, I crave the benefit of law of arms.

And he first took exceptions at this badge, Pronouncing—that the paleness of this flower Bewray'd the faintness of my master's heart.

York. Will not this malice, Somerset, be left?
Som. Your private grudge, my lord of York, will out,
Though ne'er so cunningly you smother it.

K. Hen. Good Lord! what madness rules in brain-sick men:

When, for so slight and frivolous a cause, Such factious emulations shall arise!—
Good cousins both, of York and Somerset, Quiet yourselves, I pray, and be at peace.

York. Let this dissention first be tried by fight,

And then your highness shall command a peace.

Som. The quarrel toucheth none but us alone;
Betwixt ourselves let us decide it then.

York. There is my pledge; accept it, Somerset. Ver. Nay, let it rest where it began at first. Bas. Confirm it so, mine honourable lord.

Glo. Confirm it so? Confounded be your strife! And perish ye, with your audacious prate! Presumptuous vassals! are you not asham'd, With this immodest clamorous outrage To trouble and disturb the king and us? And you, my lords,—methinks, you do not well, To bear with their perverse objections; Much less, to take occasion from their mouths

To raise a mutiny betwixt yourselves; Let me persuade you take a better course.

Exe. It grieves his highness;—Good my lords; be friends.

K. Hen. Come hither, you that would be combatants: Henceforth, I charge you, as you love our favour,

Quite to forget this quarrel, and the cause.-And you, my lords,—remember where we are: In France, amongst a fickle wavering nation: If they perceive dissention in our looks, And that within ourselves we disagree, How will their grudging stomachs be provok'd To wilful disobedience, and rebel? Beside, What infamy will there arise, When foreign princes shall be certified, That, for a toy, a thing of no regard, King Henry's peers, and chief nobility, Destroy'd themselves, and lost the realm of France? O, think upon the conquest of my father, My tender years; and let us not forego That for a trifle, that was bought with blood! Let me be umpire in this doubtful strife. I see no reason, if I wear this rose,

[Putting on a red rose.

That any one should therefore be suspicious I more incline to Somerset, than York:
Both are my kinsmen, and I love them both:
As well they may upbraid me with my crown,
Because, forsooth, the king of Scots is crown'd,
But your discretions better can persuade,
Than I am able to instruct or teach:
And therefore, as we hither came in peace,
So let us still continue peace and love.—
Cousin of York, we institute your grace
To be our regent in these parts of France:—
And good my lord of Somerset, unite
Your troops of horsemen with his bands of foot;—
And, like true subjects, sons of your progenitors,
Go cheerfully together, and digest

Your angry choler on your enemies.
Ourself, my lord protector, and the rest,
After some respite, will return to Calais;
From thence to England; where I hope ere long
To be presented, by your victories,
With Charles, Alençon, and that traitorous rout.

[Flourish. Exeunt King Henry, Glo. Som. Win. Sup. and Basset.

War. My lord of York, I promise you, the king Prettily, methought, did play the orator.

York. And so he did; but yet I like it not,

In that he wears the badge of Somerset.

War. Tush! that was but his fancy, blame him not; I dare presume, sweet prince, he thought no harm.

York. And, if I wist, he did,—But let it rest;

Other affairs must now be managed.

[Exeunt York. Warwick, and Vernon. Exe. Well didst thou, Richard, to suppress thy voice: For, had the passions of thy heart burst out, I fear, we should have seen decipher'd there More rancorous spite, more furious raging broils, Than yet can be imagin'd or suppos'd. But howsoe'er, no simple man that sees This jarring discord of nobility, This should ring of each other in the court, This factious bandying of their favourites, But that it doth presage some ill event. 'Tis much, when scepters are in children's hands; But more, when envy oreeds unkind division;

There comes the ruin, there begins confusion.

SCENE II.—France. Before Bourdeaux.

Enter TALBOT, with his Forces.

Tal. Go to the gates of Bourdeaux, trumpeter, Summon their general unto the wall.

Trumpet sounds a parley. Enter, on the walls, the General of the French Forces, and others.

English John Talbot, captains, call you forth, Servant in arms to Harry king of England; And thus he would,—Open your city gates, Be humble to us; call my sovereign yours, And do him homage as obedient subjects, And I'll withdraw me and my bloody power: But, if you frown upon this proffer'd peace, You tempt the fury of my three attendants, Lean famine, quartering steel, and climbing fire; Who, in a moment, even with the earth Shall lay your stately and air-braving towers, If you forsake the offer of their love.

Gen. Thou ominous and fearful owl of death, Our nation's terror, and their bloody scourge! The period of thy tyranny approacheth. On us thou canst not enter, but by death: For, I protest, we are well fortified, And strong enough to issue out and fight: If thou retire, the Dauphin, well appointed, Stands with the snares of war to tangle thee: On either hand thee there are squadrons pitch'd, To wall thee from the liberty of flight; And no way canst thou turn thee for redress, But death doth front thee with apparent spoil,

And pale destruction meets thee in the face. Ten thousand French have ta'en the sacrament, To rive their dangerous artillery Upon no christian soul but English Talbot. Lo! there thou stand'st, a breathing valiant man, Of an invincible unconquer'd spirit: This is the latest glory of thy praise, That I, thy enemy, due thee withal; For ere the glass, that now begins to run, Finish the process of his sandy hour, These eyes, that see thee now well coloured, Shall see thee wither'd, bloody, pale, and dead.

Drum afar off.

Hark! hark! the Dauphin's drum, a warning bell, Sings heavy musick to thy timorous soul; And mine shall ring thy dire departure out.

[Exeunt General, &c. from the walls.

Tal. He fables not, I hear the enemy;— Out, some light horsemen, and peruse their wings.— O, negligent and heedless discipline! How are we park'd, and bounded in a pale; A little herd of England's timorous deer, Maz'd with a yelping kennel of French curs! If we be English deer, be then in blood: Not rascal-like, to fall down with a pinch; But rather moody-mad, and desperate stags, Turn on the bloody hounds with heads of steel, And make the cowards stand aloof at bay: Sell every man his life as dear as mine, And they shall find dear deer of us, my friends.-God, and Saint George! Talbot, and England's right! Prosper our colours in this dangerous fight! [Exeunt.

SCENE III .- Plains in Gascony.

Enter YORK, with Forces; to him a Messenger.

York. Are not the speedy scouts return'd again, That dogg'd the mighty army of the Dauphin?

Mess. They are return'd, my lord; and give it out, That he is march'd to Bourdeaux with his power, To fight with Talbot: As he march'd along, By your espials were discovered Two mightier troops than that the Dauphin led; Which join'd with him, and made their march for Bourdeaux.

York. A plague upon that villain Somerset; That thus delays my promised supply Of horsemen, that were levied for this siege! Renowned Talbot doth expect my aid; And I am lowted by a traitor villain, And cannot help the noble chevalier: God comfort him in this necessity! If he miscarry, farewell wars in France.

Enter Sir WILLIAM LUCY.

Lucy. Thou princely leader of our English strength, Never so needful on the earth of France, Spur to the rescue of the noble Talbot; Who now is girdled with a waist of iron, And hemm'd about with grim destruction: To Bourdeaux, warlike duke! to Bourdeaux, York! Else, farewell Talbot, France, and England's honour.

York O God! that Somesset—who is proved beart.

York. O God! that Somerset—who in proud heart Doth stop my cornets—were in Talbot's place! So should we save a valiant gentleman,

By forfeiting a traitor and a coward. Mad ire, and wrathful fury, makes me weep, That thus we die, while remiss traitors sleep.

Lucy. O, send some succour to the distress'd lord! York. He dies, we lose; I break my warlike word: We mourn, France smiles; we lose, they daily get; All 'long of this vile traitor Somerset.

Lucy. Then, God take mercy on brave Talbot's soul!
And on his son, young John; whom, two hours since,
I met in travel toward his warlike father!
This seven years did not Talbot see his son;
And now they meet where both their lives are done.

York. Alas! what joy shall noble Talbot have,
To bid his young son welcome to his grave?
Away! vexation almost stops my breath,
That sunder'd friends greet in the hour of death.—
Lucy, farewell: no more my fortune can,
But curse the cause I cannot aid the man.—
Maine, Blois, Poictiers, and Tours, are won away,
'Long all of Somerset, and his delay.

[Exit.

Lucy. Thus, while the vulture of sedition
Feeds in the bosom of such great commanders,
Sleeping neglection doth betray to loss
The conquest of our scarce-cold conqueror,
That ever-living man of memory,
Henry the fifth:—Whiles they each other cross,
Lives, honours, lands, and all, hurry to loss.

[Exit.

SCENE IV.—Other plains of Gascony.

Enter Somerset, with his Forces; an Officer of Talbot's with him.

Som. It is too late; I cannot send them now:

This expedition was by York, and Talbot,
Too rashly plotted; all our general force
Might with a sally of the very town
Be buckled with: the over-daring Talbot
Hath sullied all his gloss of former honour,
By this unheedful, desperate, wild adventure:
York set him on to fight, and die in shame,
That, Talbot dead, great York might bear the name.

Off. Here is sir William Lucy, who with me Set from our o'er-match'd forces forth for aid.

Enter Sir WILLIAM LUCY.

Som. How now, sir William? whither were you sent?

Lucy. Whither, my lord? from bought and sold lord

Talbot;

Who, ring'd about with bold adversity,
Cries out for noble York and Somerset,
To beat assailing death from his weak legions.
And whiles the honourable captain there
Drops bloody sweat from his war-wearied limbs,
And, in advantage ling'ring, looks for rescue,
You, his false hopes, the trust of England's honour,
Keep off aloof with worthless emulation.
Let not your private discord keep away
The levied succours that should lend him aid,
While he, renowned noble gentleman,
Yields up his life unto a world of odds:
Orleans the Bastard, Charles, and Burgundy,
Alençon, Reignier, compass him about,
And Talbot perisheth by your default.

Som York set him an York should have cost him

Som. York set him on, York should have sent him aid.

Lucy. And York as fast upon your grace exclaims;

Swearing that you withhold his levied host, Collected for this expedition.

Som. York lies; he might have sent and had the horse: I owe him little duty, and less love;

And take foul scorn, to fawn on him by sending.

Lucy. The fraud of England, not the force of France, Hath now entrapp'd the noble-minded Talbot: Never to England shall he bear his life; But dies, betray'd to fortune by your strife.

Som. Come, go; I will despatch the horsemen straight: Within six hours they will be at his aid.

Lucy. Too late comes rescue; he is ta'en, or slain:

For fly he could not, if he would have fled; And fly would Talbot never, though he might.

Som. If he be dead, brave Talbot then adieu! Lucy. His fame lives in the world, his shame in you.

[Exeunt.

SCENE V.—The English camp near Bourdeaux.

Enter TALBOT and JOHN his son.

Tal. O young John Talbot! I did send for thee, To tutor thee in stratagems of war; That Talbot's name might be in thee reviv'd, When sapless age, and weak unable limbs, Should bring thy father to his drooping chair. But,—O malignant and ill-boding stars!— Now thou art come unto a feast of death, A terrible and unavoided danger: Therefore, dear boy, mount on my swiftest horse; And I'll direct thee how thou shalt escape By sudden flight: come, dally not, begone. John. Is my name Talbot? and am I your son?

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And shall I fly? O, if you love my mother, Dishonour not her honourable name, To make a bastard, and a slave of me: The world will say—He is not Talbot's blood, That basely fled, when noble Talbot stood.

Tal. Fly, to revenge my death, if I be slain.

John. He, that flies so, will ne'er return again.

Tal. If we both stay, we both are sure to die.

John. Then let me stay; and, father, do you fly:
Your loss is great, so your regard should be;
My worth unknown, no loss is known in me.
Upon my death the French can little boast;
In yours they will, in you all hopes are lost.
Flight cannot stain the honour you have won;
But mine it will, that no exploit have done:
You fled for vantage every one will swear;
But, if I bow, they'll say—it was for fear.
There is no hope that ever I will stay,

If, the first hour, I shrink, and run away. Here, on my knee, I beg mortality, Rather than life preserv'd with infamy.

Tal. Shall all thy mother's hopes lie in one tomb? John. Ay, rather than I'll shame my mother's womb. Tal. Upon my blessing I command thee go. John. To fight I will, but not to fly the foe. Tal. Part of thy father may be sav'd in thee. John. No part of him, but will be shame in me. Tal. Thou never hadst renown, nor canst not lose it. John. Yes, your renowned name; Shall flight abuse it? Tal. Thy father's charge shall clear thee from that

stain.

John. You cannot witness for me, being slain.

If death be so apparent, then both fly.

Tal. And leave my followers here, to fight, and die? My age was never tainted with such shame.

John. And shall my youth be guilty of such blame? No more can I be sever'd from your side,
Than can yourself yourself in twain divide:
Stay, go, do what you will, the like do I;
For live I will not, if my father die.

Tal. Then here I take my leave of thee, fair son, Born to eclipse thy life this afternoon. Come, side by side together live and die; And soul with soul from France to heaven fly. [Excunt.

SCENE VI.—A field of battle.

Alarum: excursions, wherein Talbot's son is hemmed about, and Talbot rescues him.

Tal. Saint George and victory! fight, soldiers, fight: The regent hath with Talbot broke his word, And left us to the rage of France his sword. Where is John Talbot?—pause, and take thy breath; I gave thee life, and rescu'd thee from death.

John. O twice my father! twice am I thy son: The life, thou gav'st me first, was lost and done; Till with thy warlike sword, despite of fate, To my determin'd time thou gav'st new date.

Tal. When from the Dauphin's crest thy sword struck fire.

It warm'd thy father's heart with proud desire Of bold-fac'd victory. Then leaden age, Quicken'd with youthful spleen, and warlike rage, Beat down Alençon, Orleans, Burgundy, And from the pride of Gallia rescu'd thee.

The ireful bastard Orleans—that drew blood

From thee, my boy; and had the maidenhood Of thy first fight-I soon encountered: And, interchanging blows, I quickly shed Some of his bastard blood; and, in disgrace, Bespoke him thus: Contaminated, base, And misbegotten blood I spill of thine, Mean and right poor; for that pure blood of mine, Which thou didst force from Talbot, my brave boy :-Here, purposing the Bastard to destroy, Came in strong rescue. Speak, thy father's care; Art not thou weary, John? How dost thou fare? Wilt thou yet leave the battle, boy, and fly, Now thou art seal'd the son of chivalry? Fly, to revenge my death, when I am dead; The help of one stands me in little stead. O, too much folly is it, well I wot, To hazard all our lives in one small boat. If I to-day die not with Frenchmen's rage, To-morrow I shall die with mickle age: By me they nothing gain, an if I stay, Tis but the short'ning of my life one day: In thee thy mother dies, our household's name, My death's revenge, thy youth, and England's fame: All these, and more, we hazard by thy stay; All these are sav'd, if thou wilt fly away. John. The sword of Orleans hath not made me

These words of yours draw life-blood from my heart: On that advantage, bought with such a shame, (To save a paltry life, and slay bright fame,) Before young Talbot from old Talbot fly, The coward horse, that bears me, fall and die!

smart.

And like me to the peasant boys of France;
To be shame's scorn, and subject of mischance!
Surely, by all the glory you have won,
An if I fly, I am not Talbot's son:
Then talk no more of flight, it is no boot;
If son to Talbot, die at Talbot's foot.

Tal. Then follow thou thy desperate sire of Crete, Thou Icarus; thy life to me is sweet:

If thou wilt fight, fight by thy father's side;

And, commendable prov'd, let's die in pride. [Exeunt.

SCENE VII.—Another part of the same.

Alarum: excursions. Enter Talbot wounded, supported by a Servant.

Tal. Where is my other life?—mine own is gone;— O, where's young Talbot? where is valiant John?— Triumphant death, smear'd with captivity! Young Talbot's valour makes me smile at thee:-When he perceiv'd me shrink, and on my knee, His bloody sword he brandish'd over me, And, like a hungry lion, did commence; Rough deeds of rage, and stern impatience; But when my angry guardant stood alone, Tend'ring my ruin, and assail'd of none, Dizzy-ey'd fury, and great rage of heart, Suddenly made him from my side to start Into the clust'ring battle of the French: And in that sea of blood my boy did drench His overmounting spirit; and there died My Icarus, my blossom, in his pride.

Enter Soldiers, bearing the body of John Talbot.

Serv. O my dear lord! lo, where your son is borne! Tal. Thou antick death, which laugh'st us here to scorn, Anon, from thy insulting tyranny, Coupled in bonds of perpetuity, Two Talbots, winged through the lither sky, In thy despite, shall 'scape mortality.— O thou whose wounds become hard-favour'd death, Speak to thy father, ere thou yield thy breath: Brave death by speaking, whether he will, or no; Imagine him a Frenchman, and thy foe.-Poor boy! he smiles, methinks; as who should say-Had death been French, then death had died to-day. Come, come, and lay him in his father's arms; My spirit can no longer bear these harms. Soldiers, adieu! I have what I would have, Now my old arms are young John Talbot's grave. [Dies.

Alarums. Exeunt Soldiers and Servant, leaving the two bodies. Enter Charles, Alençon, Burgundy, Bastard, La Pucelle, and Forces.

Char. Had York and Somerset brought rescue in, We should have found a bloody day of this.

Bast. How the young whelp of Talbot's, raging-wood, Did flesh his puny sword in Frenchmen's blood!

Puc. Once I encounter'd him, and thus I said,
Thou maiden youth be vanquish'd by a maid:
But—with a proud, majestical high scorn,—
He answer'd thus; Young Talbot was not born
To be the pillage of a giglot wench:
So, rushing in the bowels of the French,
He left me proudly, as unworthy fight.

Bur. Doubtless, he would have made a noble knight: See, where he lies inhersed in the arms Of the most bloody nurser of his harms.

Bast. Hew them to pieces, hack their bones asunder; Whose life was England's glory, Gallia's wonder.

Char. O, no; forbear: for that which we have fled During the life, let us not wrong it dead.

Enter Sir William Lucy, attended; a French Heralà preceding.

Lucy. Herald,

Conduct me to the Dauphin's tent; to know Who have obtain'd the glory of the day.

Char. On what submissive message art thou sent?

Lucy. Submission, Dauphin? 'tis a mere French word;

We English warriors wot not what it means.

I come to know what prisoners thou hast ta'en,

And to survey the bodies of the dead.

Char. For prisoners ask'st thou? hell our prison is. But tell me whom thou seek'st.

Lucy. Where is the great Alcides of the field, Valiant lord Talbot, earl of Shrewsbury? Created, for his rare success in arms, Great earl of Washford, Waterford, and Valence; Lord Talbot of Goodrig and Urchinfield, Lord Strange of Blackmere, lord Verdun of Alton, Lord Cromwell of Wingfield, lord Furnival of Sheffield, The thrice victorious lord of Falconbridge; Knight of the noble order of Saint George, Worthy Saint Michael, and the golden fleece; Great mareshal to Henry the sixth, Of all his wars within the realm of France.

Puc. Here is a silly stately style indeed!

The Turk, that two and fifty kingdoms hath, Writes not so tedious a style as this.— Him, that thou magnifiest with all these titles, Stinking, and fly-blown, lies here at our feet.

Lucy. Is Talbot slain; the Frenchmen's only scourge, Your kingdom's terrour and black Nemesis? O, were mine eye-balls into bullets turn'd, That I, in rage, might shoot them at your faces! O, that I could but call these dead to life! It were enough to fright the realm of France: Were but his picture left among you here, It would amaze the proudest of you all. Give me their bodies; that I may bear them hence, And give them burial as beseems their worth.

Puc. I think, this upstart is old Talbot's ghost, He speaks with such a proud commanding spirit. For God's sake, let him have 'em; to keep them here,

They would but stink, and putrefy the air.

Char. Go, take their bodies hence. Lucy.

I'll bear them hence:

But from their ashes shall be rear'd

A phœnix that shall make all France afeard.

Char. So we be rid of them, do with 'em what thouwilt.

And now to Paris, in this conquering vein; All will be ours, now bloody Talbot's slain.

[Exeunt.

ACT V.

SCENE I.-London. A room in the palace.

Enter King HENRY, GLOSTER, and EXETER.

K. Hen. Have you perus'd the letters from the pope,

The emperor, and the earl of Armagnac?

Glo. I have, my lord; and their intent is this,—
They humbly sue unto your excellence,
To have a godly peace concluded of,
Between the realms of England and of France.

K. Hen. How doth your grace affect their motion?

Glo. Well, my good lord; and as the only means To stop effusion of our Christian blood, And 'stablish quietness on every side.

K. Hen. Ay, marry uncle; for I always thought, It was both impious and unnatural, That such immanity and bloody strife Should reign among professors of one faith.

Glo. Beside, my lord,—the sooner to effect,
And surer bind, this knot of amity,—
The earl of Armagnac—near knit to Charles,
A man of great authority in France,—
Proffers his only daughter to your grace
In marriage, with a large and sumptuous dowry.

K. Hen. Marriage, uncle! alas! my years are young; And fitter is my study and my books,
Than wanton dalliance with a paramour.
Yet, call th'ambassadors; and, as you please,
So let them have their answers every one:
I shall be well content with any choice,
Tends to God's glory, and my country's weal.

Enter a Legate, and two Ambassadors, with Win-Chester, in a cardinal's habit.

Exe. What! is my lord of Winchester install'd, And call'd unto a cardinal's degree! Then, I perceive, that will be verified, Henry the fifth did sometime prophecy,—
If once he come to be a cardinal,
He'll make his cap co-equal with the crown.

K. Hen. My lords ambassadors, your several suits Have been consider'd and debated on.
Your purpose is both good and reasonable:
And, therefore, are we certainly resolv'd
To draw conditions of a friendly peace;
Which, by my lord of Winchester, we mean
Shall be transported presently to France.

Glo. And for the proffer of my lord your master,—
I have inform'd his highness so at large,
As—liking of the lady's virtuous gifts,
Her beauty, and the value of her dower,—
He doth intend she shall be England's queen.

K. Hen. In argument and proof of which contract, Bear her this jewel, [To the Amb.] pledge of my affection.

And so, my lord protector, see them guarded, And safely brought to Dover; where, inshipp'd, Commit them to the fortune of the sea.

[Exeunt King Henry and train; GLOSTER, EXETER, and Ambassadors.

Win. Stay, my lord legate; you shall first receive The sum of money, which I promised Should be deliver'd to his holiness For clothing me in these grave ornaments. Leg. I will attend upon your lordship's leisure.
Win. Now, Winchester will not submit, I trow,
Or be inferior to the proudest peer.
Humphrey of Gloster, thou shalt well perceive,
That, neither in birth, or for authority,
The bishop will be overborne by thee:
I'll either make thee stoop, and bend thy knee,
Or sack this country with a mutiny.

[Exeunt.

SCENE II.—France. Plains in Anjou.

Enter Charles, Burgundy, Alençon, La Pucelle, and Forces, marching.

Char. These news, my lords, may cheer our drooping spirits:

'Tis said, the stout Parisians do revolt, And turn again unto the warlike French.

Alen. Then march to Paris, royal Charles of France, And keep not back your powers in dalliance.

Puc. Peace be amongst them, if they turn to us; Else, ruin combat with their palaces!

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Success unto our valiant general, And happiness to his accomplices!

Char. What tidings send our scouts? I pr'ythee, speak.

Mess. The English army, that divided was Into two parts, is now conjoin'd in one; And means to give you battle presently.

Char. Somewhat too sudden, sirs, the warning is; But we will presently provide for them.

Bur. I trust, the ghost of Talbot is not there; Now he is gone, my lord, you need not fear.

Puc. Of all base passions, fear is most accurs'd:—Command the conquest, Charles, it shall be thine; Let Henry fret, and all the world repine.

Char. Then on, my lords; And France be fortunate!

SCENE III. - The same. Before Angiers.

Alarums: excursions. Enter LA PUCELLE.

Puc. The regent conquers, and the Frenchmen fly.—Now help, ye charming spells, and periapts;
And ye choice spirits that admonish me,
And give me signs of future accidents!

You speedy helpers, that are substitutes
Under the lordly monarch of the north,
Appear, and aid me in this enterprize!

Enter Fiends.

This speedy quick appearance argues proof
Of your accustom'd diligence to me.
Now, ye familiar spirits, that are cull'd
Out of the powerful regions under earth,
Help me this once, that France may get the field.

[They walk about, and speak not.

O, hold me not with silence over-long!
Where I was wont to feed you with my blood,
I'll lop a member off, and give it you,
In earnest of a further benefit;
So you do condescend to help me now.—

[They hang their heads.

No hope to have redress?—My body shall Pay recompense, if you will grant my suit.

[They shake their heads.



ACT V. Scene 3.

Pucelle. Then take my soul; my body; soul and all, before that England give the French the foil. See, they for sake me.

Cannot my body, nor blood-sacrifice, Entreat you to your wonted furtherance? Then take my soul; my body, soul, and all, Before that England give the French the foil.

[They depart.

[Exeunt.

See! they forsake me. Now the time is come,
That France must vail her lofty-plumed crest,
And let her head fall into England's lap.
My ancient incantations are too weak,
And hell too strong for me to buckle with:
Now, France, thy glory droopeth to the dust. [Exit.

Alarums. Enter French and English, fighting. LA PUCELLE and YORK fight hand to hand. LA PUCELLE is taken. The French fly.

York. Damsel of France, I think, I have you fast: Unchain your spirits now with spelling charms, And try if they can gain your liberty.— A goodly prize, fit for the devil's grace! See, how the ugly witch doth bend her brows, As if, with Circe, she would change my shape.

Puc. Chang'd to a worser shape thou canst not be. York. O, Charles the Dauphin is a proper man;

No shape but his can please your dainty eye.

Puc. A plaguing mischief light on Charles, and thee!
And may ye both be suddenly surpriz'd
By bloody hands, in sleeping on your beds!
York. Fell, banning hag! enchantress, hold thy

tongue.

stake.

Puc. I pr'ythee, give me leave to curse a while.

York. Curse, miscreant, when thou comest to the

Alarums. Enter Suffolk, leading in Lady MARGARET.

Suf. Be what thou wilt, thou art my prisoner.

[Gazes on her.

O fairest beauty, do not fear, nor fly;
For I will touch thee but with reverent hands,
And lay them gently on thy tender side.
I kiss these fingers [Kissing her hand.] for eternal
peace:

Who art thou? say, that I may honour thee.

Mar. Margaret my name; and daughter to a king, The king of Naples, whosoe'er thou art.

Suf An and Law and Suffalls and Land

Suf. An earl I am, and Suffolk am I call'd. Be not offended, nature's miracle, Thou art allotted to be ta'en by me: So doth the swan her downy cygnets save, Keeping them prisoners underneath her wings.

Yet, if this servile usage once offend, Go, and be free again as Suffolk's friend.

[She turns away as going.

O, stay!—I have no power to let her pass;
My hand would free her, but my heart says—no.
As plays the sun upon the glassy streams,
Twinkling another counterfeited beam,
So seems this gorgeous beauty to mine eyes.
Fain would I woo her, yet I dare not speak:
I'll call for pen and ink, and write my mind:
Fye, De la Poole! disable not thyself;
Hast not a tongue? is she not here thy prisoner?
Wilt thou be daunted at a woman's sight?
Ay; beauty's princely majesty is such,
Confounds the tongue, and makes the senses rough.

Mar. Say, earl of Suffolk,—if thy name be so,—

What ransome must I pay before I pass? For, I perceive, I am thy prisoner. Suf. How canst thou tell, she will deny thy suit, Before thou make a trial of her love? [Aside. Mar. Why speak'st thou not? what ransome must I pay? Suf. She's beautiful; and therefore to be woo'd: She is a woman; therefore to be won. Aside. Mar. Wilt thou accept of ransome, yea, or no? Suf. Fond man! remember, that thou hast a wife; [Aside. Then how can Margaret be thy paramour? Mar. I were best leave him, for he will not hear. Suf. There all is marr'd; there lies a cooling card. Mar. He talks at random; sure, the man is mad. Suf. And yet a dispensation may be had. Mar. And yet I would that you would answer me. Suf. I'll win this lady Margaret. For whom? Why, for my king: Tush! that's a wooden thing. Mar. He talks of wood: It is some carpenter. Suf. Yet so my fancy may be satisfied, And peace established between these realms. But there remains a scruple in that too: For though her father be the king of Naples, Duke of Anjou and Maine, yet is he poor, SAside. And our nobility will scorn the match. Mar. Hear ye, captain? Are you not at leisure? Suf. It shall be so, disdain they ne'er so much: Henry is youthful, and will quickly yield.-Madam, I have a secret to reveal. Mar. What though I be enthrall'd? he seems a knight. [Aside. And will not any way dishonour me. Suf. Lady, vouchsafe to listen what I say. Mar. Perhaps, I shall be rescu'd by the French; \[\ \Aside. And then I need not crave his courtesy.

Suf. Sweet madam, give me hearing in a cause—

Mar. Tush! women have been captivate ere now. [Aside.

Suf. Lady, wherefore talk you so?

Mar. I cry you mercy, 'tis but quid for quo.

Suf. Say, gentle princess, would you not suppose

Your bondage happy, to be made a queen?

Mar. To be a queen in bondage, is more vile, Than is a slave in base servility:

For princes should be free.

Suf. And so shall you,

If happy England's royal king be free.

Mar. Why, what concerns his freedom unto me?

Suf. I'll undertake to make thee Henry's queen; To put a golden sceptre in thy hand,

And set a precious crown upon thy head,

If thou wilt condescend to be my-

Mar.

Suf. His love.

Mar. I am unworthy to be Henry's wife.

Suf. No, gentle madam; I unworthy am To woo so fair a dame to be his wife, And have no portion in the choice myself.

How say you, madam; are you so content?

Mar. An if my father please, I am content.

Suf. Then call our captains, and our colours, forth: And, madam, at your father's castle walls We'll crave a parley, to confer with him.

[Troops come forward.

What?

A parley sounded. Enter REIGNIER, on the walls.

Suf. See, Reignier, see, thy daughter prisoner.

Reig. To whom?
Suf. To me.

Reig. Suffolk, what remedy?

I am a soldier; and unapt to weep, Or to exclaim on fortune's fickleness.

Suf. Yes, there is remedy enough, my lord: Consent, (and, for thy honour, give consent,)
Thy daughter shall be wedded to my king;
Whom I with pain have woo'd and won thereto;

And this her easy-held imprisonment

Hath gain'd thy daughter princely liberty.

Reig. Speaks Suffolk as he thinks?

Suf. Fair Margaret knows,

That Suffolk doth not flatter, face, or feign.

Reig. Upon thy princely warrant, I descend, To give thee answer of thy just demand.

[Exit, from the walls.

Suf. And here I will expect thy coming.

Trumpets sounded. Enter REIGNIER, below.

Reig. Welcome, brave earl, into our territories; Command in Anjou what your honour pleases.

Suf. Thanks, Reignier, happy for so sweet a child,

Fit to be made companion with a king:

What answer makes your grace unto my suit?

Reig. Since thou dost deign to woo her little worth, To be the princely bride of such a lord; Upon condition I may quietly Enjoy mine own, the county Maine, and Anjou,

Free from oppression, or the stroke of war,

My daughter shall be Henry's, if he please.

My daughter shall be Henry's, if he please. Suf. That is her ransome, I deliver her;

And those two counties, I will undertake, Your grace shall well and quietly enjoy.

Reig. And I again, - in Henry's royal name,

As deputy under that gracious king,

Give thee her hand, for sign of plighted faith.

Suf. Reignier of France, I give thee kingly thanks, Because this is in traffick of a king:
And yet, methinks, I could be well content
To be mine own attorney in this case. [Aside. I'll over then to England with this news,
And make this marriage to be solemniz'd;

So, farewell, Reignier! Set this diamond safe In golden palaces, as it becomes.

Reig. I do embrace thec, as I would embrace The Christian prince, king Henry, were he here.

Mar. Farewell, my lord! Good wishes, praise, and

prayers,

Shall Suffolk ever have of Margaret. [Going.

Suf. Farewell, sweet madam! But hark you, Margaret; No princely commendations to my king?

Mar. Such commendations as become a maid,

A virgin, and his servant, say to him.

Suf. Words sweetly plac'd, and modestly directed.

But, madam, I must trouble you again,-

No loving token to his majesty?

Mar. Yes, my good lord; a pure unspotted heart,

Never yet taint with love, I send the king.

Suf. And this withal. [Kisses her.

Mar. That for thyself;—I will not so presume,

To send such peevish tokens to a king.

[Exeunt Reignier and Margaret.

Suf. O, wert thou for myself!—But, Suffolk, stay; Thou may'st not wander in that labyrinth; There Minotaurs, and ugly treasons, lurk. Solicit Henry with her wond'rous praise: Bethink thee on her virtues that surmount:

Mad, natural graces that extinguish art; Repeat their semblance often on the seas, That, when thou com'st to kneel at Henry's feet, Thou may'st bereave him of his wits with wonder. [Exit.

SCENE IV.—Camp of the Duke of York, in Anjou.

Enter YORK, WARWICK, and others.

York. Bring forth that sorceress, condemn'd to burn.

Enter LA Pucelle, guarded, and a Shepherd.

Shep. Ah, Joan! this kills thy father's heart outright! Have I sought every country far and near, And, now it is my chance to find thee out,

Must I behold thy timeless cruel death?

Ah, Joan, sweet daughter Joan, I'll die with thee!

Puc. Decrepit miser! base ignoble wretch! I am descended of a gentler blood;

Thou art no father, nor no friend, of mine.

Shep. Out, out!—My lords, an please you, 'tis not so; I did beget her, all the parish knows:

Her mother liveth yet, can testify,

She was the first fruit of my bachelorship.

War. Graceless! wilt thou deny thy parentage? York. This argues what her kind of life hath been;

Wicked and vile; and so her death concludes.

Shep. Fye, Joan! that thou wilt be so obstacle! God knows, thou art a collop of my flesh;

And for thy sake have I shed many a tear: Deny me not, I prythee, gentle Joan.

Puc. Peasant, avaunt!—You have suborn'd this man, Of purpose to obscure my noble birth.

Shep. 'Tis true, I gave a noble to the priest,

The morn that I was wedded to her mother.— Kneel down and take my blessing, good my girl. Wilt thou not stoop? Now cursed be the time Of thy nativity! I would, the milk Thy mother gave thee, when thou suck'dst her breast, Had been a little ratsbane for thy sake! Or else, when thou didst keep my lambs a-field, I wish some ravenous wolf had eaten thee! Dost thou deny thy father, cursed drab? O, burn her, burn her; hanging is too good. $\lceil Exit.$ York. Take her away; for she hath liv'd too long,

To fill the world with vicious qualities.

Puc. First, let me tell you whom you have condemn'd: Not me begotten of a shepherd swain, But issu'd from the progeny of kings; Virtuous, and holy; chosen from above, By inspiration of celestial grace, To work exceeding miracles on earth, I never had to do with wicked spirits: But you,—that are polluted with your lusts, Stain'd with the guiltless blood of innocents, Corrupt and tainted with a thousand vices,— Because you want the grace that others have, You judge it straight a thing impossible To compass wonders, but by help of devils. No, misconceived! Joan of Arc hath been A virgin from her tender infancy, Chaste and immaculate in very thought; Whose maiden blood, thus rigorously effus'd, Will cry for vengeance at the gates of heaven. York. Ay, ay;—away with her to execution.

War. And hark ye, sirs; because she is a maid, Spare for no fagots, let there be enough:

Place barrels of pitch upon the fatal stake, That so her torture may be shortened.

Puc. Will nothing turn your unrelenting hearts?—Then, Joan, discover thine infirmity;
That warranteth by law to be thy privilege.—
I am with child, ye bloody homicides:
Murder not then the fruit within my womb,
Although ye hale me to a violent death.

York. Now heaven forefend! the holy maid with child? War. The greatest miracle that e'er ye wrought:

Is all your strict preciseness come to this?

York. She and the Dauphin have been juggling:

I did imagine what would be her refuge.

War. Well, go to; we will have no bastards live; Especially, since Charles must father it.

Puc. You are deceiv'd; my child is none of his; It was Alençon, that enjoy'd my love.

York. Alençon! that notorious Machiavel!

It dies, an if it had a thousand lives.

Puc. O, give me leave, I have deluded you; 'Twas neither Charles, nor yet the duke I nam'd, But Reignier, king of Naples, that prevail'd.

War. A married man! that's most intolerable.

York. Why, here's a girl! I think, she knows not well, There were so many, whom she may accuse.

War. It's sign, she hath been liberal and free.

York. And, yet, forsooth, she is a virgin pure.— Strumpet, thy words condemn thy brat, and thee: Use no entreaty, for it is in vain.

Puc. Then lead me hence; — with whom I leave my curse:
May never glorious sun reflex his beams
Upon the country where you make abode!
But darkness and the gloomy shade of death
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Environ you; till mischief, and despair,
Drive you to break your necks, or hang yourselves!

[Exit, guarded]

York. Break thou in pieces, and consume to ashes, Thou foul accursed minister of hell!

Enter Cardinal Beaufort, attended.

Car. Lord regent, I do greet your excellence With letters of commission from the king. For know, my lords, the states of Christendom, Mov'd with remorse of these outrageous broils, Have earnestly implor'd a general peace Betwixt our nation and th'aspiring French; And here at hand the Dauphin, and his train, Approacheth, to confer about some matter.

York. Is all our travail turn'd to this effect? After the slaughter of so many peers, So many captains, gentlemen, and soldiers, That in this quarrel have been overthrown, And sold their bodies for their country's benefit, Shall we at last conclude effeninate peace? Have we not lost most part of all the towns, By treason, falsehood, and by treachery, Our great progenitors had conquered?—O, Warwick, Warwick! I foresee with grief The utter loss of all the realm of France.

War. Be patient, York: if we conclude a peace, It shall be with such strict and severe covenants, As little shall the Frenchmen gain thereby.

Enter Charles, attended; Alençon, Bastard, Reignier, and others.

Char. Since, lords of England, it is thus agreed,

That peaceful truce shall be proclaim'd in France, We come to be informed by yourselves What the conditions of that league must be.

York. Speak, Winchester; for boiling choler chokes The hollow passage of my poison'd voice, By sight of these our baleful enemies.

Win. Charles, and the rest, it is enacted thus:
That—in regard king Henry gives consent,
Of mere compassion, and of lenity,
To ease your country of distressful war,
And suffer you to breathe in fruitful peace,—
You shall become true liegemen to his crown:
And, Charles, upon condition thou wilt swear
To pay him tribute, and submit thyself,
Thou shalt be plac'd as viceroy under him,
And still enjoy thy regal dignity.

Alen. Must be then as shadow of himself? Adorn his temples with a coronet; And yet, in substance and authority, Retain but privilege of a private man? This proffer is absurd and reasonless.

Char. 'Tis known, already that I am possess'd With more than half the Gallian territories, And therein reverenc'd for their lawful king: Shall I, for lucre of the rest unvanquish'd, Detract so much from that prerogative, As to be call'd but viceroy of the whole? No, lord ambassador; I'll rather keep That which I have, than, coveting for more, Be cast from possibility of all.

York. Insulting Charles! hast thou by secret means Us'd intercession to obtain a league; And, now the matter grows to compromise,

Stand'st thou aloof upon comparison?
Either accept the title thou usurp'st,
Of benefit proceeding from our king,
And not of any challenge of desert,
Or we will plague thee with incessant wars.

Reig. My lord, you do not well in obstinacy To cavil in the course of this contract: If once it be neglected, ten to one, We shall not find like opportunity.

Alen. To say the truth, it is your policy,
To save your subjects from such massacre,
And ruthless slaughters, as are daily seen
By our proceeding in hostility:
And therefore take this compact of a truce,
Although you break it when your pleasure serves.

[Aside, to CHARLES

War. How say'st thou, Charles? shall our condition stand?

Char. It shall:

Only reserv'd, you claim no interest In any of our towns of garrison.

York. Then swear allegiance to his majesty;
As thou art knight, never to disobey,
Nor be rebellious to the crown of England,
Thou, nor thy nobles, to the crown of England.—

[Charles, and the rest, give tokens of fealty So, now dismiss your army when ye please; Hang up your ensigns, let your drums be still, For here we entertain a solemn peace. [Exeunt

SCENE V.-London. A room in the palace.

Enter King Henry, in conference with Suffolk; Gloster and Exeter following.

K. Hen. Your wond'rous rare description, noble earl,

Of beautious Margaret hath astonished me: Her virtues, graced with external gifts, Do breed love's settled passions in my heart: And like as rigour in tempestuous gusts Provokes the mightiest hulk against the tide; So am I driven, by breath of her renown, Either to suffer shipwreck, or arrive Where I may have fruition of her love.

Suf. Tush! my good lord! this superficial tale
Is but a preface of her worthy praise:
The chief perfections of that lovely dame,
(Had I sufficient skill to utter them,)
Would make a volume of enticing lines,
Able to ravish any dull conceit.
And, which is more, she is not so divine,
So full replete with choice of all delights,
But, with as humble lowliness of mind,
She is content to be at your command;
Command, I mean, of virtuous chaste intents,
To love and honour Henry as her lord.

K. Hen. And otherwise will Henry ne'er presume. Therefore, my lord protector, give consent, That Margaret may be England's royal queen.

Glo. So should I give consent to flatter sin. You know, my lord, your highness is betroth'd Unto another lady of esteem;

How shall we then dispense with that contract, And not deface your homour with reproach?

Suf. As doth a ruler with unlawful oaths; Or one, that, at a triumph having vow'd To try his strength, forsaketh yet the lists By reason of his adversary's odds: A poor earl's daughter is unequal odds, And therefore may be broke without offence.

Glo. Why, what, I pray, is Margaret more than that? Her father is no better than an earl,

Although in glorious titles he excel.

Suf. Yes, my good lord, her father is a king, The king of Naples, and Jerusalem; And of such great authority in France, As his alliance will confirm our peace, And keep the Frenchmen in allegiance.

Glo. And so the earl of Armagnac may do, Because he is near kinsman unto Charles.

Exe. Beside, his wealth doth warrant liberal dower; While Reignier sooner will receive, than give.

Suf. A dower, my lords! disgrace not so your king, That he should be so abject, base, and poor, To choose for wealth, and not for perfect love. Henry is able to enrich his queen, And not to seek a queen to make him rich: So worthless peasants bargain for their wives, As market-men for oxen, sheep, or horse. Marriage is a matter of more worth, Than to be dealt in by attorneyship; Not whom we will, but whom his grace affects, Must be companion of his nuptial bed: And therefore, lords, since he affects her most, It most of all these reasons bindeth us.

In our opinions she should be preferr'd. For what is wedlock forced, but a hell, An age of discord and continual strife? Whereas the contrary bringeth forth bliss, And is a pattern of celestial peace. Whom should we match, with Henry, being a king, But Margaret, that is daughter to a king? Her peerless feature, joined with her birth, Approves her fit for none, but for a king: Her valiant courage, and undaunted spirit, (More than in women commonly is seen,) Will answer our hope in issue of a king; For Henry, son unto a conqueror, Is likely to beget more conquerors, If with a lady of so high resolve, As is fair Margaret, he be link'd in love. Then yield, my lords; and here conclude with me, That Margaret shall be queen, and none but she.

K. Hen. Whether it be through force of your report, My noble lord of Suffolk; or for that My tender youth was never yet attaint With any passion of inflaming love, I cannot tell; but this I am assur'd, I feel such sharp dissention in my breast, Such fierce alarums both of hope and fear, As I am sick with working of my thoughts. Take, therefore, shipping; post, my lord, to France; Agree to any covenants: and procure That lady Margaret do vouchsafe to come To cross the seas to England, and be crown'd King Henry's faithful and anointed queen: For your expences and sufficient charge, Among the people gather up a tenth.

Be gone, I say; for, till you do return,
I rest perplexed with a thousand cares.—
And you, good uncle, banish all offence:
If you do censure me by what you were,
Not what you are, I know it will excuse
This sudden execution of my will.
And so conduct me, where from company,
I may revolve and ruminate my grief.

Glo. Ay, grief, I fear me, both at first and last.

[Exeunt Gloster and Exeter.

Exit.

Suf. Thus Suffolk hath prevail'd: and thus he goes, As did the youthful Paris once to Greece; With hope to find the like event in love, But prosper better than the Trojan did. Margaret shall now be queen, and rule the king; But I will rule both her, the king, and realm. [Exit.

KING HENRY VI.

PART II.

SECOND PART OF KING HENRY VI.] This and The Third Part of King Henry VI. contain that troublesome period of this prince's reign which took in the whole contention betwixt the houses of York and Lancaster: and under that title were these two plays first acted and published. The present scene opens with King Henry's marriage, which was in the twenty-third year of his reign [A. D. 1445:] and closes with the first battle fought at St. Albans, and won by the York faction, in the thirty-third year of his reign [A. D. 1455]: so that it comprizes the history and transactions of ten years.

THEOBALD.

This play was altered by Crowne, and acted in the year 1681.

STLEVENS.

The Contention of the Two famous Houses of Yorke and Lancaster in two parts, was published in quarto, in 1600; and the first part was entered on the Stationers' books, March 12, 1593-4. On these two plays, which I believe to have been written by some preceding author, before the year 1590, Shakespeare formed, as I conceive, this and the following drama; altering, retrenching, or amplifying, as he thought proper.—Here it is necessary to apprize the reader of the method observed in the printing of these plays. All the lines printed in the usual manner, are found in the original quarto plays (or at least with such minute variations as are not worth noticing): and those, I conceive, Shakespeare adopted as he found them. The lines to which inverted commas are prefixed, were, if my hypothesis be well-founded, retouched, and greatly improved by him; and those with asterisks were his own original production; the embroidery with which he ornamented the coarse stuff that had been aukwardly made up for the stage by some of his contemporaries. The speeches which he new-modelled, he improved, sometimes by amplification, and sometimes by retrenchment.

These two pieces, I imagine, were produced in their present form in 1591. See An Attempt to ascertain the Order of Shakespeare's Plays, Vol. II. Dr. Johnson observes very justly, that these two parts were not written without a dependance on the first. Undoubtedly not; the old play of King Henry VI. (or, as it is now called, The First Part,) certainly had been exhibited before these were written in any form.

But it does not follow from this concession, either that *The Contention of the Two Houses*, &c. in two parts, was written by the author of the former play, or that Shakespeare was the author of these two pieces as they originally appeared.

MALONE.

PERSONS REPRESENTED. ***********

King HENRY the Sixth:

HUMPHREY, duke of Gloster, his uncle.

Cardinal Beaufort, bishop of Winchester, great uncle to the king.

RICHARD PLANTAGENET, duke of York:

EDWARD and RICHARD, his sons.

Duke of Somerset,

Duke of Suffolk,
Duke of Suffolk,
Duke of Buckingham,
Lord Clifford,
Young Clifford, his son,
Earl of Salisbury,
Farl of Warwick.

of the king's party.

of the York faction.

Lord Scales, governour of the Tower. Lord SAY.

Sir Humphrey Stafford, and his brother.

Sir John Stanley.

A Sea-capain, Master, and Master's Mate, and WALTER WHITMORE.

Two Gentlemen, prisoners with Suffolk.

A Herald. VAUX.

HUME and SOUTHWELL, two priests.

Bolingbroke, a conjurer. A Spirit raised by him.

THOMAS HORNER, an armourer. PETER, his man.

Clerk of Chatham. Mayor of Saint Albans. SIMPCOX, an imposter. Two Murderers.

JACK CADE, a rebcl:

GEORGE, JOHN, DICK, SMITH the Weaver, MICHAEL, &c. his followers.

ALEXANDER IDEN, a Kentish gentleman.

MARGARET, queen to King Henry.

ELEANOR, duchess of Gloster.

MARGERY JOURDAIN, a witch. Wife to Simpcox.

Lords, Ladies, and Attendants; Pctitioners, Aldermen, a Beadle, Sheriff, and Officers; Citizens, Prentices, Fulconers, Guards, Soldiers, Messengers, &c.

SCENE, dispersedly in various parts of England.

SECOND PART OF

KING HENRY VI.

ACT I.

SCENE I.—London. A room of state in the palace.

Flourish of trumpets: then hautboys. Enter, on one side, King Henry, Duke of Gloster, Salisbury, Warwick, and Cardinal Beaufort; on the other. Queen Margaret, led in by Suffolk; York, Somerset, Buckingham, and others, following.

Suf. As by your high imperial majesty
I had in charge at my depart for France,
As procurator to your excellence,
To marry princess Margaret for your grace;
So, in the famous ancient city, Tours,—
In presence of the kings of France and Sicil,
The dukes of Orleans, Calaber, Bretaigne, and Alençon,
Seven earls, twelve barons, twenty reverend bishops,—
I have perform'd my task, and was espous'd:
And humbly now upon my bended knee,
In sight of England and her lordly peers,
Deliver up my title in the queen
To your most gracious hands, that are the substance
Of that great shadow I did represent;

The happiest gift that ever marquess gave, The fairest queen that ever king receiv'd.

K. Hen. Suffolk, arise.—Welcome, queen Margaret: I can express no kinder sign of love,
Than this kind kiss.—O Lord, that lends me life,
Lend me a heart replete with thankfulness!
For thou hast given me, in this beauteous face,
'A world of earthly blessings to my soul,

* If sympathy of love unite our thoughts.

- ' Q. Mar. Great king of England, and my gracious lord;
- ' The mutual conference that my mind hath had-
- ' By day, by night; waking, and in my dreams;
- ' In courtly company, or at my beads,-
- ' With you mine alder-liefest sovereign,
- ' Makes me the bolder to salute my king
- With ruder terms; such as my wit affords,
- ' And over-joy of heart doth minister.
 - ' K. Hen. Her sight did ravish: but her grace in speech,
- ' Her words y-clad with wisdom's majesty,
- ' Makes me, from wondering fall to weeping joys;
- ' Such is the fulness of my heart's content.-
- Lords, with one cheerful voice welcome my love.

 All. Long live queen Margaret, England's happiness!

 Q. Mar. We thank you all.

 [Flourish.

Suf. My lord protector, so it please your grace, Here are the articles of contracted peace, Between our sovereign and the French king Charles,

' For eighteen months concluded by consent.

Glo. [Reads.] Imprimis, It is agreed between the French king, Charles, and William de la Poole, marquess of Suffolk, ambassador for Henry king of England,—that the said Henry shall espouse the lady Margaret, daughter

unto Reignier king of Naples, Sicilia, and Jerusalem; and crown her queen of England, ere the thirtieth of May next ensuing.——Item,—That the dutchy of Anjou and the county of Maine, shall be released and delivered to the king her father——

K. Hen. Uncle, how now?

Glo. Pardon me, gracious lord; Some sudden qualm hath struck me at the heart, And dimm'd mine eyes, that I can read no further.

K. Hen. Uncle of Winchester, I pray, read on.

Win. Item,—It is further agreed between them,—that the dutchies of Anjou and Maine shall be released and delivered over to the king her father; and she sent over of the king of England's own proper cost and charges, without having dowry.

K. Hen. They please us well.—Lord marquess, kneel down;

We here create thee the first duke of Suffolk,
And girt thee with the sword.—
Cousin of York, we here discharge your grace
From being regent in the parts of France,
Till term of eighteen months be full expir'd.—
Thanks, uncle Winchester, Gloster, York, and Buckingham,

Somerset, Salisbury, and Warwick; We thank you all for this great favour done, In entertainment to my princely queen. Come, let us in; and with all speed provide To see her coronation be perform'd.

[Exeunt King, Queen, and Suffolk.

Glo. Brave peers of England, pillars of the state, 'To you duke Humphrey must unload his grief,

' Your grief, the common grief of all the land.

- ' What! did my brother Henry spend his youth,
- ' His valour, coin, and people, in the wars?
- ' Did he so often lodge in open field,
- ' In winter's cold, and summer's parching heat,
- 'To conquer France, his true inheritance?
- And did my brother Bedford toil his wits,
- ' To keep by policy what Henry got?
- ' Have you yourselves, Somerset, Buckingham,
- ' Brave York, Salisbury, and victorious Warwick,
- ' Receiv'd deep scars in France and Normandy?
- ' Or hath my uncle Beaufort, and myself,
- ' With all the learned council of the realm,
- ' Studied so long, sat in the council-house,
- ' Early and late, debating to and fro
- ' How France and Frenchmen might be kept in awe?
- ' And hath his highness in his infancy
- ' Been crown'd in Paris, in despite of foes?
- And shall these labours, and these honours, die?
- ' Shall Henry's conquest, Bedford's vigilance,
- ' Your deeds of war, and all our counsel, die?
- 'O peers of England, shameful is this league!
- ' Fatal this marriage, cancelling your fame:
- ' Blotting your names from books of memory:
- ' Razing the characters of your renown;
- ' Defacing monuments of conquer'd France;
- ' Undoing all, as all had never been!
 - ' Car. Nephew, what means this passionate discourse?
- ' This peroration with such circumstance?
- ' For France, 'tis ours; and we will keep it still.
 - * Glo. Ay, uncle, we will keep it, if we can;
- * But now it is impossible we should:
- Suffolk, the new-made duke that rules the roast,
- ' Hath given the dutchies of Anjou and Maine

- * Unto the poor king Reignier, whose large style
- * Agrees not with the leanness of his purse.
 - * Sal. Now, by the death of him that died for all,
- * These counties were the keys of Normandy:—But wherefore weeps Warwick, my valiant son?
 - War. For grief, that they are past recovery:
- ' For, were there hope to conquer them again,
- ' My sword should shed hot blood, mine eyes no tears.
- ' Anjou and Maine! myself did win them both;
- Those provinces these arms of mine did conquer:
- ' And are the cities, that I got with wounds,
- ' Deliver'd up again with peaceful words?
- ' Mort Dieu!
 - * York. For Suffolk's duke—may he be suffocate,
- * That dims the honour of this warlike isle!
- * France should have torn and rent my very heart,
- * Before I would have yielded to this league.
- ' I never read but England's kings have had
- Large sums of gold, and dowries, with their wives:
- ' And our king Henry gives away his own,
- 6 To match with her that brings no vantages.
 - * Glo. A proper jest, and never heard before,
- * That Suffolk should demand a whole fifteenth,
- * For costs and charges in transporting her!
- * She should have staid in France, and starv'd in France,
- * Before-
 - * Car. My lord of Gloster, now you grow too hot;
- * It was the pleasure of my lord the king.
 - * Glo. My lord of Winchester, I know your mind;
- "Tis not my speeches that you do mislike,
- ' But 'tis my presence that doth trouble you.
- ' Rancour will out: Proud prelate, in thy face
- ' I see thy fury: if I longer stay,

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We shall begin our ancient bickerings.— Lordings, farewell; and say, when I am gone, I prophesied—France will be lost ere long.

[Exit.

Car. So, there goes our protector in a rage. 'Tis known to you, he is mine enemy:

* Nay, more, an enemy unto you all;

- * And no great friend, I fear me, to the king.
- * Consider, lords, he is the next of blood,
- * And heir apparent to the English crown;
- * Had Henry got an empire by his marriage,
- * And all the wealthy kingdoms of the west,
- * There's reason he should be displeas'd at it.
- * Look to it, lords; let not his smoothing words
- * Bewitch your hearts; be wise, and circumspect.
- What though the common people favour him,
- ' Calling him-Humphrey, the good duke of Gloster;
- ' Clapping their hands, and crying with loud voice-
- ' Jesu maintain your royal excellence!
- With-God preserve the good duke Humphrey!
- ' I fear me, lords, for all this flattering gloss,
- ' He will be found a dangerous protector.
 - * Buck. Why should he then protect our sovereign,
- * He being of age to govern of himself?-
- ' Cousin of Somerset, join you with me,
- And all together-with the duke of Suffolk,-
- We'll quickly hoise duke Humphrey from his seat.
- * Car. This weighty business will not brook delay;
 * I'll to the duke of Suffolk presently. [Exit.
 - Som. Cousin of Buckingham, though Humphrey's pride,
- ' And greatness of his place be grief to us,
- ' Yet let us watch the haughty cardinal;
- ' His insolence is more intolerable

- ' Than all the princes in the land beside;
- 'If Gloster be displac'd, he'll be protector.

 Buck. Or thou, or I, Somerset will be protector,
- * Despight duke Humphrey, or the cardinal.

 [Exeunt Buckingham and Somerset.

Sal. Pride went before, ambition follows him.

- While these do labour for their own preferment,
- ' Behoves it us to labour for the realm.
- ' I never saw but Humphrey duke of Gloster
- ' Did bear him like a noble gentleman.
- ' Oft have I seen the haughty cardinal-
- ' More like a soldier, than a man o'th' church,
- ' As stout, and proud, as he were lord of all,—
- ' Swear like a ruffian, and demean himself
- ' Unlike the ruler of a common-weal.—
- ' Warwick, my son, the comfort of my age!
- ' Thy deeds, thy plainness, and thy house-keeping,
- ' Hath won the greatest favour of the commons,
- ' Excepting none but good duke Humphrey.-
- ' And, brother York, thy acts in Ireland,
- 'In bringing them to civil discipline;
- ' Thy late exploits, done in the heart of France,
- ' When thou wert regent for our sovereign,
- ' Have made thee fear'd, and honour'd, of the people:-
- ' Join we together, for the publick good;
- 'In what we can to bridle and suppress
- ' The pride of Suffolk, and the cardinal,
- ' With Somerset's and Buckingham's ambition;
- ' And, as we may, cherish duke Humphrey's deeds,
- ' While they do tend the profit of the land.
 - * War. So God help Warwick, as he loves the land,
- * And common profit of his country!
 - * York. And so says York, for he hath greatest cause.

Sal. Then let's make haste away, and look unto the main.

War. Unto the main! O father, Maine is lost; That Maine, which by main force Warwick did win, * And would have kept, so long as breath did last: Main chance, father, you meant; but I meant Maine; Which I will win from France, or else be slain.

[Exeunt WARWICK and SALISBURY.

York. Anjou and Maine are given to the French;

- * Paris is lost; the state of Normandy
- * Stands on a tickle point, now they are gone:
- * Suffolk concluded on the articles;
- * The peers agreed; and Henry was well pleas'd,
- * To change two dukedoms for a duke's fair daughter.
- * I cannot blame them all; What is't to them?
- * 'Tis thine they give away, and not their own.
- * Pirates may make cheap pennyworths of their pillage,
- * And purchase friends, and give to courtezans,
- * Still revelling, like lords, till all be gone:
- * While as the silly owner of the goods
- * Weeps over them, and wrings his hapless hands,
- * And shakes his head, and trembling stands aloof,
- * While all is shar'd, and all is borne away;
- * Ready to starve, and dare not touch his own.
- * So York must sit, and fret, and bite his tongue,
- * While his own lands are bargain'd for, and sold.
- * Methinks, the realms of England, France, and Ireland,
- * Bear that proportion to my flesh and blood,
- * As did the fatal brand Althea burn'd,
- * Unto the prince's heart of Calvdon.

Anjou and Maine, both given unto the French! Cold news for me; for I had hope of France, Even as I have of fertile England's soil.

A day will come, when York shall claim his own: And therefore I will take the Nevils' parts, And make a show of love to proud duke Humphrey, And, when I spy advantage, claim the crown, For that's the golden mark I seek to hit: Nor shall proud Lancaster usurp my right, Nor hold his scepter in his childish fist, Nor wear the diadem upon his head, Whose church-like humours fit not for a crown. Then, York, be still awhile, till time do serve: Watch thou, and wake, when others be asleep, To pry into the secrets of the state; Till Henry, surfeiting in joys of love, With his new bride, and England's dear-bought queen, And Humphrey with the peers be fall'n at jars: Then will I raise aloft the milk-white rose. With whose sweet smell the air shall be perfum'd; And in my standard bear the arms of York, To grapple with the house of Lancaster; And, force perforce, I'll make him yield the crown, Whose bookish rule hath pull'd fair England down. Exit.

SCENE II.—The same. A room in the Duke of Gloster's house.

Enter GLOSTER and the Duchess.

Duch. Why droops my lord, like over-ripen'd corn, Hanging the head at Ceres' plenteous load?

- * Why doth the great duke Humphrey knit his brows,
- * As frowning at the favours of the world?
- * Why are thine eyes fix'd to the sullen earth,
- * Gazing on that which seems to dim thy sight?

- What see'st thou there? king Henry's diadem,
- * Enchas'd with all the honours of the world?
- * If so, gaze on, and grovel on thy face,
- * Until thy head be circled with the same.
- * Put forth thy hand, reach at the glorious gold:-
- What, is't too short? I'll lengthen it with mine:
- * And, having both together heav'd it up,
- * We'll both together lift our heads to heaven;
- * And never more abase our sight so low,
- * As to vouchsafe one glance unto the ground.
 - ' Glo. O Nell, sweet Nell, if thou dost love thy lord,
- ' Banish the canker of ambitious thoughts:
- ' And may that thought, when I imagine ill
- Against my king and nephew, virtuous Henry,
- ' Be my last breathing in this mortal world!
- ' My troublous dream this night doth make me sad.
 - ' Duch. What dream'd my lord? tell me, and I'll requite it
- With sweet rehearsal of my morning's dream.
 - ' Glo. Methought, this staff, mine office-badge in court,
- Was broke in twain; by whom, I have forgot,
- ' But, as I think, it was by the cardinal;
- And on the pieces of the broken wand
- ' Were plac'd the heads of Edmond duke of Somerset,
- ' And William de la Poole first duke of Suffolk.
- ' This was my dream; what it doth bode, God knows.
- Duch. Tut, this was nothing but an argument,
- That he that breaks a stick of Gloster's grove, Shall lose his head for his presumption.
- But list to me, my Humphrey, my sweet duke:

Methought, I sat in seat of majesty,

In the cathedral church of Westminster,

And in that chair where kings and queens are crown'd; Where Henry, and dame Margaret, kneel'd to me,

' And on my head did set the diadem.

' Glo. Nay, Eleanor, then must I chide outright:

* Presumptuous dame, ill-nurtur'd Eleanor!
Art thou not second woman in the realm;

And the protector's wife, belov'd of him?

- * Hast thou not worldly pleasure at command,
- * Above the reach or compass of thy thought? And wilt thou still be hammering treachery,
- * To tumble down thy husband, and thyself,
- * From top of honour to disgrace's feet? Away from me, and let me hear no more.
 - ' Duch. What, what, my lord! are you so cholerick
- With Eleanor, for telling but her dream?
- ' Next time, I'll keep my dreams unto myself,
- And not be check'd.
 - ' Glo. Nay, be not angry, I am pleas'd again.

Enter a Messenger.

- ' Mess. My lord protector, 'tis his highness' pleasure,
- * You do prepare to ride unto Saint Albans,
- 'Whereas the king and queen do mean to hawk. Glo. I go.—Come, Nell, thou wilt ride with us?
 - ' Duch. Yes, good my lord, I'll follow presently.

 [Exeunt Gloster and Messenger.
- · Follow I must, I cannot go before,
- * While Gloster bears this base and humble mind
- * Were I a man, a duke, and next of blood,
- * I would remove these tedious stumbling-blocks,
- * And smooth my way upon their headless necks:
- * And, being a woman, I will nor be slack
- * To play my part in fortune's pageant.

- 'Where are you there? Sir John! nay, fear not, man,
- We are alone; here's none but thee, and I.

Enter Hume.

Hume. Jesu preserve your royal majesty!

' Duch. What say'st thou, majesty! I am but grace.

Hume. But, by the grace of God, and Hume's advice,

Your grace's title shall be multiplied.

Duch. What say'st thou, man? hast thou as yet conferr'd

With Margery Jourdain, the cunning witch;

And Roger Bolingbroke, the conjurer?

And will they undertake to do me good?

' Hume. This they have promised,—to show your highness

A spirit rais'd from depth of under ground,

That shall make answer to such questions,

' As by your grace shall be propounded him.

- ' Duch. It is enough; I'll think upon the questions:
- ' When from Saint Albans we do make return,

' We'll see these things effected to the full.

' Here, Hume, take this reward; make merry, man,

With thy confederates in this weighty cause.

[Exit Duchess.

- * Hume. Hume must make merry with the duchess' gold;
- Marry, and shall. But how now, Sir John Hume?
- ' Seal up your lips, and give no words but-mum!

' The business asketh silent secrecy.

- * Dame Eleanor gives gold, to bring the witch:
- * Gold cannot come amiss, were she a devil.
- ' Yet have I gold, flies from another coast:
- I dare not say, from the rich cardinal,

- And from the great and new-made duke of Suffolk;
- Yet I do find it so: for, to be plain,
- 'They, knowing dame Eleanor's aspiring humour,
- ' Have hired me to undermine the duchess,
- ' And buz these conjurations in her brain.
- * They say, a crafty knave does need no broker;
- * Yet am I Suffolk and the cardinal's broker.
- * Hume, if you take not heed, you shall go near
- * To call them both—a pair of crafty knaves.
- * Well, so it stands: And thus, I fear, at last,
- * Hume's knavery, will be the duchess' wreck;
- * And her attainture will be Humphrey's fall:
- * Sort how it will, I shall have gold for all. Exit.

SCENE III.—The same. A room in the palace.

Enter Peter, and others, with petitions.

- ' 1 Pet. My masters, let's stand close; my lord prof tector will come this way by and by, and then we ' may deliver our supplications in the quill.
- ' 2 Pet. Marry, the Lord protect him, for he's a good man! Jesu bless him!

Enter Suffolk, and Queen Margaret.

- * 1 Pet. Here 'a comes, methinks, and the queen * with him: I'll be the first, sure.
- ' 2 Pet. Come back, fool; this is the duke of Suffolk, and not my lord protector.
 - ' Suf. How now, fellow? would'st anything with me?
- ' 1 Pet. I pray, my lord, pardon me! I took ve for " my lord protector.
- ' Q. Mar. [Reading the superscription.] To my lord protector! are your supplications to his lordship? Let
- " me see them: What is thine?

' I Pet. Mine is, an't please your grace, against John Goodman, my lord cardinal's man, for keeping my house, and lands, and wife and all, from me.

Suf. Thy wife too? that is some wrong, indeed.— What's yours?-What's here! [Reads.] Against the duke of Suffolk, for enclosing the commons of Melford,-How now, sir knave?

2 Pet. Alas, sir, I am but a poor petitioner of our whole township.

Peter. [Presenting his petition.] Against my master. Thomas Horner, for saying, That the duke of York was rightful heir to the crown.

' Q. Mar. What say'st thou? Did the duke of York

say, he was rightful heir to the crown?

' Peter. That my master was? No, forsooth: my ' master said, That he was; and that the king was an

' usurper.

Suf. Who is there? [Enter Servants.]—Take this fellow in, and send for his master with a pursuivant presently:-we'll hear more of your matter before the [Exeunt Servants, with PETER. king.

Q. Mar. And as for you, that love to be protected

' Under the wings of our protector's grace,

' Begin your suits anew, and sue to him.

[Tears the petition.

' Away, base cullions!—Suffolk, let them go.

* All. Come, let's be gone. [Exeunt Petitioners.

* Q. Mar. My lord of Suffolk, say, is this the guise,

* Is this the fashion in the court of England?

* Is this the government of Britain's isle, * And this the royalty of Albion's king?

* What, shall king Henry be a pupil still,

* Under the surly Gloster's governance?

- * Am I a queen in title and in style,
- * And must be made a subject to a duke?
- ' I tell thee, Poole, when in the city Tours
- ' Thou ran'st a tilt in honour of my love,
- ' And stol'st away the ladies' hearts of France;
- ' I thought king Henry had resembled thee,
- ' In courage, courtship, and proportion:
- ' But all his mind is bent to holiness,
- * To number Ave-Maries on his beads:
- * His champions are—the prophets and apostles;
- * His weapons, holy saws of sacred writ;
- * His study is his tilt-yard, and his loves
- * Are brazen images of canoniz'd saints.
- * I would, the college of cardinals
- * Would choose him pope, and carry him to Rome,
- * And set the triple crown upon his head;
- * That were a state fit for his holiness.
 - ' Suf. Madam, be patient: as I was cause
- ' Your highness came to England, so will I
- ' In England work your grace's full content.
 - * Q. Mar. Beside the haught protector, have we Beaufort,
- * The imperious churchman; Somerset, Buckingham,
- * And grumbling York: and not the least of these,
- * But can do more in England than the king.
 - * Suf. And he of these, that can do most of all,
- * Cannot do more in England than the Nevils:
- * Salisbury, and Warwick, are no simple peers.
 - ' Q. Mar. Not all these lords do vex me half so much,
- ' As that proud dame, the lord protector's wife.
- ' She sweeps it through the court, with troops of ladies,
- More like an empress than duke Humphrey's wife;

Strangers in court do take her for the queen:

- * She bears a duke's revenues on her back,
- * And in her heart she scorns her poverty:
- * Shall I not live to be aveng'd on her?
- * Contemptuous base-born callat as she is,
- She vaunted 'mongst her minions t'other day, The very train of her worst wearing-gown

Was better worth than all my father's lands,

- * Till Suffolk gave two dukedoms for his daughter.

 Suf. Madam, myself have lim'd a bush for her;
- * And plac'd a quire of such enticing birds,
- * That she will light to listen to the lays,
- * And never mount to trouble you again.
- * So, let her rest: And, madam, list to me;
- * For I am bold to counsel you in this.
- * Although we fancy not the cardinal,
- * Yet must we join with him, and with the lords,
- *Till we have brought duke Humphrey in disgrace.
- * As for the duke of York,—this late complaint
- * Will make but little for his benefit:
- * So, one by one, we'll weed them all at last,
- * And you yourself shall steer the happy helm.

Enter King Henry, York, and Somerset, conversing with him; Duke and Duchess of Gloster, Cardinal Beaufort, Buckingham, Salisbury, and Warwick.

K. Hen. For my part, noble lords, I care not which; Or Somerset, or York, all's one to me.

York. If York have ill demean'd himself in France, Then let him be denay'd the regentship.

Som. If Somerset be unworthy of the place,

Let York be regent, I will yield to him.

War. Whether your grace be worthy, yea, or no, Dispute not that: York is the worthier.

Car. Ambitious Warwick, let thy betters speak. War. The cardinal's not my better in the field. Buck. All in this presence are thy betters, Warwick. War. Warwick may live to be the best of all.

- * Sal. Peace, son;—and show some reason, Buckingham,
- * Why Somerset should be preferr'd in this.
 - * Q. Mar. Because the king, forsooth, will have it so.
 - ' Glo. Madam, the king is old enough himself
- ' To give his censure: these are no women's matters.
 - Q. Mar. If he be old enough what needs your grace
- ' To be protector of his excellence?
 - ' Glo. Madam, I am protector of the realm;
- And, at his pleasure, will resign my place.

 Suf. Resign it then, and leave thine insolence.
- Since thou wert king, (as who is king, but thou?)
- 'The commonwealth hath daily run to wreck:
- * The Dauphin hath prevail'd beyond the seas;
- * And all the peers and nobles of the realm
- * Have been as bondmen to thy sovereignty.
 - * Car. The commons hast thou rack d; the clergy's bags
- * Are lank and lean with thy extortions.
 - * Som. Thy sumptuous buildings, and thy wife's attire.
- * Have cost a mass of public treasury.
 - * Buck. Thy cruelty in execution,
- * Upon offenders, hath exceeded law,
- * And left thee to the mercy of the law.
 - * Q. Mar. Thy sale of offices, and towns in France,—
- * If they were known, as the suspect is great,—
- * Would make thee quickly hop without thy head.

 [Exit GLOSTER. The Queen drops her fan.

- Gives me my fan: What, minion! can you not?

 [Gives the Duchess a box on the ear.
- ' I cry you mercy, madam; Was it you?
 - ' Duch. Was't 1? yea, I it was, proud Frenchwoman:
- ' Could I come near your beauty with my nails, I'd set my ten commandments in your face.
 - K. Hen. Sweet aunt, be quiet; 'twas against her will.
- ' Duch. Against her will! Good king, look to't in time;
- ' She'll hamper thee, and dandle thee like a baby:
- * Though in this place most master wear no breeches, She shall not strike dame Eleanor unreveng'd.

 [Exit Duchess.
 - * Buck. Lord cardinal, I will follow Eleanor,
- * And listen after Humphrey, how he proceeds:
- * She's tickled now; her fume can need no spurs,
- * She'll gallop fast enough to her destruction.

[Exit BUCKINGHAM.

Re-enter GLOSTER.

- * Glo. Now, lords, my choler being over-blown,
- * With walking once about the quadrangle,
- * I come to talk of commonwealth affairs.
- * As for your spiteful false objections,
- * Prove them, and I lie open to the law:
- * But God in mercy so deal with my soul,
- * As I in duty love my king and country!
- * But, to the matter that we have in hand:-
- * I say, my sovereign, York is meetest man
- * To be your regent in the realm of France.
 - * Suf. Before we make election, give me leave
- ' To show some reason, of no little force,
- ' That York is most unmeet of any man.

- ' York. I'll tell thee, Suffolk, why I am unmeet.
- ' First, for I cannot flatter thee in pride:
- * Next, if I be appointed for the place,
- * My lord of Somerset will keep me here,
- * Without discharge, money, or furniture,
- * Till France be won into the Dauphin's hands.
- * Last time, I danc'd attendance on his will,
- * Till Paris was besieg'd, famish'd, and lost.
 - * War. That I can witness; and a fouler fact
- * Did never traitor in the land commit.

Suf. Peace, head-strong Warwick!

War. Image of pride, why should I hold my peace?

Enter Servants of Suffolk, bringing in Horner and Peter.

Suf. Because here is a man accus'd of treason: Pray God, the duke of York excuse himself!

- * York. Doth any one accuse York for a traitor?
- * K. Hen. What mean'st thou, Suffolk? tell me: What are these?
- ' Suf. Please it your majesty, this is the man
- ' That doth accuse his master of high treason:
- ' His words were these; -that Richard, duke of York,
- ' Was rightful heir unto the English crown;
- ' And that your majesty was an usurper.
 - ' K. Hen. Say, man, were these thy words?

Hor. An't shall please your majesty, I never said nor thought any such matter: God is my witness, I am falsely accused by the villain.

- ' Pet. By these ten bones, my lords, [Holding up his hands.] he did speak them to me in the garret one
- ' night, as we were scouring my lord of York's armour.
 - * York. Base dunghill villain, and mechanical,

- * I'll have thy head for thy traitor's speech :-
- ' I do beseech your royal majesty,
- ' Let him have all the rigour of the law.

Hor. Alas, my lord, hang me, if ever I spake the words. My accuser is my prentice; and when I did correct him for his fault the other day, he did vow upon his knees he would be even with me: I have good witness of this; therefore, I beseech your majesty, do not cast away an honest man for a villain's accusation.

K. Hen. Uncle, what shall we say to this in law?

- Glo. This doom, my lord, if I may judge:
- ' Let Somerset be regent o'er the French,
- ' Because in York this breeds suspicion:
- ' And let these have a day appointed them
- ' For single combat in convenient place;
- ' For he hath witness of his servant's malice:
- 'This is the law, and this duke Humphrey's doom.

K. Hen. Then be it so. My lord of Somerset, We make your grace lord regent o'er the French.

Som. I humbly thank your royal majesty.

Hor. And I accept the combat willingly.

Pet. Alas, my lord, I cannot fight; * for God's sake,

- * pity my case! the spite of man prevaileth against me.
- * O Lord, have mercy upon me! I shall never be able
- * to fight a blow: O Lord, my heart!
 - Glo. Sirrah, or you must fight, or else be hang'd.
- K. Hen. Away with them to prison: and the day
- Of combat shall be the last of the next month.
- * Come, Somerset, we'll see thee sent away. [Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- The same. The Duke of Gloster's garden.

Enter Margery Jourdain, Hume, Southwell, and Bolingbroke.

- * Hume. Come, my masters; the duchess, I tell you, * expects performance of your promises.
 - * Boling. Master Hume, we are therefore provided:
- * Will her ladyship behold and hear our exorcisms?
 - * Hume. Ay; What else? fear you not her courage.
 - * Boling. I have heard her reported to be a woman
- * of an invincible spirit: But it shall be convenient,
- * master Hume, that you be by her aloft, while we be
- * busy below; and so, I pray you, go in God's name,
- * and leave us. [Exit Hume.] Mother Jourdain, be you
- prostrate, and grovel on the earth:-* John South-
- * well, read you; and let us to our work.

Enter Duchess, above.

- * Duch. Well said, my masters; and welcome all. * To this geer; the sooner the better.
 - * Boling. Patience, good lady; wizards know their times:

Deep night, dark night, the silent of the night,

- ' The time of night when Troy was set on fire;
- The time when screech-owls cry, and ban-dogs howl,
- ' And spirits walk, and ghosts break up their graves,
- ' That time best fits the work we have in hand.
- ' Madam, sit you, and fear not; whom we raise,
- We will make fast within a hallow'd verge.

[Here they perform the ceremonies appertaining, and make the circle; Bolingbroke, or Southwell, reads, Conjuro te, &c. It thunders and lightens terribly; then the Spirit riseth.

- * Spir. Adsum.
- * M. Jourd. Asmath,
- * By the eternal God, whose name and power
- * Thou tremblest at, answer that I shall ask;
- For, till thou speak, thou shalt not pass from hence.
 - * Spir. Ask what thou wilt:—That I had said and done! Boling. First, of the king. What shall of him become?

[Reading out of a paper.

Spir. The duke yet lives, that Henry shall depose;

But him outlive, and die a violent death.

[As the Spirit speaks, Southwell writes the answer.

Boling. What fate awaits the duke of Suffolk? Spir. By water shall he die, and take his end.

Boling. What shall befall the duke of Somerset?

Spir. Let him shun castles;

Safer shall he be upon the sandy plains Than where castles mounted stand.

' Have done, for more I hardly can endure.

Boling. Descend to darkness, and the burning lake:

' False fiend, avoid!

[Thunder and lightning. Spirit descends.

Enter YORK and BUCKINGHAM, hastily, with their Guards, and others.

- ' York. Lay hands upon these traitors, and their trash.
- Beldame, I think, we watch'd you at an inch.-
- ' What, madam, are you there? the king and commonweal
- ' Are deeply indebted for this piece of pains;
- ' My lord protector will, I doubt it not,
- ' See you well guerdon'd for these good deserts.
 - * Duch. Not half so bad as thine to England's king,
- * Injurious duke; that threat'st where is no cause.

- * Buck. True, madam, none at all. What call you this? [Shewing her the papers.
- ' Away with them; let them be clapp'd up close,
- ' And kept asunder: -You, madam, shall with us:-
- ' Stafford, take her to thee .- [Exit Duchess from above.
- ' We'll see your trinkets here all forth-coming;
- ' All.—Away!

[Exeunt Guards, with South. Boling. &c.

- * York. Lord Buckingham, methinks, you watch'd her well:
- * A pretty plot, well chosen to build upon!

Now, pray, my lord, let's see the devil's writ.

What have we here?

[Reads.

The duke yet lives, that Henry shall depose; But him outlive, and die a violent death.

* Why, this is just,

* Aio te, Æacida, Romanos vincere posse.

Well, to the rest:

Tell me, what fate awaits the duke of Suffolk?

By water shall he die, and take his end .-

What shall betide the duke of Somerset?—

Let him shun castles;

Safer shall he be upon the sandy plains,

Than where castles mounted stand.

- * Come, come, my lords;
- * These oracles are hardily attain'd,
- * And hardly understood.
- 'The king is now in progress toward Saint Albans,
- With him, the husband of this lovely lady:
- ' Thither go these news, as fast as horse can carry them;
- ' A sorry breakfast for my lord protector.
- * Buck. Your grace shall give me leave, mylord of York,
- ' To be the post, in hope of his reward.

' York. At your pleasure, my good lord.—Who's ' within there, ho!

Enter a Servant.

Invite my lords of Salisbury, and Warwick,

' To sup with me to-morrow night.—Away! [Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE I .- Saint Albans.

Enter King Henry, Queen Margaret, Gloster, Cardinal, and Suffolk, with Falconers hollaing.

- ' Q. Mar. Believe me, lords, for flying at the brook,
- I saw not better sport these seven years' day:
- Yet, by your leave, the wind was very high; And, ten to one, old Joan had not gone out.
 - ' K. Hen. But what a point, my lord, your falcon made,
- And what a pitch she flew above the rest!-
- ' To see how God in all his creatures works!
- * Yea, man and birds, are fain of climbing high.

Suf. No marvel, an it like your majesty, My lord protector's hawks do tower so well; They know their master loves to be aloft,

- * And bears his thoughts above his falcon's pitch.
 - Glo. My lord, 'tis but a base ignoble mind
- 'That mounts no higher than a bird can soar.
 - ' Car. I thought as much; he'd be above the clouds.
- ' Glo. Ay, my lord cardinal; How think you by that? Were it not good, your grace would fly to heaven?

Suf.

- * K. Hen. The treasury of everlasting joy!
- ' Car. Thy heaven is on earth; thine eyes and thoughts
- Beat on a crown, the treasure of thy heart;

Pernicious protector, dangerous peer,

That smooth'st it so with king and commonweal!

- 'Glo. What, cardinal, is your priesthood grown prerémptory?
- * Tantæne animis cælestibus ıræ?
- ' Churchmen so hot? good uncle, hide such malice;
- With such holiness can you do it?
 - Suf. No malice, sir; no more than well becomes
- ' So good a quarrel, and so bad a peer.

Glo. As who, my lord?

Why, as you, my lord;

An't like your lordly lord-protectorship.

Glo. Why, Suffolk, England knows thine insolence.

Q. Mar. And thy ambition, Gloster.

K. Hen. I pr'ythee, peace, Good queen; and whet not on these furious peers,

For blessed are the peacemakers on earth.

Car. Let me be blessed for the peace I make, Against this proud protector, with my sword!

Glo. 'Faith, holy uncle, 'would 'twere come to that!

- ' Car. Marry, when thou dar'st. [Aside.
- Glo. Make up no factious numbers for the matter,
- 'In thine own person answer thy abuse. [Aside. 'Car. Ay, where thou dar'st not peep: an if thou dar'st,
- This evening on the east side of the grove. [Aside.
 - ' K. Hen. How now, my lords?
 - ' Car. Believe me, cousin Gloster,
- ' Had not your man put up the fowl so suddenly,

We had had more sport.—Come with thy two-hand sword.

[Aside to Glo.

Glo. True, uncle.

Car. Are you advis'd?—the east side of the grove?

Glo. Cardinal, I am with you. [Aside. K. Hen. Why, how now, uncle Gloster?

Glo. Talking of hawking; nothing else, my lord.—

Now, by God's mother, priest, I'll shave your crown for this,

* Or all my sense shall fail.

[Aside.

* Car. Medice teipsum;

Protector, see to't well, protect yourself. [Aside.

K. Hen. The winds grow high; so do your stomachs, lords.

* How irksome is this musick to my heart!

- * When such strings jar, what hope of harmony?
- * I pray, my lords, let me compound this strife.

Enter an Inhabitant of Saint Albans, crying, A Miracle! Glo. What means this noise?

Fellow, what miracle dost thou proclaim?

Inhab. A miracle! a miracle!

Suf. Come to the king, and tell him what miracle. Inhab. Forsooth, a blind man at Saint Alban's shrine,

Within this half hour, hath receiv'd his sight;

A man, that ne'er saw in his life before.

'K. Hen. Now, God be prais'd! that to believing souls Gives light in darkness, comfort in despair!

Enter the Mayor of Saint Albans, and his brethren; and Simpoox, borne between two persons in a chair; his Wife and a great multitude following.

* Car. Here come the townsmen on procession,

* To present your highness with the man.

- * K. Hen. Great is his comfort in this earthly vale,
- * Although by his sight his sin be multiplied.
 - * Glo. Stand by, my masters, bring him near the king,
- * His highness' pleasure is to talk with him.
 - * K. Hen. Good fellow, tell us here the circumstance,
- * That we for thee may glorify the Lord.

What, hast thou been long blind, and now restor'd? Simp. Born blind, an't please your grace.

Wife. Ay, indeed, was he.

Suf. What woman is this?

Wife. His wife, an't like your worship.

Glo. Had'st thou been his mother, thou could'st have better told.

K. Hen. Where wert thou born?

Simp. At Berwick, in the north, an't like your grace.

- 'K. Hen. Poor soul! God's goodness hath been great to thee:
- ' Let never day nor night unhallow'd pass,
- ' But still remember what the Lord hath done.
 - * Q. Mar. Tell me, good fellow, cam'st thou here by chance,
- * Or of devotion, to this holy shrine?
 - ' Simp. God knows, of pure devotion; being call'd
- ' A hundred times, and oftner, in my sleep
- ' By good Saint Alban; who said,—Simpcox, come;
- ' Come, offer at my shrine, and I will help thee.
- * Wife. Most true, forsooth; and many time and oft
- * Myself have heard a voice to call him so.

Car. What, art thou lame?

Simp. Ay, God Almighty help me!

Suf. How cam'st thou so?

Simp. A fall off of a tree.

Wife. A plum-tree, master.

Glo. How long hast thou been blind?

Simp. O, born so, master.

Glo. What, and would'st climb a tree? Simp. But that in all my life, when I was a youth.

* Wife. Too true; and bought his climbing very

- dear.
 * Glo. 'Mass, thou lov'dst plums well, that would'st
- venture so.
- Simp. Alas, good master, my wife desir'd some damsons,
- And made me climb, with danger of my life.
 - * Glo. A subtle knave! but yet it shall not serve.-
- ' Let me see thine eyes:—wink now;—now open them:—
- ' In my opinion yet thou see'st not well.
 - ' Simp. Yes, master, clear as day; I thank God, and Saint Alban.
 - Glo. Say'st thou me so? What colour is this cloak of?

Simp. Red, master; red as blood.

Glo. Why, that's well said: What colour is my gown

Simp. Black, forsooth; coal-black, as jet.

K. Hen. Why then, thou know'st what colour jet is

Suf. And yet, I think, jet did he never see.

Glo. But cloaks, and gowns, before this day, a many.

Wife. Never, before this day, in all his life.

Glo. Tell me, sirrah, what's my name?

Simp. Alas, master, I know not.

Glo. What's his name?

Simp. I know not.

Glo. Nor his?

Simp. No, indeed, master.

Glo. What's thine own name?

Simp. Saunder Simpcox, an if it please you, master.

Glo. Then, Saunder, sit thou there, the lyingest

In Christendom. If thou had'st been born blind, Thou might'st as well have known our names, as thus To name the several colours we do wear.

Sight may distinguish of colours; but suddenly

To nominate them all, 's impossible.—

My lords, Saint Alban here hath done a miracle; And would ye not think that cunning to be great,

That could restore this cripple to his legs?

Simp. O, master, that you could!

Glo. My masters of Saint Albans, have you not beadles in your town, and things called whips?

May. Yes, my lord, if it please your grace.

Glo. Then send for one presently.

May. Sirrah, go fetch the beadle hither straight.

[Exit an Attendant.

Glo. Now fetch me a stool hither by and by. [A stool brought out.] Now, sirrah, if you mean to save yourself from whipping, leap me over this stool, and run away.

Simp. Alas, master, I am not able to stand alone: You go about to torture me in vain.

Re-enter Attendant, with the Beadle.

Glo. Well, sir, we must have you find your legs. Sirrah beadle, whip him till he leap over that same stool.

Bead. I will, my lord.—Come on, sirrah; off with your doublet quickly.

Simp. Alas, master, what shall I do? I am not able

to stand.

[After the Beadle hath hit him once, he leaps over the stool, and runs away; and the people follow, and cry, A Miracle!

- * K. Hen. O God, see'st thou this, and bear'st so long?
- * Q. Mar. It made me laugh, to see the villain run.
- * Glo. Follow the knave; and take this drab away.

* Wife. Alas, sir, we did it for pure need.

Glo. Let them be whipped through every market town, till they come to Berwick, whence they came.

[Exeunt Mayor, Beadle, Wife, &c.

- ' Car. Duke Humphrey has done a miracle to day.
- ' Suf. True; made the lame to leap, and fly away.
- Glo. But you have done more miracles than I; You made, in a day, my lord, whole towns to fly.

Enter BUCKINGHAM.

- ' K. Hen. What tidings with our cousin Buckingham?
- Buck. Such as my heart doth tremble to unfold.
- ' A sort of naughty persons, lewdly bent,-
- ' Under the countenance and confederacy
- ' Of lady Eleanor, the protector's wife,
- 'The ringleader and head of all this rout,-
- ' Have practis'd dangerously against your state,
- ' Dealing with witches, and with conjurors:
- ' Whom we have apprehended in the fact;
- ' Raising up wicked spirits from under ground,
- Demanding of king Henry's life and death,
- ' And other of your highness' privy council,
- As more at large your grace shall understand.

- ' Car. And so, my lord protector, by this means
- ' Your lady is forthcoming yet at London.
- 'This news, I think, hath turn'd your weapon's edge;
- 'Tis like, my lord, you will not keep your hour.

[Aside to GLOSTER.

- ' Glo. Ambitious churchman, leave to afflict my heart!
- * Sorrow and grief have vanquish'd all my powers:
- * And, vanquish'd as I am, I yield to thee,
- * Or to the meanest groom.
 - * K. Hen. O God, what mischiefs work the wicked ones;
- * Heaping confusion on their own heads thereby!
 - * Q. Mar. Gloster, see here the tainture of thy nest;
- * And, look, thyself be faultless, thou wert best.
 - ' Glo. Madam, for myself, to heaven I do appeal,
- ' How I have lov'd my king, and commonweal:
- And, for my wife, I know not how it stands;
- ' Sorry I am to hear what I have heard:
- ' Noble she is; but if she have forgot
- ' Honour, and virtue, and convers'd with such
- ' As, like to pitch, defile nobility,
- ' I banish her, my bed, and company;
- ' And give her, as a prey, to law, and shame,
- ' That hath dishonour'd Gloster's honest name.
 - 'K. Hen. Well, for this night, we will repose us here:
- ' To-morrow, toward London, back again,
- ' To look into this business thoroughly,
- ' And call these foul offenders to their answers;
- ' And poise the cause in justice' equal scales,
- Whose beam stands sure, whose rightful cause prevails. [Flourish. Exeunt.

SCENE II.—London. The Duke of York's garden.

Enter York, Salisbury, and Warwick.

- ' York. Now, my good lords of Salisbury and Warwick,
- Our simple supper ended, give me leave,
- ' In this close walk, to satisfy myself,
- In craving your opinion of my title,
- Which is infallible, to England's crown.
 - * Sal. My lord, I long to hear it at full.

War. Sweet York, begin: and if thy claim be good, The Nevils are thy subjects to command.

York. Then thus:-

- ' Edward the Third, my lords, had seven sons:
- ' The first, Edward the Black Prince, prince of Wales;
- ' The second, William of Hatfield; and the third,
- ' Lionel, duke of Clarence; next to whom,
- ' Was John of Gaunt, the duke of Lancaster:
- ' The fifth, was Edmond Langley, duke of York;
- ' The sixth, was Thomas of Woodstock, duke of Gloster;
- ' William of Windsor was the seventh, and last.
- ' Edward, the Black Prince, died before his father;
- ' And left behind him Richard, his only son,
- 'Who, after Edward the Third's death, reign'd as king;
- 'Till Henry Bolingbroke, duke of Lancaster,
- ' The eldest son and heir of John of Gaunt,
- ' Crown'd by the name of Henry the Fourth,
- ' Seiz'd on the realm; depos'd the rightful king;
- ' Sent his poor queen to France, from whence she came,
- ' And him to Pomfret; where, as all you know,
- ' Harmless Richard was murder'd traitorously.
- * War. Father, the duke hath told the truth;
- * Thus got the house of Lancaster the crown.

- * York. Which now they hold by force, and not by right;
- * For Richard, the first son's heir being dead,
- * The issue of the next son should have reign'd.
 - * Sal. But William of Hatfield died without an heir.
 - * York. The third son, duke of Clarence, (from whose line
- * I claim the crown,) had issue—Philippe, a daughter,
- * Who married Edmund Mortimer, earl of March,
- * Edmund had issue-Roger, earl of March:
- * Roger had issue—Edmund, Anne, and Eleanor.

 'Sal. This Edmund, in the reign of Bolingbroke,
- ' As I have read, laid claim unto the crown;
- ' And, but for Owen Glendower, had been king,
- ' Who kept him in captivity, till he died.
- * But, to the rest.
 - ' York. His eldest sister, Anne,
- ' My mother being heir unto the crown,
- ' Married Richard, earl of Cambridge; who was son
- ' To Edmund Langley, Edward the Third's fifth son.
- ' By her I claim the kingdom: she was heir
- ' To Roger, earl of March; who was the son
- ' Of Edmund Mortimer; who married Philippe,
- ' Sole daughter unto Lionel, duke of Clarence:
- ' So, if the issue of the elder son
- ' Succeed before the younger, I am king.
 - ' War. What plain proceedings are more plain than this?
- Henry doth claim the crown from John of Gaunt,
- ' The fourth son; York claims it from the third.
- ' Till Lionel's issue fails, his should not reign:
- ' It fails not yet; but flourishes in thee,
- And in thy sons, fair slips of such a stock.-

- ' Then, father Salisbury, kneel we both together;
- ' And, in this private plot, be we the first,
- ' That shall salute our rightful sovereign
- ' With honour of his birthright to the crown.
- Both. Longlive our sovereign Richard, England's king!
 York. We thank you, lords. But I am not your king
- 'Till I be crown'd; and that my sword be stain'd
- With heart-blood of the house of Lancaster:
- with heart-blood of the house of Lancaster
- * And that's not suddenly to be perform'd;
- * But with advice, and silent secrecy.
- * Do you, as I do, in these dangerous days,
- * Wink at the duke of Suffolk's insolence,
- * At Beaufort's pride, at Somerset's ambition,
- * At Buckingham, and all the crew of them,
- * Till they have snar'd the shepherd of the flock,
- * That virtuous prince, the good duke Humphrey:
- * 'Tis that they seek; and they, in seeking that,
- * Shall find their deaths, if York can prophesy.
 - * Sal. My lord, break we off; we know your mind at full.
- War. My heart assures me, that the earl of Warwick
- ' Shall one day make the duke of York a king.
- ' York. And, Nevil, this I do assure myself,—
- Richard shall live to make the earl of Warwick
- ' The greatest man in England, but the king. [Exeunt.

SCENE III.—The same. A hall of justice.

- Trumpets sounded. Enter King Henry, Queen Margaret, Gloster, York, Suffolk, and Salisbury; the Duchess of Gloster, Margery Jourdain, Southwell, Hume, and Bolingbroke, under guard.
 - 'K. Hen. Stand forth, dame Eleanor Cobham, Gloster's wife:
- ' In sight of God, and us, your guilt is great;
- Receive the sentence of the law, for sins
- ' Such as by God's book are adjudg'd to death.—
- * You four, from hence to prison back again;
- * From thence, unto the place of execution:
- * The witch in Smithfield shall be burn'd to ashes,
- * And you three shall be strangled on the gallows .--
- ' You, madam, for you are more nobly born,
- ' Despoiled of your honour in your life,
- 'Shall, aftre three days' open penance done,
- ' Live in your country here, in banishment,
- ' With sir John Stanley, in the isle of Man.
 - ' Duch. Welcome is banishment, welcome were my death.
 - * Glo. Eleanor, the law, thou seest, hath judged thee;
- * I cannot justify whom the law condemns.—

 [Exeunt the Duchess, and the other prisoners, guarded.
- ' Mine eyes are full of tears, my heart of grief.
- ' Ah, Humphrey, this dishonour in thine age
- Will bring thy head with sorrow to the ground!-
- ' I beseech your majesty, give me leave to go;
- ' Sorrow would solace, and mine age would ease.

- K. Hen. Stay, Humphrey duke of Gloster: ere thou go,
- Give up thy staff; Henry will to himself
- Protector be: and God shall be my hope,
- ' My stay, my guide, and lantern to my feet;
- ' And go in peace, Humphrey; no less belov'd,
- ' Than when thou wert protector to thy king.
 - * Q. Mar. I see no reason, why a king of years
- * Should be to be protected like a child.-
- ' God and king Henry govern England's helm:
- Give up your staff, sir, and the king his realm.
 - ' Glo. My staff?—here, noble Henry, is my staff:
- ' As willingly do I the same resign,
- As e'er thy father Henry made it mine;

And even as willingly at thy feet I leave it,

As others would ambitiously receive it.

- ' Farewell, good king: When I am dead and gone,
 May honourable peace attend thy throne! [Exit.
 - * Q. Mar. Why, now is Henry king, and Margaret queen;
- * And Humphrey, duke of Gloster, scarce himself,
- * That bears so shrewd a maim; two pulls at once,-
- * His lady banish'd, and a limb lopp'd off;
- * This staff of honour raught:—' There let it stand,
- ' Where it best fits to be, in Henry's hand.
 - * Suf. Thus droops this lofty pine, and hangs his sprays;
- * Thus Eleanor's pride dies in her youngest days.
 - ' York. Lords, let him go .- Please it your majesty
- 'This is the day appointed for the combat;
- ' And ready are the appellant and defendant,
- ' The armourer and his man, to enter the lists,
- ' So please your highness to behold the fight.

- * Q. Mar. Ay, good my lord; for purposely therefore * Left I the court, to see this quarrel tried.
 - ' K. Hen. O' God's name, see the lists and all things fit;
- ' Here let them end it, and God defend the right!
 - * York. I never saw a fellow worse bested,
- * Or more afraid to fight, than is the appellant,
- * The servant of this armourer, my lords.

Enter, on one side, Horner, and his neighbours, drinking to him so much that he is drunk; and he enters bearing his staff with a sand-bag fastened to it; a drum before him: at the other side, Peter, with a drum and a similar staff; accompanied by prentices drinking to him.

- 1 Neigh. Here, neighbour Horner, I drink to you in a cup of sack; And fear not, neighbour, you shall do well enough.
- 2 Neigh. And here, neighbour, here's a cup of charneco.
- 3 Neigh. And here's a pot of good double beer, neighbour: drink, and fear not your man.

Hor. Let it come, i'faith, and I'll pledge you all; And a fig for Peter!

- 1 Pren. Here, Peter, I drink to thee; and be not afraid.
- 2 Pren. Be merry, Peter, and fear not thy master; fight for credit of the prentices.

Peter. I thank you all: * drink, and pray for me, * I pray you; for, I think, I have taken my last * draught in this world.*—Here, Robin, an if I die, I give thee my apron; and, Will, thou shalt have my hammer:—and here, Tom, take all the money that I have.—O Lord, bless me, I pray God! for I am never

able to deal with my master, he hath learnt so much fence already.

Sal. Come, leave your drinking, and fall to blows.—

Sirrah, what's thy name?

Peter. Peter, forsooth. Sal. Peter! what more?

Peter. Thump.

Sal. Thump! then see thou thump thy master well.

Hor. Masters, I am come hither, as it were, upon my man's instigation, to prove him a knave, and myself an honest man: * and touching the * duke of York,—will take my death, I never meant him any ill, nor the king, nor the queen: * And therefore, Peter, have at thee with a downright blow, as Bevis of Southampton fell upon Ascapart.

* York. Despatch:—this knave's tongue begins to

double.

* Sound trumpets, alarum to the combatants.

[Alarum. They fight, and Peter strikes down his master.

Hor. Hold, Peter, hold! I confess, I confess treason.

[Dies.

* York. Take away his weapon:—Fellow, thank * God, and the good wine in thy master's way.

'Peter. O God! have I overcome mine enemies in this presence? O Peter, thou hast prevailed in right!

K. Hen. Go, take hence that traitor from our sight; For, by his death, we do perceive his guilt:

And God, in justice, hath reveal'd to us

The truth and innocence of this poor fellow,

Which he had thought to have murder'd wrongfully.—Come, fellow, follow us for thy reward. [Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- The same. A street.

Enter Gloster and Servants, in mourning cloaks.

- * Glo. Thus, sometimes, hath the brightest day a cloud:
- * And, after summer, evermore succeeds
- * Barren winter, with his wrathful nipping cold:
- * So cares and joys abound, as seasons fleet.—Sirs, what's o'clock?

Serv. Ten, my lord.

- Glo. Ten is the hour that was appointed me,
- 'To watch the coming of my punish'd duchess:
- ' Uneath may she endure the flinty streets,
- 'To tread them with her tend-feeling feet.
 Sweet Nell, ill can thy noble mind abrook
 The abject people, gazing on thy face,
 With envious looks still laughing at thy shame;
 That erst did follow thy proud chariot wheels,
 When thou didst ride in triumph through the streets.
- * But, soft! I think, she comes; and I'll prepare
- * My tear-stain'd eyes to see her miseries.

Enter the Duchess of GLOSTER, in a white sheet, with papers pinn'd upon her back, her feet bare, and a taper burning in her hand; Sir John Stanley, a Sheriff, and Officers.

Serv. So please your grace, we'll take her from the sheriff.

'Glo. No, stir not, for your lives; let her pass by. Duch. Come you, my lord, to see my open shame? Now thou dost penance too. Look, how they gaze! 'See, how the giddy multitude do point,

- And nod their heads, and throw their eyes on thee!
- Ah, Gloster, hide thee from their hateful looks;
- ' And, in thy closet pent up, rue my shame, And ban thine enemies, both mine and thine.

Glo. Be patient, gentle Nell; forget this grief. Duch. Ah, Gloster, teach me to forget myself:

For, whilst I think I am thy married wife, And thou a prince, protector of this land,

' Methinks, I should not thus be led along,
Mail'd up in shame, with papers on my back;

* And follow'd with a rabble, that rejoice

* To see my tears, and hear my deep-fet groans. The ruthless flint doth cut my tender feet; And, when I start, the envious people laugh, And bid me be advised how I tread.

'Ah, Humphrey, can I bear this shameful yoke?

* Trow'st thou, that e'er I'll look upon the world;

* Or count them happy, that enjoy the sun?

* No; dark shall be my light, and night my day;

* To think upon my pomp, shall be my hell. Sometime I'll say, I am duke Humphrey's wife; And he a prince, and ruler of the land: Yet so he rul'd, and such a prince he was, As he stood by, whilst I, his forlorn duchess,

Was made a wonder, and a pointing-stock, To every idle rascal follower.

But be thou mild, and blush not at my shame, Nor stir at nothing, till the axe of death Hang over thee, as, sure, it shortly will. For Suffolk,—he that can do all in all

With her, that hateth thee, and hates us all,—And York, and impious Beaufort, that false priest, Have all lim'd bushes to betray thy wings,

And, fly thou how thou canst, they'll tangle thee:

* But fear not thou, until thy foot be snar'd,

* Nor never seek prevention of thy foes.

* Glo. Ah, Nell, forbear; thou aimest all awry;

* I must offend, before I be attainted:

- * And had I twenty times so many foes,
- * And each of them had twenty times their power,
- * All these could not procure me any scathe,

* So long as I am loyal, true, and crimeless.

- ' Would'st have me rescue thee from this reproach?
- ' Why, yet thy scandal were not wip'd away,
- ' But I in danger for the breach of law.
- ' Thy greatest help is quiet, gentle Nell:
- ' I pray thee, sort thy heart to patience;
- 'These few days' wonder will be quickly worn.

Enter a Herald.

Her. I summon your grace to his majesty's parliament, holden at Bury the first of this next month.

Glo. And my consent ne'er ask'd herein before! This is close dealing.—Well, I will be there.

[Exit Herald.

My Nell, I take my leave:—and, master sheriff, Let not her penance exceed the king's commission.

- ' Sher. An't please your grace, here my commission stays:
- And sir John Stanley is appointed now
- ' To take her with him to the isle of Man.
 - ' Glo. Must you, sir John, protect my lady here?
 - 'Stan. So am I given in charge, may't please your grace.

Glo. Entreat her not the worse, in that I pray You use her well: the world may laugh again;

And I may live to do you kindness, if You do it her. And so, sir John, farewell.

Duch. What gone, my lord; and bid me not farewell?

Glo. Witness my tears, I cannot stay to speak.

[Exeunt GLOSTER and Servants.

- ' Duch. Art thou gone too? * All comfort go with thee!
- * For none abides with me: my joy is—death;
- * Death, at whose name I oft have been afear'd,
- * Because I wish'd this world's eternity.-
- ' Stanley, I pr'ythee, go, and take me hence;
- " I care not whither, for I beg no favour,
- ' Only convey me where thou art commanded.
 - * Stan. Why, madam, that is the isle of Man;
- * There to be us'd according to your state.
 - * Duch. That's bad enough, for I am but reproach:
- * And shall I then be us'd reproachfully?
 - * Stan. Like to a duchess, and duke Humphrey's lady,
- * According to that state you shall be used.
 - ' Duch. Sheriff, farewell, and better than I fare;
- ' Although thou hast been conduct of my shame!
 - ' Sher. It is my office; and, madam, pardon me.
 - Duch. Ay, ay, farewell; thy office is discharg'd.—
- Come, Stanley, shall we go?
 - ' Stan. Madam, your penance done, throw off this sheet,
- ' And go we to attire you for our journey.
 - ' Duch. My shame will not be shifted with my sheet:
- * No, it will hang upon my richest robes,

- * And show itself, attire me how I can.
- * Go, lead the way; I long to see my prison. [Exeunt

ACT III.

SCENE I .- The Abbey at Bury.

Exter to the parliament, King Henry, Queen Margaret, Cardinal Beaufort, Suffolk, York, Buckingham, and others.

- ' K. Hen. I muse, my lord of Gloster is not come:
- 'Tis not his wont to be the hindmost man,
- Whate'er occasion keeps him from us now.
 - Q. Mar. Can you not see? or will you not observe
- 'The strangeness of his alter'd countenance?
- With what a majesty he bears himself;
- ' How insolent of late he is become,
- ' How proud, perémptory, and unlike himself?
- We know the time, since he was mild and affable;
- ' And, if we did but glance a far-off look,
- 'Immediately he was upon his knee,
- 'That all the court admir'd him for submission:
- ' But meet him now, and, be it in the morn,
- ' When every one will give the time of day,
- ' He knits his brow, and shows an angry eye,
- ' And passeth by with stiff unbowed knee,
- ' Disdaining duty that to us belongs.
- ' Small curs are not regarded, when they grin;
- ' But great men tremble, when the lion roars;
- And Humphrey is no little man in England.
- ' First, note, that he is near you in descent;
- And should you fall, he is the next will mount.
- ' Me seemeth then, it is no policy,-
- Respecting what a rancorous mind he bears,

- And his advantage following your decease,-
- ' That he should come about your royal person,
- ' Or be admitted to your highness' council.
- ' By flattery hath he won the commons' hearts;
- ' And, when he please to make commotion,
- 'Tis to be fear'd, they all will follow him.
- ' Now 'tis the spring, and weeds are shallow-rooted;
- Suffer them now, and they'll o'ergrow the garden,
- ' And choke the herbs for want of husbandry.
- ' The reverent care, I bear unto my lord,
- ' Made me collect these dangers in the duke.
- ' If it be fond, call it a woman's fear;
- ' Which fear if better reasons can supplant,
- ' I will subscribe and say—I wrong'd the duke.
- ' My lord of Suffolk,-Buckingham,-and York,-
- Reprove my allegation, if you can;
- Or else conclude my words effectual.
 - Suf. Well hath your highness seen into this duke;
- ' And, had I first been put to speak my mind,
- I think, I should have told your grace's tale.
- * The duchess, by his subornation,
- * Upon my life, began her devilish practices:
- * Or if he were not privy to those faults,
- * Yet, by reputing of his high descent,
- * (As next the king, he was successive heir,)
- * And such high vaunts of his nobility,
- * Did instigate the bedlam brain-sick duchess,
- * By wicked means to frame our sovereign's fall. Smooth runs the water, where the brook is deep;
- * And in his simple show he harbours treason.

The fox barks not, when he would steal the lamb.

No, no, my sovereign; Gloster is a man Unsounded yet, and full of deep deceit.

- * Car. Did he not, contrary to form of law,
- * Devise strange deaths for small offences done? York. And did he not, in his protectorship,
- * Levy great sums of money through the realm,
- * For soldiers' pay in France, and never sent it?
- * By means whereof, the towns each day revolted.
- * Buck. Tut! these are petty faults to faults unknown, * Which time will bring to light in smooth duke
 - Which time will bring to light in smooth duke Humphrey.
 - * K. Hen. My lords, at once: The care you have of us,
- * To mow down thorns that would annoy our foot,
- * Is worthy praise: But shall I speak my conscience?
- * Our kinsman Gloster is as innocent
- * From meaning treason to our royal person.
- * As is the sucking lamb, or harmless dove:
- * The duke is virtuous, mild; and too well given,
- * To dream on evil, or to work my downfall.
 - * Q. Mar. Ah, what's more dangerous than this fond affiance!
- * Seems he a dove? his feathers are but borrow'd.
- * For he's disposed as the hateful raven.
- * Is he a lamb? his skin is surely lent him,
- * For he's inclin'd as are the ravenous wolves.
- * Who cannot steal a shape, that means deceit?
- * Take heed, my lord; the welfare of us all
- * Hangs on the cutting short that fraudful man.

Enter Somerset.

- * Som. All health unto my gracious sovereign!

 K. Hen. Welcome, lord Somerset. What news from
 France?
- Som. That all your interest in those territories Is utterly bereft you; all is lost.

K. Hen. Cold news, lord Somerset: But God's will be done!

York. Cold news for me; for I had hope of France, As firmly as I hope for fertile England.

* Thus are my blossoms blasted in the bud,

* And caterpillars eat my leaves away:

* But I will remedy this gear ere long,

* Or sell my title for a glorious grave.

Aside.

Enter GLOSTER.

* Glo. All happiness unto my lord the king! Pardon, my liege, that I have staid so long.

Suf. Nay, Gloster, know, that thou art come too soon,

Unless thou wert more loyal than thou art:

I do arrest thee of high treason here.

Glo. Well, Suffolk, yet thou shalt not see me blush, Nor change my countenance for this arrest;

* A heart unspotted is not easily daunted.

* The purest spring is not so free from mud,

* As I am clear from treason to my sovereign:

Who can accuse me? wherein am I guilty?

York. 'Tis thought, my lord, that you took bribes of France,

And, being protector, staied the soldiers' pay; By means whereof, his highness hath lost France.

Glo. Is it but thought so? What are they that think it?

' I never robb'd the soldiers of their pay,

' Nor ever had one penny bribe from France.

' So help me God, as I have watch'd the night,—

' Ay, night by night,—in studying good for England!

' That doit that e'er I wrested from the king,

' Or any groat I hoarded to my use,

' Be brought against me at my trial day!

- ' No! many a pound of mine own proper store,
- ' Because I would not tax the needy commons,
- ' Have I dispersed to the garrisons.
- ' And never ask'd for restitution.
 - * Car. It serves you well, my lord, to say so much.
 - * Glo. I say no more than truth, so help me God!

York. In your protectorship, you did devise Strange tortures for offenders, never heard of,

That England was defam'd by tyranny.

Glo. Why, 'tis well known, that whiles I was protector, Pity was all the fault that was in me;

- * For I should melt at an offender's tears,
- * And lowly words were ransome for their fault.
- ' Unless it were a bloody murderer,
- Or foul felonious thief that fleec'd poor passengers,
- ' I never gave them condign punishment:
- ' Murder, indeed. that bloody sin, I tortur'd
- Above the felon, or what trespass else.
 - Suf. My lord, these faults are easy, quickly answer'd:
- ' But mightier crimes are laid unto your charge,
- ' Whereof you cannot easily purge yourself.
- ' I do arrest you in his highness' name;
- ' And here commit you to my lord cardinal
- ' To keep, until your further time of trial.
 - ' K. Hen. My lord of Gloster, 'tis my special hope,
- ' That you will clear yourself from all suspects; My conscience tells me, you are innocent.

Glo. Ah, gracious lord, these days are dangerous!

- * Virtue is chok'd with foul ambition,
- * And charity chas'd hence by rancour's hand;
- * Foul subornation is predominant,
- * And equity exil'd your highness' land.
- * I know, their complot is to have my life;

- And, if my death might make this island happy,
- And prove the period of their tyranny,
- ' I would expend it with all willingness:
- ' But mine is made a prologue to their play;
- For thousands more, that yet suspect no peril,
- Will not conclude their plotted tragedy.
- Beaufort's red sparkling eyes blab his heart's malice,
- ' And Suffolk's cloudy brow his stormy hate;
- Sharp Buckingham unburdens with his tongue
- 'The envious load that lies upon his heart;
- ' And dogged York, that reaches at the moon,
- Whose overweening arm I have pluck'd back,
- ' By false accuse doth level at my life:-
- ' And you, my sovereign lady, with the rest,
- ' Causeless have laid disgraces on my head;
- * And, with your best endeavour, have stirr'd up
- * My liefest liege to be mine enemy:-
- * Ay, all of you have laid your heads together,
- * Myself had notice of your conventicles,
- ' I shall not want false witness to condemn me,
- Nor store of treasons to augment my guilt;
 The ancient proverb will be well affected,—
- A staff is quickly found to beat a dog.
 - * Car. My liege, his railing is intolerable:
- * If those that care to keep your royal person
- * From treason's secret knife, and traitors' rage,
- * Be thus upbraided, chid, and rated at,
- * And the offender granted scope of speech,
- * 'Twill make them cool in zeal unto your grace.

 Suf. Hath he not twit our sovereign lady here,
- With ignominious words, though clerkly couch'd,
- ' As if she had suborned some to swear
- ' False allegations to o'erthrow his state?

- ' Q. Mar. But I can give the loser leave to chide.

 Glo. Far truer spoke, than meant: I lose, indeed;—
- Beshrew the winners, for they played me false!
- * And well such losers may have leave to speak.

Buck. He'll wrest the sense, and hold us here all day:—

' Lord Cardinal, he is your prisoner.

* Car. Sirs, take away the duke, and guard him sure. Glo. Ah, thus king Henry throws away his crutch, Before his legs be firm to bear his body:

- ' Thus is the shepherd beaten from thy side,
- ' And wolves are gnarling who shall gnaw thee first.
- ' Ah, that my fear were false! ah, that it were!
- ' For, good king Henry, thy decay I fear.

[Exeunt Attendants, with GLOSTER.

K. Hen. Mylords, what to your wisdoms, seemeth best, Do, or undo, as if ourself were here.

Q. Mar. What, will your highness leave the parliament?
K. Hen. Ay, Margaret; my heart is drown'd with grief,

- * Whose flood begins to flow within mine eyes;
- * My body round engirt with misery;
- * For what's more miserable than discontent?-
- * Ah, uncle Humphrey! in thy face I see
- * The map of honour, truth, and loyalty;
- * And yet, good Humphrey, is the hour to come,
- * That e'er I prov'd thee false, or fear'd thy faith.
- * What low'ring star now envies thy estate,
- * That these great lords, and Margaret our queen,
- * Do seek subversion of thy harmless life?
- * Thou never didst them wrong, nor no man wrong:
- * And as the butcher takes away the calf,
- * And binds the wretch, and beats it when it strays,
- * Bearing it to the bloody slaughter-house;

- * Even so, remorseless, have they borne him hence.
- * And as the dam runs lowing up and down,
- * Looking the way her harmless young one went,
- * And can do nought but wail her darling's loss;
- * Even so myself bewails good Gloster's case,
- * With sad unhelpful tears; and with dimm'd eyes
- * Look after him, and cannot do him good;
- * So mighty are his vow'd enemies.
- ' His fortunes I will weep; and, 'twixt each groan,
- Say—Who's a traitor, Gloster he is none. [Ex
 - * Q. Mar. Free lords, cold snow melts with the sun's hot beams.
- * Henry my lord is cold in great affairs,
- * Too full of foolish pity: and Gloster's show
- * Beguiles him, as the mournful crocodile
- * With sorrow snares relenting passengers;
- * Or as the snake, roll'd in a flowering bank,
- * With shining checker'd slough, doth sting a child,
- * That, for the beauty, thinks it excellent.
- * Believe me, lords, were none more wise than I,
- * (And yet, herein, I judge mine own wit good.)
- 'This Gloster should be quickly rid the world,
- ' To rid us from the fear we have of him.
 - * Car. That he should die, is worthy policy;
- * But yet we want a colour for his death:
- * 'Tis meet, he be condemn'd by course of law.
 - * Suf. But, in my mind, that were no policy:
- * The king will labour still to save his life,
- * The commons haply rise to save his life;
- * And yet we have but trivial argument,
- * More than mistrust, that shows him worthy death.
 - * York. So that, by this, you would not have him die.
- * Suf. Ah, York, no man alive so fain as I.

- * York. 'Tis York that hath more reason for his death.
- * But, my lord cardinal, and you, my lord of Suffolk,-
- * Say as you think, and speak it from your souls,-
- * Wer't not all one, an empty eagle were set
- * To guard the chicken from a hungry kite,
- * As place duke Humphrey for the king's protector?

 Q. Mar. So the poor chicken should be sure of death.
 - Suf. Madam, 'tis true: And wer't not madness then,
- ' To make the fox surveyor of the fold?
- ' Who being accus'd a crafty murderer,
- ' His guilt should be but idly posted over,
- ' Because his purpose is not executed.
- ' No; let him die, in that he is a fox,
- ' By nature prov'd an enemy to the flock,
- ' Before his chaps be stain'd with crimson blood;
- ' As Humphrey, prov'd by reasons, to my liege.
- ' And do not stand on quillets, how to slay him:
- ' Be it by gins, by snares, by subtilty,
- ' Sleeping, or waking, 'tis no matter how,
- ' So he be dead; for that is good deceit
- ' Which mates him first, that first intends deceit.
 - * Q. Mar. Thrice-noble Suffolk, 'tis resolutely spoke.
 - * Suf. Not resolute, except so much were done;
- * For things are often spoke, and seldom meant:
- * But, that my heart accordeth with my tongue,-
- * Seeing the deed is meritorious,
- * And to preserve my sovereign from his foe,-
- * Say but the word, and I will be his priest.
 - * Car. But I would have him dead, my lord of Suffolk,
- * Ere you can take due orders for a priest:
- * Say, you consent, and censure well the deed,
- * And I'll provide his executioner,
- * I tender so the safety of my liege.

- * Suf. Here is my hand, the deed is worthy doing.
- * Q. Mar. And so say I.
- * York. And I: and now we three have spoke it,
- * It skills not greatly who impugns our doom.

Enter a Messenger.

- ' Mess. Great lords, from Ireland am I come amain,
- To signify—that rebels there are up,
- And put the Englishmen unto the sword:
- * Send succours, lords, and stop the rage betime,
- * Before the wound do grow incurable;
- * For, being green, there is great hope of help.
 - * Car. A breach, that craves a quick expedient stop!
- ' What counsel give you in this weighty cause?
 - ' York. That Somerset be sent as regent thither:
- 'Tis meet, that lucky ruler be employ'd;
- Witness the fortune he hath had in France.
 - ' Som. If York, with all his far-fet policy,
- 4 Had been the regent there instead of me,
- ' He never would have staid in France so long.
 - ' York. No, not to lose it all, as thou hast done:
- ' I rather would have lost my life betimes,
- * Than bring a burden of dishonour home,
- * By staying there so long, till all were lost.
- * Show me one scar character'd on thy skin:
- * Men's flesh preserv'd so whole, do seldom win.
 - * Q. Mar. Nay then, this spark will prove a raging fire,
- * If wind and fuel be brought to feed it with:-
- * No more, good York;—sweet Somerset, be still;—
- * Thy fortune, York, hadst thou been regent there,
- * Might happily have prov'd far worse than his.
- York. What, worse than naught? nay, then a shame take all!

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- ' Som. And, in the number, thee, that wishest shame!
- ' Car. My lord of York, try what your fortune is.
- 'Th' uncivil Kernes of Ireland are in arms,
- ' And temper clay with blood of Englishmen:
- 'To Ireland will you lead a band of men,
- ' Collected choicely, from each county some,
- ' And try your hap against the Irishmen?
 - * York. I will, my lord, so please his majesty.
 - * Suf. Why, our authority is his consent;
- * And, what we do establish, he confirms:
- * Then, noble York, take thou this task in hand.
 - ' York. I am content: Provide me soldiers, lords,
- ' Whiles I take order for mine own affairs.
 - ' Suf. A charge, lord York, that I will see perform'd.
- But now return we to the false duke Humphrey.
 - ' Car. No more of him; for I will deal with him,
- ' That, henceforth, he shall trouble us no more.
- ' And so break off; the day is almost spent:
- ' Lord Suffolk, you and I must talk of that event.
 - ' York. My lord of Suffolk, within fourteen days,
- ' At Bristol I expect my soldiers;
- ' For there I'll ship them all for Ireland.
 - Suf. I'll see it truly done, my lord of York.

[Exeunt all but York.

- 'York. Now, York, or never, steel thy fearful thoughts,
- ' And change misdoubt to resolution:
- * Be that thou hop'st to be; or what thou art
- * Resign to death, it is not worth th'enjoying:
- * Let pale-fac'd fear keep with the mean-born man,
- * And find no harbour in a royal heart.
- * Faster than spring-time showers, comes thought on thought;
- * And not a thought, but thinks on dignity.

- * My brain, more busy than the labouring spider,
- * Weaves tedious snares to trap mine enemies.
- * Well, nobles, well, 'tis politickly done,
- * To send me packing with an host of men:
- * I fear me, you but warm the starved snake,
- * Who, cherish'd in your breasts, will sting your hearts.

'Twas men I lack'd, and you will give them me:

- ' I take it kindly; yet, be well assur'd
- ' You put sharp weapons in a madman's hands.
- ' Whiles I in Ireland nourish a mighty band,
- * I will stir up in England some black storm,
- * Shall blow ten thousand souls to heaven, or hell:
- * And this fell tempest shall not cease to rage
- * Until the golden circuit on my head,
- * Like to the glorious sun's transparent beams,
- * Do calm the fury of this mad-bred flaw.
- ' And, for a minister of my intent,
- 'I have seduc'd a head-strong Kentishman,
- ' John Cade of Ashford,
- ' To make commotion, as full well he can,
- ' Under the title of John Mortimer.
- * In Ireland have I seen this stubborn Cade
- * Oppose himself against a troop of Kernes;
- * And fought so long, till that his thighs with darts
- * Were almost like a sharp-quill'd porcupine:
- * And, in the end being rescu'd, I have seen him
- * Caper upright like a wild Mórisco,
- * Shaking the bloody darts, as he his bells.
- * Full often, like a shag-hair'd crafty Kerne,
- * Hath he conversed with the enemy;
- * And undiscover'd come to me again,
- * And given me notice of their villainies.
- * This devil here shall be my substitute;

[Exit.

- * For that John Mortimer, which now is dead,
- * In face, in gait, in speech, he doth resemble:
- ' By this I shall perceive the commons' mind,
- 1 How they affect the house and claim of York.
- ' Say, he be taken, rack'd, and tortured;
- ' I know, no pain, they can inflict upon him,
- ' Will make him say—I mov'd him to those arms.
- ' Say, that he thrive, (as 'tis great like he will,)
- ' Why, then from Ireland come I with my strength,
- ' And reap the harvest which that rascal sow'd:
- ' For, Humphrey being dead, as he shall be,
- And Henry put apart, the next for me.

SCENE II.—Bury. A room in the palace.

Enter certain Murderers, hastily.

- 1 Mur. Run to my lord of Suffolk; let him know,
- * We have despatch'd the duke, as he commanded.
 - * 2 Mur. O, that it were to do!--What have we done?
- * Didst ever hear a man so penitent?

Enter Suffolk.

- ' 1 Mur. Here comes my lord.
- ' Suf. Now, sirs, have you
- ' Despatch'd this thing?
 - ' 1 Mur. Ay, my good lord, he's dead.
 - ' Suf. Why, that's well said. Go, get you to my house;
- ' I will reward you for this venturous deed.
- ' The king and all the peers are here at hand:-
- ' Have you laid fair the bed? are all things well,
- ' According as I gave directions?
 - ' 1 Mur. 'Tis, my good lord.
 - ' Suf. Away, be gone! [Exeunt Murderers.

Enter King Henry, Queen Margaret, Cardinal Brau-FORT, SOMERSET, Lords, and others.

- ' K. Hen. Go, call our uncle to our presence straight:
- Say, we intend to try his grace to-day,
- If he be guilty, as 'tis published.
 - ' Suf. I'll call him presently, my noble lord. [Exit.
 - ' K. Hen. Lords, take your places; —And, I pray you all,
- Proceed no straiter 'gainst our uncle Gloster,
- Than from true evidence, of good esteem,
- · He be approv'd in practice culpable.
 - * Q. Mar. God forbid any malice should prevail,
- * That faultless may condemn a nobleman!
- * Pray God, he may acquit him of suspicion!
 - * K. Hen. 1 thank thee, Margaret; these words content me much.—

Re-enter Suffolk.

- How now? why look'st thou pale? why tremblest thou?
- 'Where is our uncle? what is the matter, Suffolk?
 - Suf. Dead in his bed, my lord; Gloster is dead.
 - * Q. Mar. Marry, God forefend!
 - * Car. God's secret judgement: -- I did dream to-night,
 - * The duke was dumb, and could not speak a word.

 [The King swoons.
 - ' Q. Mar. How fares my lord?—Help, lords! the king is dead.
 - * Som. Rear up his body; wring him by the nose.
 - * Q. Mar. Run, go, help, help!—O, Henry, ope thine eves!
 - * Suf. He doth revive again; -- Madam, be patient.
 - * K. Hen. O heavenly God!
 - * Q. Mar. How fares my gracious lord?

Suf. Comfort, my sovereign! gracious Henry, comfort!

K. Hen. What, doth my lord of Suffolk comfort me? Came he right now to sing a raven's note,

* Whose dismal tune bereft my vital powers;

And thinks he, that the chirping of a wren,

' By crying comfort from a hollow breast,

' Can chase away the first-conceived sound?

* Hide not thy poison with such sugar'd words.

* Lay not thy hands on me; forbear, I say;

* Their touch affrights me, as a serpent's sting.

Thou baleful messenger, out of my sight!

' Upon thy eye-balls murderous tyranny

' Sits in grim majesty, to fright the world.

' Look not upon me, for thine eyes are wounding:-

' Yet do not go away; -- Come, basilisk,

' And kill the innocent gazer with thy sight:

* For in the shade of death I shall find joy;

* In life, but double death, now Gloster's dead.

Q. Mar. Why do you rate my lord of Suffolk thus?

* Although the duke was enemy to him,

* Yet he, most christian-like, laments his death:

* And for myself,—foe as he was to me,

* Might liquid tears, or heart-offending groans,

* Or blood-consuming sighs recall his life,

* I would be blind with weeping, sick with groans,

* Look pale as primrose, with blood-drinking sighs,

* And all to have the noble duke alive.

' What know I how the world may deem of me?

· For it is known, we were but hollow friends;

' It may be judg'd, I made the duke away:

* So shall my name with slander's tongue be wounded,

* And princes' courts be fill'd with my reproach.

- * This get I by his death: Ah me, unhappy!
- * To be a queen, and crown'd with infamy!
 - K. Hen. Ah, woe is me for Gloster, wretched man! Q. Mar. Be woe for me, more wretched than he is.

What, dost thou turn away, and hide thy face?

I am no loathsome leper, look on me.

- * What, art thou, like the adder, waxen deaf?
- * Be poisonous too, and kill thy forlorn queen.
- * Is all thy comfort shut in Gloster's tomb?
- * Why, then dame Margaret was ne'er thy joy:
- * Erect his statue then, and worship it,
- * And make my image but an alehouse sign. Was I, for this, nigh wreck'd upon the sea;
- 'And twice by aukward wind from England's bank
- Drove back again unto my native clime? What boded this, but well-forewarning wind Did seem to say,—Seek not a scorpion's nest,
- * Nor set no footing on this unkind shore?
- * What did I then, but curs'd the gentle gusts,
- * And he that loos'd them from their brazen caves;
- * And bid them blow towards England's blessed shore,
- * Or turn our stern upon a dreadful rock?
- * Yet Æolus would not be a murderer,
- * But left that hateful office unto thee:
- * The pretty vaulting sea refus'd to drown me;
- * Knowing, that thou would'st have me drown'd on shore.
- * With tears as salt as sea through thy unkindness:
- * The splitting rocks cow'rd in the sinking sands,
- * And would not dash me with their ragged sides;
- * Because thy flinty heart, more hard than they,
- * Might in thy palace perish Margaret.
- * As far as I could ken thy chalky cliffs,

- * When from the shore the tempest beat us back,
- * I stood upon the hatches in the storm:
- * And when the dusky sky began to rob
- * My earnest-gaping sight of thy land's view,
- * I took a costly jewel from my neck,-
- * A heart it was, bound in with diamonds,-
- * And threw it towards thy land;—the sea receiv'd it;
- * And so, I wish'd, thy body might my heart:
- * And even with this, I lost fair England's view,
- * And bid mine eyes be packing with my heart;
- * And call'd them blind and dusky spectacles,
- * For losing ken of Albion's wished coast.
- * How often have I tempted Suffolk's tongue
- * (The agent of thy foul inconstancy,)
- * To sit and witch me, as Ascanius did,
- * When he to madding Dido, would unfold
- * His father's acts, commenc'd in burning Troy?
- * Am I not witch'd like her? or thou not false like him?
- * Ah me, I can no more! Die, Margaret!
- * For Henry weeps, that thou dost live so long.

Noise within. Enter WARWICK and SALISBURY. The Commons press to the door.

- ' War. It is reported, mighty sovereign,
- ' That good duke Humphrey traitorously is murder'd
- ' By Suffolk and the cardinal Beaufort's means,
- ' The commons, like an angry hive of bees,
- ' That want their leader, scatter up and down,
- ' And care not who they sting in his revenge.
- ' Myself have calm'd their spleenful mutiny,
- ' Until they hear the order of his death.

K. Hen. That he is dead, good Warwick, 'tis too true; But how he died, God knows, not Henry:

- ' Enter his chamber, view his breathless corpse,
- ' And comment then upon his sudden death.

War. That I shall do, my liege:—Stay, Salisbury, With the rude multitude, till I return.

[WARWICK goes into an inner room, and Salisbury retires.

- * K. Hen. O thou that judgest all things, stay my thoughts;
- * My thoughts, that labour to persuade my soul,
- * Some violent hands were laid on Humphrey's life!
- * If my suspect be false, forgive me, God;
- * For judgement only doth belong to thee!
- * Fain would I go to chafe his paly lips
- * With twenty thousand kisses, and to drain
- * Upon his face an ocean of salt tears;
- * To tell my love unto his dumb deaf trunk,
- * And with my fingers feel his hand unfeeling:
- * But all in vain are these mean obsequies;
- * And, to survey his dead and earthy image,
- * What were it but to make my sorrow greater?

The folding doors of an inner chamber are thrown open, and GLOSTER is discovered dead in his bed: WARWICK and others standing by it.

- * War. Come hither, gracious sovereign, view this body.
- * K. Hen. That is to see how deep my grave is made:
- * For, with his soul, fled all my worldly solace;
- * For seeing him, I see my life in death.
 - ' War. As surely as my soul intends to live
- ' With that dread King that took our state upon him
- ' To free us from his Father's wrathful curse,
- ' I do believe that violent hands were laid
- ' Upon the life of this thrice-famed duke.

Suf. A dreadful oath, sworn with a solemn tongue!

' What instance gives lord Warwick for his vow?

' War. See, how the blood is settled in his face!

Oft have I seen a timely-parted ghost,

- ' Of ashy semblance, meager, pale, and bloodless,
- ' Being all descended to the labouring heart;
- ' Who, in the conflict that it holds with death,
- ' Attracts the same for aidance 'gainst the enemy;
- ' Which with the heart there cools and ne'er returneth
- ' To blush and beautify the cheek again.
- ' But, see, his face is black, and full of blood;
- ' His eye-balls further out than when he liv'd,
- Staring full ghastly like a strangled man:
- ' His hair uprear'd, his nostrils stretch'd with struggling;
- ' His hands abroad display'd, as one that grasp'd
- ' And tugg'd for life, and was by strength subdu'd.
- ' Look on the sheets, his hair, you see, is sticking;
- ' His well-proportioned beard made rough and rugged.
- ' Like to the summer's corn by tempest lodg'd.
- ' It cannot be, but he was murder'd here;
- ' The least of all these signs were probable.
 - ' Suf. Why, Warwick, who should do the duke to death?
- ' Myself, and Beaufort, had him in protection;
- ' And we, I hope, sir, are no murderers.
 - War. But both of you were vow'd duke Humphrey's foes;
- ' And you, forsooth, had the good duke to keep:
- 'Tis like, you would not feast him like a friend;
- ' And 'tis well seen he found an enemy.
 - ' Q. Mar. Then you, belike, suspect these noblemen
- " As guilty of duke Humphrey's timeless death.

War. Who finds the heifer dead, and bleeding fresh, And sees fast by a butcher with an axe, But will suspect, 'twas he that made the slaughter? Who finds the partridge in the puttock's nest, But may imagine how the bird was dead, Although the kite soar with unbloodied beak? Even so suspicious is this tragedy.

' Q. Mar. Are you the butcher, Suffolk; where's your

Is Beaufort term'd a kite? where are his talons?

Suf. I wear no knife, to slaughter sleeping men;
But here's a vengeful sword, rusted with ease,
That shall be scoured in his rancorous heart,
That slanders me with murder's crimson badge:—
Say, if thou dar'st, proud lord of Warwickshire,
That I am faulty in duke Humphrey's death.

[Exeunt Cardinal, Som. and others.

War. What dares not Warwick, if false Suffolk dare him? Q. Mar. He dares not calm his contumelious spirit, Nor cease to be an arrogant controller, Though Suffolk dare him twenty thousand times.

War. Madam, be still; with reverence may I say; For every word, you speak in his behalf,

Is slander to your royal dignity.

'Suf. Blunt-witted lord, ignoble in demeanour! If ever lady wrong'd her lord so much, Thy mother took into her blameful bed Some stern untutor'd churl, and noble stock Was graft with crab-tree slip; whose fruit thou art, And never of the Nevils' noble race.

War. But that the guilt of murder bucklers thee, And I should rob the deathsman of his fee, Quitting thee thereby of ten thousand shames, And that my sovereign's presence makes me mild, I would, false murderous coward, on thy knee Make thee beg pardon for thy passed speech, And say—it was thy mother that thou meant'st, That thou thyself wast born in bastardy: And, after all this fearful homage done, Give thee thy hire, and send thy soul to hell, Pernicious bloodsucker of sleeping men!

Suf. Thou shalt be waking, while I shed thy blood,

If from this presence thou dar'st go with me.

War. Away even now, or I will drag thee hence:

* Unworthy though thou art, I'll cope with thee,

* And do some service to duke Humphrey's ghost.

[Exeunt Suffolk and Warwick.

- * K. Hen. What stronger breast-plate than a heart untainted?
- * Thrice is he arm'd, that hath his quarrel just;
- * And he but naked, though lock'd up in steel,
- * Whose conscience with injustice is corrupted.

 [A noise within.

Q. Mar. What noise is this?

Re-enter Suffolk and Warwick, with their weapons drawn.

- ' K. Hen. Why, how now, lords? your wrathful weapons drawn
- ' Here in our presence? dare you be so bold?—

Why, what tumultuous clamour have we here?

Suf. The traiterous Warwick, with the men of Bury,
Set all upon me, mighty sovereign.

Noise of a croud within. Re-enter Salisbury.

* Sal. Sirs, stand apart; the king shall know your mind.— [Speaking to those within.

Dread lord, the commons send you word by me, Unless false Suffolk straight be done to death, Or banished fair England's territories,

- ' They will by violence tear him from your palace,
- * And torture him with grievous ling ring death They say, by him the good duke Humphrey died;
- ' They say, in him they fear your highness' death;
- ' And mere instinct of love, and loyalty,—
- ' Free from a stubborn opposite intent,
- ' As being thought to contradict your liking,-
- ' Makes them thus forward in his banishment.
- # They say, in care of your most royal person,
- * That, if your highness should intend to sleep, * And charge—that no man should disturb your rest,
- * In pain of your dislike, or pain of death;
- * Yet notwithstanding such a strait edict,
- * Were there a serpent seen, with forked tongue,
- * That slily glided towards your majesty,
- * It were but necessary, you were wak'd;
- * Lest, being suffer'd in that harmful slumber,
- * The mortal worm might make the sleep eternal:
- * And therefore do they cry, though you forbid,
- * That they will guard you, whe'r you will, or no,
- * From such fell serpents as false Suffolk is;
- * With whose envenomed and fatal sting,
- * Your loving uncle, twenty times his worth,
- * They say, is shamefully bereft of life.

Commons. [Within.] An answer from the king, my lord of Salisbury.

Suf. 'Tis like, the commons, rude unpolish'd hinds, Could send such message to their sovereign: But you, my lord, were glad to be employ'd, To show how quaint an orator you are:

But all the honour Salisbury hath won, Is—that he was the lord ambassador, Sent from a sort of tinkers to the king

Commons. [Within.] An answer from the king, or we'll all break in.

- ' K. Hen. Go, Salisbury, and tell them all from me,
- ' I thank them for their tender loving care:
- ' And had I not been 'cited so by them,
- ' Yet did I purpose as they do entreat;
- ' For sure, my thoughts do hourly prophesy
- ' Mischance unto my state by Suffolk's means.
- ' And therefore,—by His majesty I swear,
- ' Whose far unworthy deputy I am,-
- ' He shall not breathe infection in this air
- ' But three days longer, on the pain of death.

[Exit Salisbury.

- Q. Mar. O Henry, let me plead for gentle Suffolk! K. Hen. Ungentle queen, to call him gentle Suffolk.
- ' No more, I say; if thou dost plead for him,
- ' Thou wilt but add increase unto my wrath.
- ' Had I but said, I would have kept my word;
- But, when I swear, it is irrevocable:-
- * If, after three days' space, thou here be'st found
- * On any ground that I am ruler of,
- * The world shall not be ransome for thy life.—
- ' Come, Warwick, come good Warwick, go with me;
- ' I have great matters to impart to thee.

[Ereunt K. HENRY, WARWICK, Lords, &c.

- ' Q. Mar. Mischance, and sorrow, go along with you!
- ' Heart's discontent, and sour affliction,
- ' Be playfellows to keep you company!
- 'There's two of you; the devil make a third!
- And threefold vengeance tend upon your steps!

- * Suf. Cease, gentle queen, these execrations,
- * And let thy Suffolk take his heavy leave.
 - ' Q. Mar. Fye, coward woman, and soft-hearted wretch!
- ' Hast thou not spirit to curse thine enemies? Suf. A plague upon them! wherefore should I curse them?

Would curses kill, as doth the mandrake's groan,

- ' I would invent as bitter-searching terms,
- * As curst, as harsh, and horrible to hear,

Deliver'd strongly through my fixed teeth,

With full as many signs of deadly hate,

As lean-fac'd Envy in her loathsome cave:

My tongue should stumble in mine earnest words: Mine eyes should sparkle like the beaten flint;

My hair be fix'd on end, as one distract;

Ay, every joint should seem to curse and ban: And even now my burden'd heart would break,

Should I not curse them. Poison be their drink!

Gall, worse than gall, the daintiest that they taste!

Their sweetest shade, a grove of cypress trees!

Their chiefest prospect, murdering basilisks!

Their softest touch, as smart as lizards' stings!

Their musick, frightful as the serpent's hiss;

And boding screech-owls make the concert full!

All the foul terrors in dark-seated hell-

Q. Mar. Enough, sweet Suffolk; thou torment'st thyself;

* And these dread curses—like the sun 'gainst glass,

* Or like an overcharged gun,-recoil,

* And turn the force of them upon thyself.

Suf. You bade me ban, and will you bid me leave?

Now, by the ground that I am banish'd from,

Well could I curse away a winter's night, Though standing naked on a mountain top, Where biting cold would never let grass grow, And think it but a minute spent in sport.

- * Q. Mar. O, let me entreat thee, cease! Give me thy hand,
- * That I may dew it with my mournful tears;
- * Nor let the rain of heaven wet this place,
- * To wash away my woeful monuments.
- ' O, could this kiss be printed in thy hand;

[Kisses his hand.

- * That thou might'st think upon these by the seal,
- 'Through whom a thousand sighs are breath'd for thee!
- ' So, get thee gone, that I may know my grief;
- "Tis but surmis'd whilst thou art standing by,
- * As one that surfeits thinking on a want.
- 'I will repeal thee, or, be well assur'd,
- ' Adventure to be banished myself:
- * And banished I am, if but from thee.
- * Go, speak not to me; even now be gone.-
- * O, go not yet!-Even thus two friends condemn'd
- * Embrace, and kiss, and take ten thousand leaves,
- * Loather a hundred times to part than die.
- * Yet now farewell; and farewell life with thee! Suf. Thus is poor Suffolk ten times banished,

Once by the king, and three times thrice by thee.

- * 'Tis not the land I care for, wert thou hence;
- * A wilderness is populous enough,
- * So Suffolk had thy heavenly company:
- * For where thou art, there is the world itself,
- * With every several pleasure in the world;
- * And where thou art not, desolation.

- * I can no more:—Live thou to joy thy life;
- * Myself no joy in nought, but that thou liv'st

Enter VAUX.

- ' Q. Mar. Whither goes Vaux so fast? what news I pr'ythee?
- ' Vaux. To signify unto his majesty,

That cardinal Beaufort is at point of death:

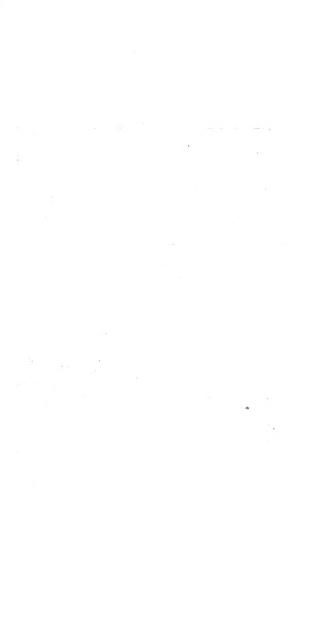
- ' For suddenly a grievous sickness took him,
- ' That makes him gasp, and stare, and catch the air,
- ' Blaspheming God, and cursing men on earth.
- ' Sometime, he talks as if duke Humphrey's ghost
- Were by his side; sometime, he calls the king,

And whispers to his pillow, as to him,

- * The secrets of his overcharged soul:
- ' And I am sent to tell his majesty,
- ' That even now he cries aloud for him.
 - ' Q. Mar. Go, tell this heavy message to the king. [Exit VAUX
- ' Ah me! what is this world? what news are these?
- ' But wherefore grieve I at an hour's poor loss,
- 'Omitting Suffolk's exile, my soul's treasure?
- ' Why only, Suffolk, mourn I not for thee,
- ' And with the southern clouds contend in tears;
- 'Theirs for the earth's increase, mine for my sorrows?
- ' Now, get thee hence: The king, thou know'st, is coming?
- ' If thou be found by me, thou art but dead.
- ' Suf. If I depart from thee, I cannot live:
- ' And in thy sight to die, what were it else, But like a pleasant slumber in thy lap?

Here could I breathe my soul into the air,

' As mild and gentle as the cradle-babe,





ACT III. Scene 3.

Cardinal Beaufort. Comb down his hair; look! look! it stands upright, like lime-twigs set to eatch my winged soul.

Dying with mother's dug between its lips: Where, from thy sight, I should be raging mad,

' And cry out for thee to close up mine eyes,

- ' To have thee with thy lips to stop my mouth;
- ' So should'st thou either turn my flying soul,
- ' Or I should breathe it so into thy body,

And then it liv'd in sweet Elysium.

To die by thee, were but to die in jest;

From thee to die, were torture more than death:

O, let me stay, befall what may befall.

- ' Q. Mar. Away! though parting be a fretful corrosive,
- ' It is applied to a deathful wound.
- 'To France, sweet Suffolk: Let me hear from thee;
- ' For wheresoe'er thou art in this world's globe, I'll have an Iris that shall find thee out.

Suf. I go.

Q. Mar. And take my heart with thee.

Suf. A jewel, lock'd into the woeful'st cask That ever did contain a thing of worth. Even as a splitted bark, so sunder we; This way fall I to death.

Q. Mar.

This way for me.

[Exeunt, severally.

SCENE III.—London. Cardinal Beaufort's bed-chamber.

Enter King Henry, Salisbury, Warwick, and others
The Cardinal in bed: Attendants with him.

* K. Hen. How fares my lord? speak, Beaufort, to thy sovereign.

' Car. If thou be'st death, I'll give thee England's treasure.

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- ' Enough to purchase such another island,
- So thou wilt let me live, and feel no pain.
 - * K. Hen. Ah, what a sign it is of evil life,
- * When death's approach is seen so terrible!
 - * War. Beaufort, it is thy sovereign speaks to thee.
- * Car. Bring me unto my trial when you will.
 Died he not in his bed? where should he die?
- Can I make men live, whe'r they will or no?—
- * O! torture me no more, I will confess.—
- ' Alive again? then show me where he is:
- 'I'll give a thousand pound to look upon him.—
- * He hath no eyes, the dust hath blinded them.—
- Comb down his hair; look! look! it stands upright,
- Like lime-twigs set to catch my winged soul!
- ' Give me some drink; and bid the apothecary
- ' Bring the strong poison that I bought of him.
 - * K. Hen. O thou eternal Mover of the heavens,
- * Look with a gentle eye upon this wretch!
- * O, beat away the busy meddling fiend,
- * That lays strong siege unto this wretch's soul,
- * And from his bosom purge this black despair!
 - ' War. See, how the pangs of death do make him grin.
 - * Sal. Disturb him not, let him pass peaceably.
 - * K. Hen. Peace to his soul, if God's good pleasure be!
- Lord cardinal, if thou think'st on heaven's bliss,
- ' Hold up thy hand, make signal of thy hope.-
- ' He dies, and makes no sign; O God, forgive him!
 - ' War. So bad a death argues a monstrous life.
 - ' K. Hen. Forbear to judge, for we are sinners all.
- ' Close up his eyes, and draw the curtain close;
- 'And let us all to meditation. [Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE I.—Kent. The sea-shore near Dover.

Firing heard at sea. Then enter from horse a Captain, a Master, a Master's-Mate, Walter Vehittore, and others; with them Suffolk, and other gentlemen, prisoners.

- * Cap. The gaudy, blabbing, and remorseful day
- * Is crept into the bosom of the sea;
- * And now loud-howling wolves arouse the jades
- * That drag the tragick melancholy night;
- * Who with their drowsy, slow, and flagging wings
- * Clip dead men's graves, and from their misty jaws
- * Breathe foul contagious darkness in the air.
- * Therefore, bring forth the soldiers of our prize;
- * For, whilst our pinnace anchors in the Downs,
- * Here shall they make their ransome on the sand.
- " Or with their blood stain this discolour'd shore.—
- ' Master, this prisoner freely give I thee;-
- And thou that art his mate, make boot of this;-
- ' The other, [Pointing to Suffolk,] Walter Whitmore, is thy share.
 - ' 1 Gent. What is my ransome, master? let me know.
 - ' Mast. A thousand crowns, or else lay down your
 - " Mate. And so much shall you give, or off goes yours.
 - * Cap. What, think you much to pay two thousand crowns.
- * And bear the name and port of gentlemen?-
- * Cut both the villains' throats;—for die you shall;

- * The lives of those which we have lost in fight,
- * Cannot be counterpois'd with such a petty sum.
 - * 1 Gent. I'll give it, sir; and therefore spare my life.
 - * 2 Gent. And so will I, and write home for it straight.
 - ' Whit. I lost mine eye in laying the prize aboard,
- And therefore, to revenge it, shalt thou die; [To Sur.
- And so should these, if I might have my will.
 - * Cap. Be not so rash; take ransome, let him live.
 - ' Suf. Look on my George, I am a gentleman;
 - Rate me at what thou wilt, thou shalt be paid.
 - 'Whit. And so am I; my name is—Walter Whitmore.
- How now? why start'st thou? what, doth death affright?
 - ' Suf. Thy name affrights me, in whose sound is death.
- A cunning man did calculate my birth,
- And told me-that by Water I should die:
- ' Yet let not this make thee be bloody minded;
- Thy name is Gualtier, being rightly sounded.
 - 'Whit. Gualtier, or Walter, which it is, I care not;
- ' Ne'er yet did base dishonour blur our name,
- ' But with our sword we wip'd away the blot;
- 'Therefore, when merchant-like I sell revenge,
- Broke be my sword, my arms torn and defac'd,
- 'And I proclaim'd a coward through the world!

[Lays hold on Suffolk.

- ' Suf. Stay, Whitmore; for thy prisoner is a prince, The duke of Suffolk, William de la Pole.
 - ' Whit. The duke of Suffolk, muffled up in rags!
- Suf. Ay, but these rags are no part of the duke; Jove sometime went disguis'd, And why not I?
 - Cap. But Jove was never slain, as thou shalt be.
- ' Suf. Obscure and lowly swain, king Henry's blood, The honourable blood of Lancaster.

' Must not be shed by such a jaded groom.

Hast thou not kiss'd thy hand, and held my stirrup?

- ' Bare-headed plodded by my foot-cloth mule,
- ' And thought thee happy when I shook my head?
- ' How often hast thou waited at my cup,
- ' Fed from my trencher, kneel'd down at the board,
- ' When I have feasted with queen Margaret?
- * Remember it, and let it make thee crest-fall'n;
- * Ay, and allay this thy abortive pride:
- * How in our voiding lobby hast thou stood,
- * And duly waited for my coming forth?
- ' This hand of mine hath writ in thy behalf,
- ' And therefore shall it charm thy riotous tongue.
 - * Whit. Speak, captain, shall I stab the forlorn swain?
 - * Cap. First let my words stab him, as he hath me.
 - * Suf. Base slave! thy words are blunt, and so art thou.
- ' Cap. Convey him hence, and on our long-boat's side ' Strike off his head.

Suf.

Thou dar'st not for thy own.

Cap. Yes, Poole.

Suf.

Poole?

Cap. Poole? Sir Poole? lord?

- ' Ay, kennel, puddle, sink; whose filth and dirt
- ' Troubles the silver spring where England drinks.
- ' Now will I dam up this thy yawning mouth,
- ' For swallowing the treasure of the realm:
- 'Thy lips, that kiss'd the queen, shall sweep the ground;
- ' And thou, that smil'dst at good duke Humphrey's death,
- ' Against the senseless winds shalt grin in vain,
- * Who, in contempt, shall hiss at thee again:
- * And wedded be thou to the hags of hell,
- * For daring to affy a mighty lord

- * Unto the daughter of a worthless king,
- * Having neither subject, wealth, nor diadem.
- * By devilish policy art thou grown great,
- * And, like ambitious Sylla, overgorg'd
- * With gobbets of thy mother's bleeding heart.
- * By thee, Anjou and Maine were sold to France:
- * The false revolting Normans, thorough thee,
- * Disdain to call us lord; and Picardy
- * Hath slain their governors, surpriz'd our forts,
- * And sent the ragged soldiers wounded home.
- * The princely Warwick, and the Nevils all,-
- * Whose dreadful swords were never drawn in vain,-
- * As hating thee, are rising up in arms:
- * And now the house of York—thrust from the crown,
- * By shameful murder of a guiltless king,
- * And lofty proud encroaching tyranny,-
- * Burns with revenging fire; whose hopeful colours
- * Advance our half-fac'd sun, striving to shine,
- * Under the which is writ—Invitis nubibus.
- * The commons here in Kent are up in arms:
- * And, to conclude, reproach, and beggary,
- * Is crept into the palace of our king,
- * And all by thee: -Away! convey him hence.
 - * Suf. O that I were a god, to shoot forth thunder
- * Upon these paltry, servile, abject drudges!
- * Small things make base men proud: 'this villain here,
- ' Being captain of a pinnace, threatens more
- ' Than Bargulus the strong Illyrian pirate.
- ' Drones suck not eagles' blood, but rob bee-hives.
- ' It is impossible, that I should die
- ' By such a lowly vassal as thyself.
- Thy words move rage, and not remorse, in me:

- ' I go of message from the queen to France;
- I charge thee, waft me safely cross the channel.
 - ' Cap. Walter,——
 - ' Whit. Come, Suffolk, I must waft thee to thy death.
 - * Suf. Gelidus timor occupat artus:--'tis thee I fear.
 - Whit. Thou shalt have cause to fear, before I leave thee.
- 'What, are ye daunted now? now will ye stoop?
- 1 Gent. My gracious lord, entreat him, speak him fair.
- ' Suf. Suffolk's imperial tongue is stern and rough,
- ' Us'd to command, untaught to plead for favour.
- ' Far be it, we should honour such as these
- · With humble suit: no, rather let my head
- ' Stoop to the block, than these knees bow to any,
- ' Save to the God of heaven, and to my king;
- ' And sooner dance upon a bloody pole,
- ' Than stand uncover'd to the vulgar groom.
- * True nobility is exempt from fear:-
- · More can I bear, than you dare execute.
 - ' Cap. Hale him away, and let him talk no more.
 - ' Suf. Come, soldiers, show what cruelty ye can,
- 'That this my death may never be forgot!-
- ' Great men oft die by vile bezonians:
- ' A Roman sworder and banditto slave,
- ' Murder'd sweet Tully; Brutus' bastard hand
- ' Stabb'd Julius Cæsar; savage islanders,
- Pompey the great: and Suffolk dies by pirates. [Exit Suf. with Whit. and others.

Cap. And as for these whose ransome we have set, It is our pleasure, one of them depart:-Therefore come you with us, and let him go.

[Excunt all but the first Gentleman.

Re-enter WHITMORE, with SUFFOLK's body.

- ' Whit. There let his head and lifeless body lie,
- Until the queen his mistress bury it. [Exit.
- ' 1 Gent. O barbarous and bloody spectacle!
- ' His body will I bear unto the king:
- ' If he revenge it not, yet will his friends;
- ' So will the queen, that living held him dear.

[Exit, with the body.

SCENE II. Blackheath.

Enter George Bevis and John Holland.

' Geo. Come, and get thee a sword, though made of a lath; they have been up these two days.

' John. They have the more need to sleep now then.

Geo. I tell thee, Jack Cade the clothier means to dress the commonwealth, and turn it, and set a new nap upon it.

John. So he had need, for 'tis threadbare. Well, I say, it was never merry world in England, since gentlemen came up.

* Geo. O miserable age! Virtue is not regarded in * handycrafts-men.

' John. The nobility think scorn to go in leather aprons.

* Geo. Nay more, the king's council are no good * workmen.

* John. True; And yet it is said,—Labour in thy vocation: which is as much to say, as,—let the ma-

gistrates be labouring men; and therefore should we # be magistrates.

- * Geo. Thou hast hit it: for there's no better sign * of a brave mind, than a hard hand.
 - * John. I see them! I see them! There's Best's son,
- * the tanner of Wingham;
 - * Geo. He shall have the skins of our enemies, to
- * make dog's leather of.

John. And Dick the butcher,—

- * Geo. Then is sin struck down like an ox, and ini-* quity's throat cut like a calf.
 - * John. And Smith the weaver:---
 - * Geo. Argo, their thread of life is spun.
 - * John. Come, come, let's fall in with them.

Enter CADE, DICK the Butcher, SMITH the Drum. Weaver, and others in great number.

· Cade. We John Cade, so termed of our supposed father,-

Dick. Or rather, of stealing a cade of herrings.

Aside.

- ' Cade. for our enemies shall fall before us, inspired with the spirit of putting down king's and princes,-' Command silence.

Dick. Silence!

Cade. My father was a Mortimer,-

Dick. He was an honest man, and a good bricklayer. Aside.

- ' Cade. My mother a Plantagenet,-
- ' Dick. I knew her well, she was a midwife. [Aside.
- ' Cade. My wife descended of the Lacies,-

Dick. She was, indeed, a pedlar's daughter, and sold [Aside. many laces.

' Smith. But, now of late, not able to travel with ' her furred pack, she washes bucks here at home. [Aside. ' Cade. Therefore am I of an honourable house.

Dick. Ay, by my faith, the field is honourable; and there was he born, under a hedge; for his father had never a house, but the cage.

[Aside.

* Cade. Valiant I am.

* Smith. 'A must needs; for beggary is valiant.

Aside.

Cade. I am able to endure much.

Dick. No question of that; for I have seen him whipped three market days together. [Aside.

Cade. I fear neither sword nor fire.

Smith. He need not fear the sword, for his coat is of proof.

[Aside.

Dick. But, methinks, he should stand in fear of fire, being burnt i'th' hand for stealing of sheep. [Aside.

Cade. Be brave then; for your captain is brave, and vows reformation. There shall be, in England, seven half-penny loaves sold for a penny: the three-hooped pot shall have ten hoops; and I will make it felony, to drink small beer: all the realm shall be in common, and in Cheapside shall my palfry go to grass. And, when I am king, (as king I will be)——

All. God save your majesty!

'Cade. I thank you, good people:—there shall be no money; all shall eat and drink on my score; and I will apparel them all in one livery, that they may agree like brothers, and worship me their lord.

*Dick. The first thing we do, let's kill all the lawyers. Cade. Nay, that I mean to do. Is not this a lamentable thing, that of the skin of an innocent lamb should be made parchment? that parchment, being scribbled o'er, should undo a man? Some say, the bee stings: but I say, 'tis the bee's wax, for I did but seal once to

a thing, and I was never mine own man since. How now? who's there?

Enter some, bringing in the Clerk of Chatham.

Smith. The clerk of Chatham: he can write and read, and cast accompt.

Cade. O monstrous!

Smith. We took him setting of boys' copies.

Cade. Here's a villain!

Smith. H'as a book in his pocket, with red letters in't. Cade. Nay, then he is a conjurer.

Dick. Nay, he can make obligations, and write courthand.

' Cade. I am sorry for't: the man is a proper man, on mine honour; unless I find him guilty, he shall not die,—Come hither, sirrah, I must examine thee: What is thy name?

Clerk. Emmanuel.

Dick. They use to write it on the top of letters;—'Twill go hard with you.

'Cade. Let me alone:—Dost thou use to write thy name? or hast thou a mark to thyself, like an honest plain-dealing man?

Clerk. Sir, I thank God, I have been so well brought up, that I can write my name.

- ' All. He hath confessed: away with him; he's a ' villain, and a traitor.
- ' Cade. Away with him, I say: hang him with his pen and inkhorn about his neck.

[Exeunt some with the Clerk.

Enter MICHAEL.

" Mich. Where's our general?

- Cade. Here I am, thou particular fellow.
- " Mich. Fly, fly, fly! sir Humphrey Stafford and his brother are hard by, with the king's forces.
- ' Cade. Stand, villain, stand, or I'll fell thee down:
- ' He shall be encountered with a man as good as him-' self: He is but a knight, is 'a?
 - ' Mich. No.
- ' Cade. To equal him, I will make myself a knight presently; Rise up sir John Mortimer. Now have at him.

Enter Sir Humphrey Stafford, and William his brother, with drum and Forces.

- * Staf. Rebellious hinds, the filth and scum of Kent,
- * Mark'd for the gallows,—lay your weapons down,
- * Home to your cottages, forsake this groom ;-
- * The king is merciful, if you revolt.
 - * W. Staf. But angry, wrathful, and inclin'd to blood,
- * If you go forward: therefore yield, or die. Cade. As for these silken coated slaves, I pass not;
- It is to you, good people, that I speak,
- * O'er whom, in time to come, I hope to reign;
- * For I am rightful heir unto the crown.
 - ' Staf. Villain, thy father was a plasterer;
- ' And thou thyself, a shearman, Art thou not? Cade. And Adam was a gardener.
 - ' W. Staf. And what of that?
 - Cade. Marry, this :-- Edmund Mortimer, earl of March,
- Married the duke of Clarence' daughter; Did he not? ' Staf. Ay, sir.
 - Cade. By her, he had two children at one birth. W. Staf. That's false.

- ' Cade. Ay, there's the question; but, I say, 'tis true:
- ' The elder of them, being put to nurse,
- ' Was by a beggar-woman stol'n away;
- ' And, ignorant of his birth and parentage,
- ' Became a bricklayer, when he came to age:
- ' His son am I; deny it, if you can.

Dick. Nay, 'tis too true; therefore he shall be king. Smith. Sir, he made a chimney in my father's house, and the bricks are alive at this day to testify it; therefore, deny it not.

* Staf. And will you credit this base drudge's words.

* That speaks he knows not what?

* All. Ay, marry, will we; therefore get ye gone.

W. Staf. Jack Cade, the duke of York hath taught you this.

* Cade. He lies, for I invented it myself. [Aside.]—Go to, sirrah, Tell the king from me, that—for his father's sake, Henry the fifth, in whose time boys went to span-counter for French crowns,—I am content he shall reign; but I'll be protector over him.

· Dick. And, furthermore, we'll have the lord Say's

' head, for selling the dukedom of Maine.

' Cade. And good reason; for thereby is England maimed, and fain to go with a staff, but that my

'. puissance holds it up. Fellow kings, I tell you, that

that lord Say hath gelded the commonwealth, and

' made it an eunuch: and more than that, he can

speak French, and therefore he is a traitor.

' Staf. O gross and miserable ignorance!

' Cade. Nay, answer, if you can: The Frenchmen are

our enemies: go to then, I ask but this; Can he,

' that speaks with the tongue of an enemy, be a good

counsellor, or no?

- * All. No, no; and therefore we'll have his head.
- * W. Staf. Well, seeing gentle words will not prevail,
- * Assail them with the army of the king.
 - ' Staf. Herald, away: and, throughout every town,
- Proclaim them traitors that are up with Cade;
- That those, which fly before the battle ends,
- ' May, even in their wives' and children's sight,
- Be hang'd up for example at their doors:
- 'And you, that be the king's friends, follow me.
- [Execut the two Staffords, and Forces.
 - * Cade. And you, that love the commons, follow me.—
- * Now show yourselves men, 'tis for liberty.
- * We will not leave one lord, one gentleman:
- * Spare none, but such as go in clouted shoon;
- * For they are thrifty honest men, and such
- * As would (but that they dare not,) take our parts.
 - * Dick. They are all in order, and march toward us.
- * Cade. But then are we in order, when we are most
- * out of order. Come, march forward. [Exeunt.

SCENE III .- Another part of Blackheath.

Alarums. The two parties enter, and fight, and both the

- ' Cade. Where's Dick, the butcher of Ashford?
- ' Dick. Here, sir.
- ' Cade. They fell before thee like sheep and oxen,
- ' and thou behavedst thyself as if thou hadst been in thine own slaughter-house: therefore thus will I
- reward thee,—The Lent shall be as long again as it
- 'is; and thou shalt have a license to kill for a hundred
- ' lacking one.
 - ' Dick. I desire no more.

- * Cade. And, to speak truth, thou deservest no less.
- * This monument of the victory will I bear; and the
- * bodies shall be dragged at my horse' heels, till I do
- * come to London, where we will have the mayor's
- * sword borne before us.
- * Dick. If we mean to thrive and do good, break * open the gaols, and let out the prisoners.
- * Cade. Fear not that, I warrant thee. Come, let's * march towards London.

SCENE IV .- London. A room in the palace.

Enter King Henry, reading a supplication; the Duke of Buckingham, and Lord Say with him: at a distance, Queen Margaret, mourning over Suffolk's head.

- * Q. Mar. Oft have I heard—that grief softens the mind,
- * And makes it fearful and degenerate;
- * Think therefore on revenge, and cease to weep.
- * But who can cease to weep, and look on this?
- * Here may his head lie on my throbbing breast:
- * But where's the body that I should embrace?
- ' Buck. What answer makes your grace to the rebels' supplication?
 - * K. Hen. I'll send some holy bishop to entreat:
- ' For God forbid, so many simple souls
- ' Should perish by the sword! And I myself,
- ' Rather than bloody war shall cut them short,
- Will parley with Jack Cade their general.-
- But stay, I'll read it over once again.
 - * Q. Mar. Ah, barbarous villains! hath this lovely face
- * Rul'd, like a wandering planet, over me;
- * And could it not enforce them to relent,
- * That were unworthy to behold the same?

- K. Hen. Lord Say, Jack Cade hath sworn to have thy head.
- Say. Ay, but I hope, your highness shall have his K. Hen. How now, madam? Still

Lamenting, and mourning for Suffolk's death?

I fear, my love, if that I had been dead,

Thou wouldest not have mourn'd so much for me.

Q. Mar. No, my love, I should not mourn, but die for thee.

Enter a Messenger.

- * K. Hen. How now! what news? why com'st thou in such haste?
- ' Mess. The rebels are in Southwark; Fly, my lord!
- 4 Jack Cade proclaims himself lord Mortimer,
- Descended from the duke of Clarence' house;
- And calls your grace usurper, openly,
- And vows to crown himself in Westminster.
- ' His army is a ragged multitude
- Of hinds and peasants, rude and merciless:
- ' Sir Humphrey Stafford and his brother's death
- ' Hath given them heart and courage to proceed:
- ' All scholars, lawyers, courtiers, gentlemen,
- 'They call—false caterpillars, and intend their death.
 - * K. Hen. O graceless men! they know not what they do.
 - ' Buck. My gracious lord, retire to Kenelworth,
- ' Until a power be rais'd to put them down.
 - * Q. Mar. Ah! were the duke of Suffolk now alive,
- * These Kentish rebels would be soon appeas'd.
 - ' K. Hen. Lord Say, the traitors hate thee,
- ' Therefore away with us to Kenelworth.
 - ' Say. So might your grace's person be in danger;

- ' The sight of me is odious in their eyes:
- And therefore in this city will I stay,
- ' And live alone as secret as I may.

Enter another Messenger.

- * 2 Mess. Jack Cade hath gotten London-bridge; the citizens
- * Fly and forsake their houses:
- * The rascal people, thirsting after prey,
- * Join with the traitor; and they jointly swear,
- * To spoil the city, and your royal court.
 - * Buck. Then linger not, my lord; away, take horse.
 - * K. Hen. Come, Margaret; God, our hope, will succour us.
 - * Q. Mar. My hope is gone, now Suffolk is deceas'd.
 - * K. Hen. Farewell, my lord; [To Lord SAY.] trust not the Kentish rebels.
 - * Buck. Trust no body, for fear you be betray'd.
 - ' Say. The trust I have is in mine innocence,
- And therefore am I bold and resolute. [Exeunt.

SCENE V .- The same. The tower.

Enter Lord Scales, and others, on the walls. Then enter certain Citizens, below.

Scales. How now? is Jack Cade slain?

1 Cit. No, my lord, nor likely to be slain; for they have won the bridge, killing all those that withstand them: The lord mayor craves aid of your honour from the Tower, to defend the city from the rebels.

Scales. Such aid as I can spare, you shall command; But I am troubled here with them myself, The rebels have assay'd to win the Tower.

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But get you to Smithfield, and gather head, And thither I will send you Matthew Gough: Fight for your king, your country, and your lives; And so farewell, for I must hence again. [Exeunt.

SCENE VI.—The same. Cannon Street.

Enter Jack Cade, and his followers. He strikes his staff on London-stone.

Cade. Now is Mortimer lord of this city. And here, sitting upon London-stone, I charge and command, that, of the city's cost, the pissing-conduit run nothing but claret wine this first year of our reign. And now, henceforward, it shall be treason for any that calls me other than—lord Mortimer.

Enter a Soldier, running.

Sold. Jack Cade! Jack Cade!

Cade. Knock him down there. [They kill him.

* Smith. If this fellow be wise, he'll never call you * Jack Cade more; I think, he hath a very fair warning. Dick. My lord, there's an army gathered together in Smithfield.

Cade. Come then, let's go fight with them: But, first, go and set London-bridge on fire; and, if you can, burn down the Tower too. Come, let's away.

[Exeunt.

SCENE VII.—The same. Smithfield.

Alarum. Enter, on one side, Cade and his Company; on the other, Citizens, and the King's Forces, headed by Matthew Gough. They fight; the Citizens are routed, and Matthew Gough is slain.

Cade. So, sirs:-Now go some and pull down the

Savoy; others to the inns of court; down with them all.

Dick. I have a suit unto your lordship.

Cade. Be it a lordship thou shalt have it for that word.

' Dick. Only, that the laws of England may come ' out of your mouth.

- ' John. Mass, 'twill be sore law then; for he was f thrust in the mouth with a spear, and 'tis not whole
- ' Smith. Nay, John, it will be stinking law; for his breath stinks with eating toasted cheese.
 - ' Cade. I have thought upon it, it shall be so.
- Away, burn all the records of the realm; my mouth ' shall be the parliament of England.
- * John. Then we are like to have biting statutes, * unless his teeth be pulled out. Aside.
- * Cade. And henceforward all things shall be in * common.

Enter a Messenger.

- ' Mess. My lord, a prize, a prize! here's the lord Say, which sold the towns in France; * he that made
- * us pay one and twenty fifteens, and one shilling to
- * the pound, the last subsidy.

Enter George Bevis, with the Lord Say.

- ' Cade. Well, he shall be beheaded for it ten times.-
- Ah, thou say, thou serge, nay, thou buckram lord!
- onow art thou within point-blank of our jurisdiction
- regal. What canst thou answer to my majesty, for
- giving up of Normandy unto monsieur Basimecu, the
- dauphin of France? Be it known unto thee by these
- ' presence, even the presence of lord Mortimer, that

I am the besom that must sweep the court clean of such filth as thou art. Thou hast most traitorously

corrupted the youth of the realm, in erecting a

grammar-school: and whereas, before, our fore-

fathers had no other books but the score and the

tally, thou hast caused printing to be used; and,

contrary to the king, his crown, and dignity, thou hast built a paper-mill. It will be proved to thy face,

hast built a paper-min. It will be proved to thy face

that thou hast men about thee, that usually talk of a noun, and a verb; and such abominable words, as

no Christian ear can endure to hear. Thou hast ap-

pointed justices of peace, to call poor men before

them about matters they were not able to answer.

Moreover, thou hast put them in prison; and because

they could not read, thou hast hanged them; when,

indeed, only for that cause they have been most

worthy to live. Thou dost ride on a foot-cloth, dost

' thou not?

Say. What of that?

Cade. Marry, thou oughtest not to let thy horse wear a cloak, when honester men than thou go in their hose and doublets.

* Dick. And work in their shirt too; as myself, for * example, that am a butcher.

Say. You men of Kent,-

Dick. What say you of Kent?

' Say. Nothing but this: 'Tis bona terra, mala gens.

' Cade. Away with him, away with him! he speaks Latin.

* Say. Hear me but speak, and bear me where you will.

Kent, in the commentaries Cæsar writ,

Is term'd the civil'st place of all this isle:

- ' Sweet is the country, because full of riches;
- 'The people liberal, valiant, active, wealthy;
- ' Which makes me hope you are not void of pity.
- ' I sold not Maine, I lost not Normandy;
- * Yet, to recover them, would lose my life.
- * Justice with favour have I always done;
- * Prayers and tears have mov'd me, gifts could never.
- * When have I aught exacted at your hands,
- * Kent to maintain, the king, the realm, and you?
- * Large gifts have I bestow'd on learned clerks,
- * Because my book preferr'd me to the king:
- * And—seeing ignorance is the curse of God,
- * Knowledge the wing wherewith we fly to heaven,-
- * Unless you be possess'd with devilish spirits,
- * You cannot but forbear to murder me.
- * This tongue hath parley'd unto foreign kings
- * For your behoof,-
 - * Cade. Tut! when struck'st thou one blow in the field?
 - * Say. Great men have reaching hands: oft have I struck
- * Those that I never saw, and struck them dead.
 - * Geo. O monstrous coward! what, to come behind folks?
 - * Say. These cheeks are pale for watching for your good.
- * Cade. Give him a box o'th'ear, and that will make '' 'em red again.
- * Say. Long sitting to determine poor men's causes Hath made me full of sickness and diseases.
- * Cade. Ye shall have a hempen caudle then, and the * pap of a hatchet.
 - ' Dick. Why dost thou quiver, man?
 - Say. The palsy, and not fear, provoketh me.

- ' Cade. Nay, he nods at us; as who should say, I'll be even with you. I'll see if his head will stand steadier
- on a pole, or no: Take him away, and henead him.
 - * Say. Tell me, wherein I have offended most?
- * Have I affected wealth, or honour; speak?
- * Are my chests fill'd up with extorted gold?
- * Is my apparel sumptuous to behold?
- * Whom have I injur'd, that ye seek my death?
- * These hands are free from guiltless blood-shedding,
- * This breast from harbouring foul deceitful thoughts.
- * O, let me live!
 - * Cade. I feel remorse in myself with his words: but
- * I'll bridle it; he shall die, an it be but for pleading
- * so well for his life. Away with him! he has a
- * familiar under his tongue; he speaks not o'God's
- * name. 'Go, take him away, I say, and strike off
- ' his head presently; and then break into his son-
- ' in-law's house, sir James Cromer, and strike off his
- ' head, and bring them both upon two poles hither.
 - ' All. It shall be done.
 - * Say. Ah, countrymen! if when you make your prayers,
- * God should be so obdurate as yourselves,
- * How would it fare with your departed souls?
- * And therefore yet relent, and save my life.
 - * Cade. Away with him, and do as I command ye.

[Exeunt some, with Lord SAY.

- The proudest peer in the realm shall not wear a head
- on his shoulders, unless he pay me tribute; there
- shall not a maid be married, but she shall pay to me
- her maidenhead ere they have it: Men shall hold of me in capite; and we charge and command, that their
- wives be as free as heart can wish, or tongue can tell.

- Dick. My lord, when shall we go to Cheapside, and take up commodities upon our bills?
 - ' Cade. Marry, presently.
 - · All. O brave!

Re-enter Rebels, with the heads of Lord SAY and his son-in-law.

- * Cade. But is not this braver?—Let them kiss one another, for they loved well, when they were alive.
- ' Now part them again, lest they consult about the giving
- up of some more towns in France. Soldiers, defer the
- ' spoil of the city until night: for with these borne before
- ' us, instead of maces, will we ride through the streets;
- and, at every corner, have them kiss.—Away! [Exeunt.

SCENE VIII.—Southwark.

Alarum. Enter CADE, and all his rabblement.

- * Cade. Up Fish-street! down Saint Magnus' corner!
- * kill and knock down! throw them into Thames!—
- * [A parley sounded, then a retreat.] What noise is this
- * I hear? Dare any be so bold to sound retreat or parley,
- * when I command them kill?

Enter Buckingham, and Old Clifford, with Forces.

- ' Buck. Ay, here they be that dare and will disturb thee:
- ' Know, Cade, we come ambassadors from the king
- ' Unto the commons whom thou hast misled;
- ' And here pronounce free pardon to them all,
- That will forsake thee, and go home in peace.
 - ' Clif. What say ye, countrymen? will ye relent,
- ' And yield to mercy, whilst 'tis offer'd you;
- Or let a rabble lead you to your deaths?

- Who loves the king, and will embrace his pardon,
- Fling up his cap, and say—God save his majesty!
- Who hateth him, and honours not his father,
- ' Henry the fifth, that made all France to quake,
- ' Shake he his weapon at us, and pass by.
 - ' All. God save the king! God save the king!
 - ^c Cade. What, Buckingham, and Clifford, are ye so
- brave?—And you, base peasants, do ye believe him? ' will you needs be hanged with your pardons about
- vour necks? Hath my sword therefore broke through
- London Gates, that you should leave me at the White
- ' Hart in Southwark? I thought, ye would never have
- given out these arms, till you had recovered your ancient ' freedom: but you are all recreants, and dastards: and
- ' delight to live in slavery to the nobility. Let them
- break your backs with burdens, take your houses over
- ' your heads, ravish your wives and daughters before
- ' your faces: For me,-I will make shift for one; and
- ' so-God's curse 'light upon you all!
 - ' All. We'll follow Cade, we'll follow Cade.
 - ' Clif. Is Cade the son of Henry the fifth,
- 'That thus you do exclaim—you'll go with him?
- Will he conduct you through the heart of France,
- ' And make the meanest of you earls and dukes?
- ' Alas, he hath no home, no place to fly to;
- ' Nor knows he how to live, but by the spoil,
- ' Unless by robbing of your friends, and us.
- Wer't not a shame, that whilst you live at jar,
- ' The fearful French, whom you late vanquished,
- ' Should make a start o'er seas, and vanquish you?
- ' Methinks, already, in this civil broil,
- I see them lording it in London streets,
- Crying-Villageois! unto all they meet.

- Better, ten thousand base-born Cades miscarry,
- ' Than you should stoop unto a Frenchman's mercy.
- ' To France, to France, and get what you have lost;
- ' Spare England, for it is your native coast:
- ' Henry hath money, you are strong and manly;
- God on our side, doubt not of victory.
 - ' All. A Clifford! a Clifford! we'll follow the king, and Clifford.
- ' Cade. Was ever feather so lightly blown to and fro,
- ' as this multitude? the name of Henry the fifth hales
- them to an hundred mischiefs, and makes them leave me desolate. I see them lay their heads together, to
- * me desolate. I see them lay their heads together, to surprize me: my sword make way for me, for here is
- on staying.—In despight of the devils and hell, have
- through the very midst of you! and heavens and
- honour be witness, that no want of resolution in me.
- but only my followers' base and ignominious treasons,
- makes me betake me to my heels. [Exit.
- ' Buck. What, is he fled? go some, and follow him;
- And he, that brings his head unto the king,
- Shall have a thousand crowns for his reward.—

[Exeunt some of them.

[Exeunt.

- ' Follow me, soldiers; we'll devise a mean
- ' To reconcile you all unto the king.

SCENE IX.—Kenelworth Castle.

Enter King Henry, Queen Margaret, and Somerset, on the terrace of the castle.

- * K. Hen. Was ever king that joy'd an earthly throne,
- * And could command no more content than I?
- * No sooner was I crept out of my cradle,
- * But I was made a king, at nine months old:

- * Was never subject long'd to be a king,
- * As I do long and wish to be a subject.

Enter BUCKINGHAM and CLIFFORD.

- * Buck. Health, and glad tidings, to your majesty!
- * K. Hen. Why, Buckingham, is the traitor, Cade, surpriz'd?
- * Or is he but retir'd to make him strong?

Enter, below, a great number of Cade's Followers, with halters about their necks.

- · Clif. He's fled, my lord, and all his powers do yield;
- " And humbly thus, with halters on their necks,
- Expect your highness' doom, of life, or death.
- ' K. Hen. Then, heaven, set ope thy everlasting gates,
- 'To entertain my vows of thanks and praise!-
- ' Soldiers, this day have you redeem'd your lives,
- ' And show'd how well you love your prince and country:
- ' Continue still in this so good a mind,
- ' And Henry, though he be infortunate,
- ' Assure yourselves, will never be unkind:
- " And so, with thanks, and pardon to you all,
- ' I do dismiss you to your several countries.

 All. God save the king! God save the king!

Enter a Messenger.

- # Mess. Please it your grace to be advértised,
- * The duke of York is newly come from Ireland:
- * And with a puissant and a mighty power,
- * Of Gallowglasses, and stout Kernes,
- * Is marching hitherward in proud array;
- * And still proclaimeth, as he comes along,

- * His arms are only to remove from thee
- ' The duke of Somerset, whom he terms a traitor.
 - * K. Hen. Thus stands my state, 'twixt Cade and York distress'd;
- * Like to a ship, that, having scap'd a tempest,
- * Is straightway colm'd and boarded with a pirate:
- * But now is Cade driven back, his men dispers'd;
- * And now is York in arms to second him.—
- * I pray thee, Buckingham, go forth and meet him;
- * And ask him, what's the reason of these arms.
- * Tell him, I'll send duke Edmund to the Tower;-
- * And, Somerset, we will commit thee thither,
- * Until his army be dismiss'd from him.
 - * Som. My lord,
- * I'll yield myself to prison willingly,
- * Or unto death, to do my country good.
 - * K. Hen. In any case, be not too rough in terms;
- * For he is fierce, and cannot brook hard language.
- * Buck. I will, my lord; and doubt not so to deal,
- * As all things shall redound unto your good.
 - * K. Hen. Come, wife, let's in, and learn to govern better;
- * For yet may England curse my wretched reign. [Exeunt.

SCENE X.-Kent. Iden's garden.

Enter CADE.

- * Cade. Fye on ambition! fye on myself; that have
- * a sword, and yet am ready to famish! These five days
- * have I hid me in these woods; and durst not peep
- * out, for all the country is lay'd for me; but now am
- * I so hungry, that if I might have a lease of my life
- * for a thousand years, I could stay no longer. Where-

- * fore, on a brick-wall have I climbed into this garden:
- * to see if I can eat grass, or pick a sallet another
- * while, which is not amiss to cool a man's stomach
- * this hot weather. And, I think, this word sallet was
- * born to do me good: for, many a time, but for a sallet.
- * my brain-pan had been cleft with a brown bill; and.
- * many a time, when I have been dry, and bravely
- * marching, it hath served me instead of a quart-pot
- * to drink in; and now the word sallet must serve me
- * to feed on.

Enter IDEN, with Servants.

- ' Iden. Lord, who would live turmoiled in the court,
- And may enjoy such quiet walks as these?
- This small inheritance, my father left me,
- ' Contenteth me, and is worth a monarchy.
- ' I seek not to wax great by others' waning;
- Or gather wealth, I care not with what envy;
- ' Sufficeth, that I have maintains my state,
- ' And sends the poor well pleased from my gate.
- ' Cade. Here's the lord of the soil come to seize me for a stray, for entering his fee-simple without leave.
- " Ah, villain, thou wilt betray me, and get a thousand
- crowns of the king for carrying my head to him;
- but I'll make thee eat iron like an ostrich, and swallow ' my sword like a great pin, ere thou and I part.
- 'Iden. Why, rude companion, whatsoe'er thou be,
- I know thee not; Why then should I betray thee?
- Is't rlot enough, to break into my garden,
- ' And, like a thief, to come to rob my grounds,
- " Climbing my walls in spite of me the owner,
- But thou wilt brave me with these saucy terms? Cade. Brave thee? ay, by the best blood that ever

was broached, and beard thee too. Look on me well: I have eat no meat these five days; yet, come thou and thy five men, and if I do not leave you all as dead as a door nail, I pray God, I may never eat grass more.

' Iden. Nay, it shall ne'er be said, while England stands,

That Alexander Iden, an esquire of Kent, Took odds to combat a poor famish'd man.

- ' Oppose thy stedfast-gazing eyes to mine,
- ' See if thou canst outface me with thy looks.
- · Set limb to limb, and thou art far the lesser;
- ' Thy hand is but a finger to my fist;
- 'Thy leg a stick, compared with this truncheon;
- ' My foot shall fight with all the strength thou hast;
- ' And if mine arm be heaved in the air,
- ' Thy grave is digg'd already in the earth.
- ' As for more words, whose greatness answers words,
- ' Let this my sword report what speech forbears.
- * Cade. By my valour, the most complete champion
- * that ever I heard .- 'Steel, if thou turn the edge, or
- ' cut not out the burly-boned clown in chines of beef
- ' ere thou sleep in thy sheath, I beseech God on my
- 'knees, thou mayest be turned to hobnails. [They
- 'fight. CADE falls.] O, I am slain! famine, and no other, hath slain me: let ten thousand devils come
- other, nath stain me: let ten thousand devils come
- ' against me, and give me but the ten meals I have lost,
- and I'd defy them all. Wither, garden; and be henceforth a burying-place to all that do dwell in this
- house, because the unconquered soul of Cade is fled.
 - ' Iden. Is't Cade that I have slain, that monstrous traitor?
- ' Sword, I will hallow thee for this thy deed,
- ' And hang thee o'er my tomb, when I am dead:

- * Ne'er shall this blood be wiped from thy point;
- * But thou shalt wear it as a herald's coat,
- * To emblaze the honour that thy master got.
- ' Cade. Iden, farewell; and be proud of thy victory:
- 'Tell Kent from me, she hath lost her best man, and
- exhort all the world to be cowards; for I, that never
- feared any, am vanquished by famine, not by valour.
 - * Iden. How much thou wrong'st me, heaven be my judge.
- * Die, damned wretch, the curse of her that bare thee!
- * And as I thrust thy body in with my sword,
- * So wish I, I might thrust thy soul to hell.
- ' Hence will I drag thee headlong by the heels
- ' Unto a dunghill, which shall be thy grave,
- ' And there cut off thy most ungracious head;
- Which I will bear in triumph to the king,
- Leaving thy trunk for crows to feed upon.

[Exit, dragging out the body.

ACT V.

SCENE I.—The same. Fields between Dartford and Blackheath.

The King's camp on one side. On the other, enter York attended, with drum and colours: his Forces at some distance.

- York. From Ireland thus comes York, to claim his right,
- And pluck the crown from feeble Henry's head:
- ' Ring, bells, aloud; burn, bonfires, clear and bright,
- ' To entertain great England's lawful king.

Ah, sancta majestas! who would not buy thee dear?

- ' Let them obey, that know not how to rule;
- ' This hand was made to handle nought but gold:
- ' I cannot give due action to my words,
- ' Except a sword, or scepter, balance it.
- ' A scepter shall it have, have I a soul;
- 'On which I'll toss the flower-de-luce of France.

Enter BUCKINGHAM.

- ' Whom have we here? Buckingham, to disturb me?
- ' The king hath sent him, sure: I must dissemble.
 - ' Buck. York, if thou meanest well, I greet thee well.
 - ' York. Humphrey of Buckingham, I accept thy greeting.
- ' Art thou a messenger, or come of pleasure?
 - ' Buck. A messenger from Henry, our dread liege,
- ' To know the reason of these arms in peace;
- ' Or why, thou-being a subject as I am,-

- ' Against thy oath and true allegiance sworn,
- Should'st raise so great a power without his leave,
- Or dare to bring thy force so near the court.
 - ' York. Scarce can I speak, my choler is so great.
- O. I could hew up rocks, and fight with flint,
- ' I am so angry at these abject terms;
- And now, like Ajax Telamonius,
- On sheep or oxen could I spend my fury!
- I am far better born than is the king;
- More like a king, more kingly in my thoughts:
- But I must make fair weather yet a while,
- * Till Henry be more weak, and I more strong.
- O Buckingham, I pr'ythee, pardon me,
- 'That I have given no answer all this while; ' My mind was troubled with deep melancholy.
- ' The cause why I have brought this army hither,
- ' Is-to remove proud Somerset from the king,
- ' Seditious to his grace, and to the state.
 - ' Buck. That is too much presumption on thy part:
- But if thy arms be to no other end,
- ' The king hath yielded unto thy demand;
- 6 The duke of Somerset is in the Tower. York. Upon thine honour, is he prisoner?

Buck. Upon mine honour, he is prisoner.

- ' York. Then, Buckingham, I do dismiss my powers.-
- ' Soldiers, I thank you all; disperse yourselves;
- Meet me to-morrow in Saint George's field,
- ' You shall have pay, and every thing you wish.
- * And let my sovereign, virtuous Henry,
- * Command my eldest son, -nay, all my sons,
- * As pledges of my fealty and love,

- * I'll send them all as willing as I live;
- * Lands, goods, horse, armour, any thing I have

* Is his to use, so Somerset may die.

- ' Buck. York, I commend this kind submission:
- ' We twain will go into his highness' tent.

Enter King HENRY, attended.

- 'K. Her Buckingham, doth York intend no harm to us
- ' That thus he marcheth with thee arm in arm?

* York. In all submission and humility,

- * York doth present himself unto your highness.
 - * K. Hen. Then what intend these forces thou dost bring?
 - ' York. To heave the traitor Somerset from hence;
- ' And fight against that monstrous rebel, Cade,
- Who since I heard to be discomfited.

Enter IDEN, with CADE's head.

- ' Iden. If one so rude, and of so mean condition,
- ' May pass into the presence of a king,
- ' Lo, I present your grace a traitor's head,
- ' The head of Cade, whom I in a combat slew.
 - ' K. Hen. The head of Cade?—Great God, how just art thou!—
- ' O, let me view his visage being dead,
- ' That living wrought me such exceeding trouble.
- 'Tell me, my friend, art thou the man that slew him?
 - ' Iden. I was, an't like your majesty.
 - ' K. Hen. How art thou call'd? and what is thy degree?
 - ' Iden. Alexander Iden, that's my name;
- ' A poor esquire of Kent, that loves his king.
 - * Buck. So please it you, my lord, 'twere not amiss
- * He were created knight for his good service.

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- ' K. Hen. Iden, kneel down; [He kneels.] Rise up a knight.
- We give thee for reward a thousand marks;
- And will, that thou henceforth attend on us.
 - ' Iden. May Iden live to merit such a bounty,
- And never live but true unto his liege!
 - ' K. Hen. See, Buckingham! Somerset comes with the queen;
- ' Go, bid her hide him quickly from the duke.

Enter Queen MARGARET and SOMERSET.

- Q. Mar. For thousand Yorks he shall not hide his head,
- But boldly stand, and front him to his face.
 - ' York. How now! Is Somerset at liberty?
- ' Then, York, unloose thy long-imprison'd thoughts,
- And let thy tongue be equal with thy heart.
- Shall I endure the sight of Somerset?
- False king! why hast thou broken faith with me,
- Knowing how hardly I can brook abuse?
- ' King did I call thee? no, thou art not king;
- ' Not fit to govern and rule multitudes,
- Which dar'st not, no, nor canst not rule a traitor.
- ' That head of thine doth not become a crown;
- ' Thy hand is made to grasp a palmer's staff,
- ' And not to grace an awful princely scepter.
- ' That gold must round engirt these brows of mine;
- ' Whose smile and frown, like to Achilles' spear,
- ' Is able with the change to kill and cure.
- ' Here is a hand to hold a scepter up,
- ' And with the same to act controlling laws.
- ' Give place; by heaven, thou shalt rule no more
- O'er him, whom heaven created for thy ruler.

- · Som. O monstrous traitor!—I arrest thee, York,
- Of capital treason 'gainst the king and crown:
- * Obey, audacious traitor; kneel for grace.
 - * York. Would'st have me kneel? first let me ask of these.
- * If they can brook I bow a knee to man.-
- * Sirrah, call in my sons to be my bail;

[Exit an Attendant.

- * I know, ere they will have me go to ward,
- * They'll pawn their swords for my enfranchisement.
 Q. Mar. Call hither Clifford; bid him come amain,
- * To say, if that the bastard boys of York
- * Shall be the surety for their traitor father.
 - * York. O blood-bespotted Neapolitan,
- * Outcast of Naples, England's bloody scourge!
- ' The sons of York, thy betters in their birth,
- ' Shall be their father's bail; and bane to those
- ' That for my surety will refuse the boys.

Enter Edward and Richard Plantagenet, with Forces, at one side; at the other, with Forces also, Old Clifford and his son.

- * See, where they come; I'll warrant they'll make it good.
 - * Q. Mar. And here comes Clifford, to deny their bail.
 - ' Clif. Health and all happiness to my lord the king!
 [Kneels.
 - ' York. I thank thee, Clifford: Say, what news with thee?
- ' Nay, do not fright us with an angry look:
- ' We are thy sovereign, Clifford, kneel again;
- For thy mistaking so, we pardon thee.

- ' Clif. This is my king, York, I do not mistake;
- But thou mistak'st me much, to think I do:-
- To bedlam with him! Is the man grown mad?
 - K. Hen. Ay, Clifford; a bedlam and ambitious humour
- Makes him oppose himself against his king.
 - ' Clif. He is a traitor; let him to the Tower,
- And chop away that factious pate of his.
 - ' Q. Mar. He is arrested, but will not obey;
- His sons, he says, shall give their words for him.
 - ' York. Will you not, sons?
 - Edw. Ay, noble father, if our words will serve.
 - ' Rich. And if words will not, then our weapons shall.
 - * Clif. Why, what a brood of traitors have we here!
 - * York. Look in a glass, and call thy image so;
- * I am thy king, and thou a false-heart traitor.-
- Call hither to the stake my two brave bears,
- * That, with the very shaking of their chains,
- * They may astonish these fell lurking curs;
- * Bid Salisbury, and Warwick, come to me.

Drums. Enter WARWICK and SALISBURY, with Forces.

- ' Clif. Are these thy bears? we'll bait thy bears to death,
- ' And manacle the bear-ward in their chains,
- ' If thou dar'st bring them to the baiting-place.
 - * Rich. Oft have I seen a hot o'erweening cur
- * Run back and bite, because he was withheld;
- * Who, being suffer'd with the bear's fell paw,
- * Hath clapp'd his tail between his legs, and cry'd:
- * And such a piece of service will you do,
- * If you oppose yourselves to match lord Warwick.

- * Clif. Hence, heap of wrath, foul indigested lump,
- * As crooked in thy manners as thy shape!
 - * York. Nay, we shall heat you thoroughly anon.
 - * Clif. Take heed, lest by your heat you burn your-selves.
 - * K. Hen. Why, Warwick, hath thy knee forgot to
- * Old Salisbury,-shame to thy silver hair,
- * Thou mad misleader of thy brain-sick son!-
- * What, wilt thou on thy death-bed play the ruffian,
- * And seek for sorrow with thy spectacles?
- * O, where is faith? O, where is loyalty?
- * If it be banish'd from the frosty head,
- * Where shall it find a harbour in the earth?-
- * Wilt thou go dig a grave to find out war,
- * And shame thine honourable age with blood?
- * Why art thou old, and want'st experience?
- * Or wherefore dost abuse it, if thou hast it?
- * For shame! in duty bend thy knee to me,
- * That bows unto the grave with mickle age.
 - * Sal. My lord, I have consider'd with myself
- * The title of this most renowned duke;
- * And in my conscience do repute his grace
- * The rightful heir to England's royal seat.
 - * K. Hen. Hast thou not sworn allegiance unto me?
 - * Sal. I have.
 - * K. Hen. Canst thou dispense with heaven for such an oath?
 - * Sal. It is great sin, to swear unto a sin;
- * But greater sin, to keep a sinful oath.
- * Who can be bound by any solemn vow
- * To do a murderous deed, to rob a man,
- * To force a spotless virgin's chastity,

- * To reave the orphan of his patrimony,
- * To wring the widow from her custom'd right;
- * And have no other reason for this wrong,
- * But that he was bound by a solemn oath?
 - * Q. Mar. A subtle traitor needs no sophister.
 - ' K. Hen. Call Buckingham, and bid him arm himself.
 - ' York. Call Buckingham, and all the friends thou hast,
- ' I am resolv'd for death, or dignity.
 - ' Clif. The first I warrant thee, if dreams prove true.
- ' War. You were best to go to bed, and dream again, To keep thee from the tempest of the field.

Clif. I am resolv'd to bear a greater storm,
Than any thou canst conjure up to-day;
And that I'll write upon thy burgonet,
Might I but know thee by thy household badge.

War. Now, by my father's badge old Nevil's crest, The rampant bear chain'd to the ragged staff, This day I'll wear aloft my burgonet, (As on a mountain-top the cedar shows, That keeps his leaves in spite of any storm,) Even to affright thee with the view thereof.

Clif. And from thy burgonet I'll rend thy bear, And tread it under foot with all contempt,

- ' Despight the bear-ward that protects the bear.
- ' Y. Clif. And so to arms, victorious father, 'To quell the rebels, and their 'complices.
- Rich. Fye! charity, for shame! speak not in spite, For you shall sup with Jesu Christ to-night.
 - ' Y. Clif. Foulstigmatick, that's more than thou canst tell.
 - * Rich. If not in heaven, you'll surely sup in hell.

 [Exeunt severally.

SCENE II.—Saint Albans.

Alarums: excursions. Enter WARWICK.

War. Clifford of Cumberland, 'tis Warwick calls! And if thou dost not hide thee from the bear, Now,—when the angry trumpet sounds alarm, And dead men's cries do fill the empty air,—Clifford, I say, come forth and fight with me! Proud northern lord, Clifford of Cumberland, Warwick is hoarse with calling thee to arms.

Enter YORK.

- How now, my noble lord? what, all a-foot?
 - ' York. The deadly-handed Clifford slew my steed;
- But match to match I have encounter'd him,
- And made a prey for carrion kites and crows
- Even of the bonny beast he lov'd so well.

Enter CLIFFORD.

War. Of one or both of us the time is come.
 York. Hold, Warwick, seek thee out some other chace,

For I myself must hunt this deer to death.

War. Then, nobly, York; 'tis for a crown thou fight'st.—

As I intend, Clifford, to thrive to-day, It grieves my soul to leave thee unassail'd.

Exit WARWICK.

' Clif. What seest thou in me, York? why dost thou pause?

- ' York. With thy brave bearing should I be in love,
- But that thou art so fast mine enemy.
 - ' Clif. Nor should thy prowess want praise and esteem,
- ' But that 'tis shown ignobly, and in treason.
 - ' York. So let it help me now against thy sword,
- ' As I in justice and true right express it!
 - ' Clif. My soul and body on the action both!-
 - ' York. A dreadful lay!—address thee instantly.
 - [They fight, and CLIFFORD falls.
 Clif. La fin couronne les oeuvres.
 [Dies.
 - ' York. Thus war hath given thee peace, for thou art still.
- · Peace with his soul, heaven, if it be thy will! [Exit.

Enter young CLIFFORD.

- * Y. Clif. Shame and confusion! all is on the rout;
- * Fear frames disorder, and disorder wounds
- * Where it should guard. O war, thou son of hell,
- * Whom angry heavens do make their minister,
- * Throw in the frozen bosoms of our part
- * Hot coals of vengeance!-Let no soldier fly:
- * He that is truly dedicate to war,
- * Hath no self-love; nor he, that loves himself,
- * Hath not essentially, but by circumstance,
- * The name of valour.—O, let the vile world end, [Seeing his dead father.
- * And the premised flames of the last day
- * Knit earth and heaven together!
- * Now let the general trumpet blow his blast,
- * Particularities and petty sounds
- * To cease!-Wast thou ordain'd, dear father,
- * To lose thy youth in peace, and to achieve

- * The silver livery of advised age;
- * And, in thy reverence, and thy chair-days, thus
- * To die in ruffian battle?-Even at this sight,
- * My heart is turn'd to stone: and, while 'tis mine,
- * It shall be stony. York not our old men spares;
- * No more will I their babes: tears virginal
- * Shall be to me even as the dew to fire;
- * And beauty, that the tyrant oft reclaims,
- * Shall to my flaming wrath be oil and flax.
- * Henceforth, I will not have to do with pity:
- * Meet I an infant of the house of York,
- * Into as many gobbets will I cut it,
- * As wild Medea young Absyrtus did:
- * In cruelty will I seek out my fame.
- ' Come, thou new ruin of old Clifford's house;

[Taking up the body.

- · As did Æneas old Anchises bear,
- ' So bear I thee upon my manly shoulders;
- * But then Æneas bare a living load,
- * Nothing so heavy as these woes of mine. [Exit.

Enter RICHARD PLANTAGENET and SOMERSET, fighting, and SOMERSET is killed.

Rich. So, lie thou there;—

- ' For, underneath an alehouse' paltry sign, The Castle in Saint Albans, Somerset
- Hath made the wizard famous in his death.—
- * Sword, hold thy temper; heart, be wrathful still:
- * Priests pray for enemies, but princes kill. [Erit.

Alarums: excursions. Enter King Henry, Queen Mar-Garet, and others, retreating.

Q. Mar. Away, my lord! you are slow; for shame, away!

* K. Hen. Can we outrun the heavens? good Margaret, stay.

- * Q. Mar. What are you made of? you'll not fight, nor fly:
- * Now is it manhood, wisdom, and defence,
- * To give the enemy way; and to secure us
- * By what we can, which can no more but fly.

[Alarum afar off.

- * If you be ta'en, we then should see the bottom
- * Of all our fortunes: but if we haply scape,
- * (As well we may, if not through your neglect,)
- * We shall to London get; where you are lov'd;
- * And where this breach, now in our fortunes made,

* May readily be stopp'd.

Enter Young CLIFFORD.

- * Y. Clif. But that my heart's on future mischief set,
- * I would speak blasphemy ere bid you fly;
- * But fly you must; uncurable discomfit
- * Reigns in the hearts of all our present parts.
- * Away, for your relief! and we will live
- * To see their day, and them our fortune give:
- * Away, my lord, away! [Exeunt.

SCENE III. - Fields near Saint Albans.

- Alarum: retreat. Flourish; then enter YORK, RICHARD PLANTAGENET, WARWICK, and Soldiers, with drum and colours.
 - ' York. Of Salisbury, who can report of him;
- * That winter lion, who, in rage, forgets
- * Aged contusions and all brush of time;
- * And, like a gallant in the brow of youth,
- * Repairs him with occasion? this happy day
- * Is not itself, nor have we won one foot,
- * If Salisbury be lost.
 - ' Rich. My noble father,
- ' Three times to-day I holp him to his horse,
- 'Three times bestrid him, thrice I led him off,
- ' Persuaded him from any further act:
- ' But still, where danger was, still there I met him,
- * And like rich hangings in a homely house,
- * So was his will in his old feeble body.
- * But, noble as he is, look where he comes.

Enter Salisbury.

- ' Sal. Now, by my sword, well hast thou fought today;
- ' By th' mass, so did we all.—I thank you, Richard:
- ' God knows, how long it is I have to live;
- ' And it hath pleas'd him, that three times to-day
- ' You have defended me from imminent death.-
- * Well, lords, we have not got that which we have:
- * 'Tis not enough our foes are this time fled,
- * Being opposites of such repairing nature.
 - ' York. I know, our safety is to follow them;

' For, as I hear, the king is fled to London,

'To call a present court of parliament.

Let us pursue him, ere the writs go forth:-

What says lord Warwick? shall we after them?

War. After them! nay, before them, if we can.

Now by my faith, lords, 'twas a glorious day:

Saint Albans' battle, won by famous York,

Shall be eterniz'd in all age to come.—

Sound, drums and trumpets;—and to London all:

And more such days as these to us befall! [Exeunt

END OF VOL. VII.











